# **BROADWAY 1602 EVELYNE AXELL**

# **BROADWAY 1602**

1181 BROADWAY FLOOR 3
NEW YORK NY 10001
T+1 212 481 0262

GALLERY@BROADWAY1602.COM WWW.BROADWAY1602.COM WWW.facebook.com/Broadway1603 Front Cover Valentine, 1966 Oil on canvas, gold leaf spray paint with zipper and helme 133 x 83 cm (52 %" x 32 %"

## **BROADWAY 1602**

### **EVELYNE AXELL**

**EXPERIMENTS IN ART AND TECHNOLOGY (E.A.T.) ARCHIVE** SYLVIA PALACIOS WHITMAN MARK ALEXANDER **BABETTE MANGOLTE** PAUL P. **PENNY SLINGER ROSEMARIE CASTORO DEVIN LEONARDI** NICOLA L. **MARGARETE JAKSCHIK ANNA MOLSKA XANTI SCHAWINSKY ZOFIA RYDET EDWARD KRASINKSI & EUSTACHY KOSSAKOWSKI** LENORA DE BARROS **GINA PANE** 

# **EVELYNE AXELL**



Evelyne Axell (1935-72) invented a genuine proto-feminist perspective on Pop Art in the 1960s and early 70s. Axell's work pioneered the art world of her time. Today she is regarded one of the most outstanding women in Pop Art, her work being a classic of the period.

Axell had started her career as an acclaimed theater and film actress in the New Wave and as a screenwriter in Paris and Brussels. In 1963 she was the female lead in *Le Crocodile en peluche*, directed by her husband, the filmmaker Jean Antoine.



La Belle Endormie ("Sleeping Beauty"), 1971 Felt tip pen on cut paper and collaged on green paper  $57 \times 81$  cm (22 1/2" x  $31 \frac{7}{8}$ ")

Left: *Axell-Eration*, 1965 Oil on canvas 52.5 x 63.5 cm (20 %" x 25")



Film Still from Le Crocodile en peluche, 1963

The film presented a daring subject for the time: the problems of a couple in which one partner is white and the other black. Inspired by Jean Antoine's documentaries on the emerging Pop Art and the New Realism movements (e.g. his film L'Ecole de New York including women artists Marisol, Lee Bontecou and Yayoi Kusama), Axell decided to give up her acting career to become a painter. She approached Surrealist René Magritte, a friend of the family, who became her tutor. Only a year later, in 1964, she emerged as a uniquely matured painter engaging strongly with Pop Art's tropes and style while introducing a distinctively female perspective.

An early series of paintings of cars with their suggestive ignition switches and gas pedals - shows Axell already equating active female sexuality with political and personal empowerment.

> Anne Doran Art in America 2012





La Clef de contact rose, 1966 Oil on canvas 99 x 99 cm (38 ½" x 38 ½")

Changement de vitesse, 1965 Oil on canvas and wood frame 102 x 102 cm (40 1/8" x 40 1/8")

Axell developed a repertoire of erotically provocative motifs. Her central interest was already fully realized in her early oil paintings *Erotomobiles* (1964-65). By this time she had shortened her name to the gender-neutral "Axell".





Auto-stop, 1965 Oil on canvas 98 x 146 cm (38 %" x 57 1/2")

Axell painted enamel on these contour-cut sheets and mounted them on background panels to create low-relief images. With the bright colors, new materials, intense surface qualities and upfront sexual imagery, Axell's work met the immediacy of Pop Art.

There is a tender yet radical vision of surrealism in her work - opening a new dimension of style which still today is unparalleled. Her work has in recent years been coined Pop-surrealist.

...in her paintings of women

taking pleasure in their sexuality, Axell suggests that the freedom to do so might be related to the creation of a more sustainable, more egalitarian works order. This alone is a great reason to resurrect and celebrate her art.



A. Doran



Portrait of Yael Dayan, 1969 Enamel on Formica and wood frame 60 x 51 cm (23 5/8" x 20 1/8")

Right: L'Irlandaise (autoportrait), 1969 Enamel on Plexiglas fixed on aluminum board 66.5 x 42 cm (26 1/8" x 16 1/2")

Axell was in close exchange with the critic Pierre Restany, advocate of the Nouveau Réalisme, Marcel Broodthaers, Pauline Boty, Alina Szapocznikow, Marcel Duchamp and Arturo Schwarz, among many others. In 1969 Pierre Restany had declared Axell's works icons of the "sexual revolution in art". The women portrayed in Axell's world are evocative and self-contained. Axell claimed female sexuality as her own to escape the mass media objectification of her male Pop Art contemporaries. While appropriating Pop eroticism she simultaneously transformed her nudes into images of the conscious yet ethereal presence.

In "Les Opalines", her group of female portraits from 1969, interlocking shapes of flat color look as if they have been roughly drawn, cut out, and then sandwiched between layers of Plexiglas.

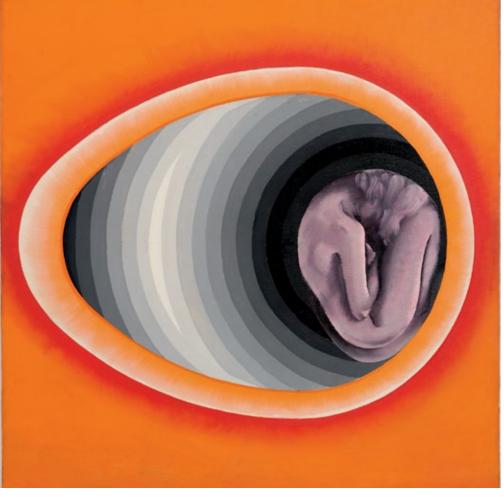


The resulting pileup of milky polymer evokes the creaminess of skin and gives the entire series a kind of industrial-strength poetry."

Carrie Moyer ARTFORUM, 2010



La Fille de feu, 1967-1968 Enamel on wood and plasticbased resin (Clartex) board 120 x 110 cm (47 ¼" x 43 ¼")



Seule, une femme / Le Timide Embryon, 1965 Oil on canvas 100 x 100 cm (39 %" x 39 %")



In the mid 1960s a female vision of the Space Age became one of Axell's leading subjects. The context of space travel was prominently fashioned by the majority of Pop Artists at the time (Richard Hamilton, Robert Rauschenberg and many others). Axell saw an emancipatory potential in the space travel theme.





In 1966 she created the assemblage painting Valentine, - a homage to the first female cosmonaut and Communist hero Valentina Tereshkova. The idealized white female silhouette has a zipper on her body representing the space suit. Next to the Space nude the artist attached an astronaut helmet (a toy helmet of her son) on the canvas. (See Cover)

In 1969 Axell organized a happening at Foncke Gallery in Ghent bringing into the crowd a young woman wearing nothing but an astronaut helmet disguising her identity.

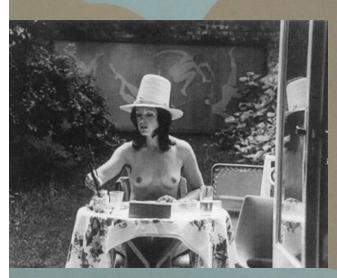
Against the background of languorous music Axell then redressed her model, starting with her stockings, panties, and bra, with a sensuality that sent the audience into ecstasy, divinely seductive like a reversed striptease. The evening ended with a stormy debate led by Pierre Restany on "Sexual Revolution in Art".

In the same year Axell started to experiment with new plastic materials to progress the possibilities of her paintings to an ultra modern futuristic level she coined "The Age of Plastic."

She cut canvasses in the shapes of nudes wearing helmets arranged as a chorus of females flying freely in space -reminiscent of Matisse's gouaches découpés. She sank these canvas sheets in a newly invented plastic matter in a factory in Belgium. The result was the translucent mural size painting THE GREAT JOURNEY TO OUTER SPACE, its composition transfixed in plastic. The piece was first installed outdoors in the artist's garden.



Cercle Vicieux / Sans titre, 1969 Enamel on Plexiglas fixed on board ø 100.5 cm (ø 39 5/8")



Axell in her garden, c. 1965

...a tondo
featuring a rare
male figure, nude
and sporting
an erection,
in free-fall, a
consort, perhaps,
for Axell's
emancipated
female
psychonaut."

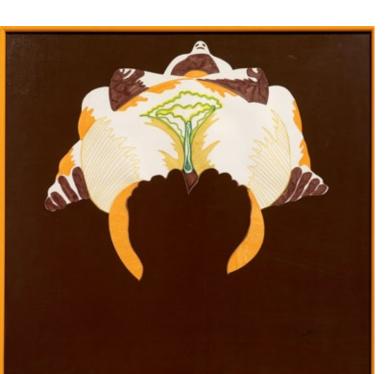


Seen within the context of Modernism, beginning with Gauguin's views of Tahiti and including Wesselman's Great American Nude series, Axell's views challenge the paradigm of woman as territory to be colonized or a willing subject of male fantasy... Her figures are in complete control and uncontrollable - the painted frames underscore this latter aspect.

John Yau, 2009

La Chute D'Eau (The Waterfall), 1972 Enamel on Plexiglas Formica fixed on wood panel 102 x 82.5 cm (40 1/8" x 32 1/2")





Shortly before her untimely death in 1972, Axell reached a pivotal stage of her work with her 'Paradise Circle'. She began portraying her solitary females in a utopian setting of dense jungle landscapes with exotic vegetation, idyllic waterfalls and rare animals. The artist made this elegiac vision of nature untouched by environmental destruction a hidden realm for the free enjoyment of female desire.

Le Val Vert (The green valley),1971 Felt-tip pen on cut paper and collage on black paper 67 x 70.5 cm (26 3/8" x 27 3/4")



Enamel on Plexiglas and Formica 104 x 128 cm (40 ½" x 50 ¾")

I was surprised and delighted, on a visit to the "Elles" exhibition at the Centre Pompidou...to find myself confronting a large and striking work, "Le Retour de Tarzan of 1972", by Evelyne Axell, one of the major artists figuring in the present show.

Linda Nochlin, in Seductive Subversion: Women Pop Artists 1958-1968

### **EVELYNE AXELL**

Born in 1935, Namur, Belgium Died in 1972, Belgium

### **SELECTED EXHIBITIONS**

2016 The World Goes Pop, Pinacoteca do Estado de São Paulo, Brazil International Pop, Philadelphia Museum of Art, USA 2015 The World Goes Pop, Tate Modern, London U.K. International Pop, Walker Art Center, Minneapolis, and Dallas Museum of Art, USA 2014 Femminilità Radicale, Gucci Museo, Florence, Italy 2013 GLAM! The performance of Style, Tate Liverpool, UK - Schirn Kunsthalle, Frankfurt, Germany -LENTOS Kunstmuseum, Linz, Switzerland Pop Art Design, Barbican Art Gallery, London, UK 2012 EVELYNE AXELL. THE GREAT JOURNEY INTO SPACE, BROADWAY 1602, NY 2011 AXELLERATION, Museum Abteiberg, Monchengladbach, Germany La terre est ronde, Kunstverein, Hamburg, Germany 2010 POWER UP! Female Pop Art, Kunsthalle Wien, Vienna, Austria Evelyne Axell, images contestataires, WIELS, Brussels, Belgium

Seductive Subversion: Women Pop Artists 1958-

2009 AXELL'S PARADISE. Last works (1971-72) before

she vanished, BROADWAY 1602, NY

Musées Royaux des Beaux Arts de Belgium, Brussels

Le Provinciaal Musuem voor Moderne Kunst, Oostende,

Brooklyn Museum, NY

**PUBLIC COLLECTIONS** 

Centre Pompidou, Paris

Belgium

Musee D'Ixelles, Brussels, Belgium Le Plasticarium, Brussels, Belgium

1968, Rosenwald-Wolf Gallery, Philadelphia and

Gallerist Anke Kempkes

Director Aniko Erdosi

Head Archivist Lauren Pascarella

Assistant Archivist Odyssea Rigau

Publication and Design Stephanie Marie Garcia

© ARS NEW YORK and BROADWAY1602 PUBLICATIONS New York, 2014