



# MAT COLLISHAW

All works © Mat Collishaw

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Francisco de Zurbarán The Veil of Veronica 1631 Oil on canvas 70 × 51.5cm (27.6 × 20.3in)

# Pages 6–7 The Garden of Unearthly Delights 2009 Steel, aluminium, plaster, resin, LED lights, motor $179 \times 200 \times 200$ cm without guard $179 \times 385 \times 385$ cm with guard (200cm is the diameter of the actual zoetrope disc)

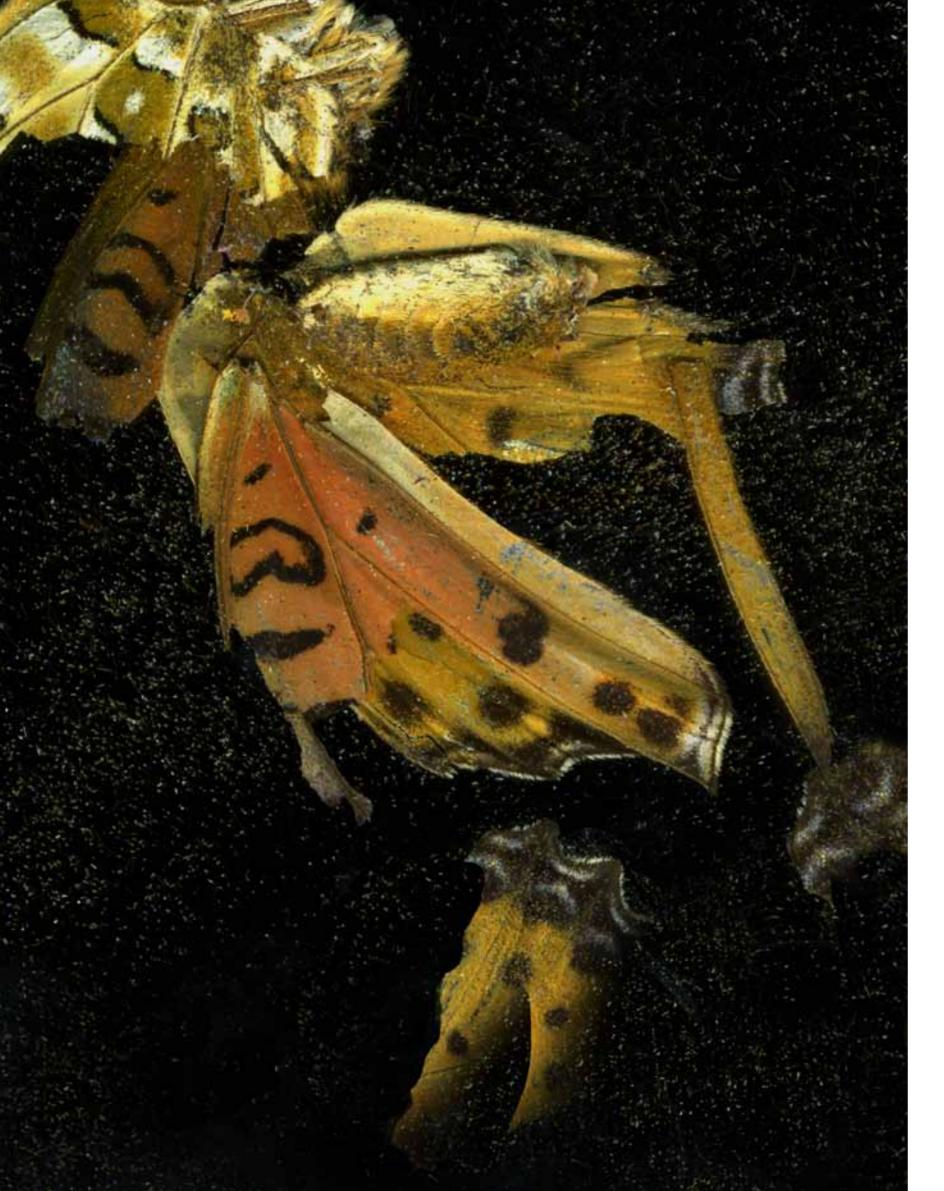
## Foreword

## Mario Codognato

Blain|Southern is extremely proud to present this publication, which surveys Mat Collishaw's artistic career, spanning over two decades. It aims to reflect both the diverse spectrum and the consistent nature of his œuvre. The publication accompanies the opening of a solo exhibition at the gallery, this is not an exit, for which Collishaw has created 15 large-scale paintings.

Throughout his career Collishaw has explored many materials, but painting has not featured within his work for over twenty years. Similar to a number of contemporary artists, just as consumed with pushing the boundaries of contemporary media, Collishaw has always considered himself a painter. One could view this exhibition as the pinnacle of Collishaw's drive to constantly reinvent and reimagine art historical precedents. He believes that art depicts the contradictions of modern life, like a fresco on both the positive potential and the darkness of human action, at the same time focusing on the inscrutable irrationality of nature. Within these canvases desire and self-destruction, illusion and vice, knowledge and oblivion pursue each other in a vicious circle. In this sense, Collishaw shows true art rewriting the world through mimesis, abstraction and the application of linguistic concepts, or indeed, through the transposition of archetypes. Through the language of modernism and the sensuality of paint, he links all of these together; exposing today's reality and the weight of history, the subconscious and the archaic, the tradition of art and its negation. Another series of work, Last Meal on Death Row, further epitomizes this weft of potentials and charges. Notoriously, by law in the United States condemned prisoners on death row can order anything they desire for their final meal. This order can be seen as the last macabre occasion of granting the prisoner some sort of free will; portraying simultaneously a socio-political cross-section of the world's first economic power and implicitly exposing the journey through the psychological state of isolation and anxiety in which a prisoner is placed, waiting, sometimes decades, for his or her own coerced end. The photographs, reminiscent of 17th century Dutch still lifes, create a conceptual time warp; making use of the aura and the supposed authority of art history to express a contemporary concern. As with most of Collishaw's œuvre, the displacement of time contributes to a reading which is contemporaneously universal, critically historic and gravely ironic. In most Latin languages the phrase 'still life' is translated as nature morte, which means literally 'dead nature', implying not so much the stillness of something living, which photography can easily portray, but rather the inevitable death of all living things. In this case it is a metonymy for the fate of the condemned, decided by the state rather than nature.

Harry Blain, Graham Southern and I are incredibly grateful to a great number of people who have assisted in this publication, designed with creative skill by Praline. We are indebted to Sue Hubbard for her illuminating essay on Mat's work, interpreted from such an original and profound angle, and to Rachel Campbell-Johnston for her interview with the artist, which gives a fresh insight into his practice and life. Thanks also to my colleagues Rebecca Davies, Jessica Watts and Eloise Maxwell, who have managed the editorial of this publication with attention to detail from beginning to end.



## A Terrible Beauty Sue Hubbard

He, too, has resigned his part
In the casual comedy;
He, too, has been changed in his turn,
Transformed utterly:
A terrible beauty is born.

Extract from 'Easter', 1916 W B Yeats

When we meet to discuss Mat Collishaw's work we have to decamp from the pub in Camberwell, which is both his studio and stylish home, to a local café, as his apartment has been let out to a well-known London store for a shoot, and is full of rampaging children. But before we leave he shows me his new paintings. At first glance they appear to be abstract, constructed on a modernist grid, though the lines are in fact folds, creases left in the small square wraps of paper used to sell cocaine. These wraps have been torn from glossy magazines; adverts for Fendi and Gucci, a woman's foot in a high-heeled shoe resting on a glass table. The subtext seems to be that these aspirational trappings are the spectral presence of an endless illusion that functions much like an addiction to drugs. You're always left wanting more. The work is about debasement, the debasement of modernist painting as a form, as well as the recent financial excesses that have led to the current economic crisis. This tension between the beautiful and the abject is central to all of Collishaw's work; between the promise of a possible paradise and the profane. As the Marquis de Sade once said: 'There is no better way to know death than to link it with some licentious image'.

With his big beard and soft Nottingham vowels, there's more than a touch of DH Lawrence's Oliver Mellors about Collishaw. He may have been to Goldsmiths and be part of the YBA generation and have lived with Tracey Emin, but there remains something of the outsider about him. There's no doubt that he should be more well known than he is, having made one of the signature pieces, *Bullet Hole* (1988) [pages 22–23], for Damien Hirst's *Freeze* exhibition nearly 20 years ago. However, his work has always favoured emotional complexity and philosophical resonance over ironic insouciance, and then there's been his wild lifestyle.

The Jesuits used to say that if you gave them a child for seven years they'd show you the man. But in Collishaw's case it wasn't priestly influence that cemented his youthful experience but the Christadelphians – a 19th century fundamentalist Christian sect that traces its origins back to one John Thomas who, in 1832, following a near shipwreck on the way to America, dedicated himself to God through personal Biblical study. For Collishaw this meant growing up without a television or Christmas celebrations, in a home where the Bible was read nightly. One of four boys, his father, a dental technician, is a keen photographer with a penchant for taking pictures of flowers. Attending the local comprehensive, Collishaw didn't take part in morning assembly; left to his own devices he'd distract himself by walking round the classroom with his satchel on his head, or drawing. A shy boy, his artistic ability became a way of commanding respect. As many young people do, he spent time flirting with alternative religions, but his discovery of Darwin opened up a plethora of questions about the nature of

Page 10
Insecticide 35 (detail)
2011
C-type photographic print
182 × 182cm (71.62 × 71.62in)



Richard Dadd Titania Sleeping (detail) c.1841 Oil on canvas 64×77cm (25.2×30.3in)

Wilhelm von Gloeden Young Male Nude against Wall c.1900 Photograph on glass plate

belief. Later, he migrated to the library and discovered Dadaism and Surrealism. Like portals into a forbidden world, they showcased previously inconceivable ideas relating to aesthetics, desire, sexuality and the unconscious.

In the 19th century a tense debate between religion and science characterised the era. Natural history and the collecting of specimens were seen as ways of ordering and codifying the world. The Wunderkammer, or 'cabinet of curiosities', had been a Renaissance device containing types of objects for which the classifications were yet to be defined, but the Victorians used them to categorise objects as belonging either to natural history (created by God) or religious and historical relics and works of art (made by man). Entomology was a passion for the Victorians, and lepidoptery a particularly popular pursuit, but the border between real and bogus sciences such as spiritualism and phrenology was thin. Fairy painting was very close to the centre of the Victorian subconscious, framing many of the opposing elements in the 19th century psyche; the desire to escape the harsh realities of daily existence; the burgeoning new attitudes towards sex that were stifled by religion; a passion for the unseen, mirrored in the birth of psychoanalysis and the proliferation of spiritualism; a suspicion of the new art of photography; and a deep fear of, yet fascination with, miscegenation between different races, classes and species. This palimpsest of attitudes, with its repressions and voyeuristic tendencies, where desire was veiled behind an idealised surface, is territory that Mat Collishaw shares with the Victorian sensibility.

In 1917, two cousins, 10-year-old Frances Griffiths and 16-year-old Elsie Wright, produced photographs showing them in the company of fairies and gnomes in a glen in Cottingley. Their mother gave the photos to Edward L Gardner of the then-popular Theosophical Society. Through Gardner, the story reached Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, who had become obsessed with spiritualism after the death of his son. Conan Doyle encouraged Gardner to give cameras to the girls, in the hope that they'd come up with new fairy portraits. The cousins produced three new photos which were accepted as genuine by Conan Doyle, who wrote about them in The Strand magazine. As claims and counterclaims about the pictures' authenticity flew around, they became the centre of one of the greatest science vs. superstition controversies of the early 20th century. In the 1990s Mat Collishaw came across the Cottingley fairy books. His own Catching Fairies (1996) [pages 48-51], shows him crouching in a murky East London canal in the guise of a fairy catcher trying to ensnare the uncatchable. In Duty Free Spirits (1997) [page 81], three cherubic tots stand in an abundant garden of saturated Pre-Raphaelite colour looking at a dead robin, which they might or might not have killed. There's something obsessive and darkly malevolent about the image, which is reminiscent of Richard Dadd, the schizophrenic Victorian fairy painter incarcerated in Bedlam for the murder of his father. In Collishaw's exhibition Shooting Stars (2008), at Haunch of Venison, he used images culled from old photographs and books of Victorian child prostitutes in vulnerable, yet alluring poses, which he projected onto the gallery walls to disturbing and dreamlike effect. Fired onto phosphorescent paint, the images flared briefly before slowly fading from view, thus suggesting the children's brief lives, blighted by violence and sexually transmitted diseases.

There have been many other controversial images; a girl lashed to a cross; seminaked pre-pubescent boys after Von Gloeden, whose images utilised the context of classical antiquity in order to circumvent the censorship laws of the time;



Photographer unknown 19th century Photograph Collection of Danny Moynihan



Mat Collishaw Spirit on the Water 2008 Silver plated copper daguerreotype, glass, birch wood, black lambskin, leather, brass, velvet  $21.6 \times 26.7 \times 2.5$ cm  $(8.5 \times 10.5 \times 1\text{in})$ 

crushed butterflies with velvety wings and smeared juices, suggesting something both sadistic and sexual and photos of exotic lilies and amaryllis, their beautiful blooms riddled with pustules from sexually transmitted diseases – Collishaw's own version of Baudelaire's *Les Fleurs du Mals*. The pull is always between the Dionysian and the Apollonian, the ego and the id, between metamorphosis, transformation and decay. As with the Pre-Raphaelites there's always a dark underbelly, an ever-present flirtation with destruction, decadence and death. Beauty, as Wilde so well understood, has the seeds of its own destruction within. An early self-portrait, *Narcissus* (1990) [page 2], shows Collishaw lying in the gutter, naked to the waist, staring into a puddle; emphasising the pull between the ideal of the beautiful and sordid reality. This Narcissus could well be a drug addict or a drunk lying deluded among the detritus of a city street.

An animated video, *The Island of the Dead* (2008) [pages 156–157], based on the work of the same title by the Swiss Symbolist painter Arnold Böcklin, from 1886, expands on this flirtation with death. Collishaw's version is an LCD screen behind a two-way mirror, in which shadows pass like an eclipse during a 24 hour period. Caught like some alienated figure in a Caspar David Friedrich painting, looking out into an existential void, is the reflected image of the viewer. The lost girl from Böcklin's original painting is present in a daguerreotype hung on an adjacent wall so that her negative image only appears positive when passed over by the viewer's shadow. The ectoplasmic smoke and mirrors nature of the work is reminiscent of the tricks used by 19th century spiritualists and lovers of the séance.

This yearning for dissolution could also be experienced in the flickering shadows of Collishaw's zoetropes, cylindrical devices that produce the illusion of action from a rapid succession of static images. As early as the 1860s, projected moving images were created using magic lantern zoetropes. Collishaw's version, *Throbbing Gristle* (2008) [pages 158–161], spins so the small figurines – a Minotaur ravaging a maiden, the Three Graces, a she-wolf and a wine swigging cherub – move magically in their own corrupted Eden.

It could be argued that the world never looked the same after Freud, that we are all now too aware of the worm in the apple and that an image can no longer be looked at without the filter of self-knowledge. Innocence, along with religion and belief, is dead, for we're all in the know now. Although not a particular admirer of Freud, Collishaw's show *Hysteria* (2009), at London's Freud Museum, explored the collision of scientific empiricism with superstition. The exhibition takes its title from the print above Freud's couch, which depicts the neurologist Jean-Martin Charcot showing his students a woman having a hysterical fit, before he treated her with hypnotism. Collishaw's interest in the dark and often dubious practices of these early psychological practitioners is thus demonstrated. Three gnarled tree stumps placed in Freud's study, which seemed to grow surreally from the famous Persian rugs, doubled as record players. Emanating birdsong, the needles were placed at the centre, spiralling outwards, mimicking the rings of a tree and, perhaps by implication, simulating the process of endless repetition and recounting – the way we construct memory.

Decadent art, as Théophile Gautier suggested in his life of Baudelaire, is full of shades of meaning, always pushing against the limits of language, forcing itself to express the ineffable: 'the singular hallucinations of the fixed idea verging on madness... In opposition to the classic style, it admits of shading, and

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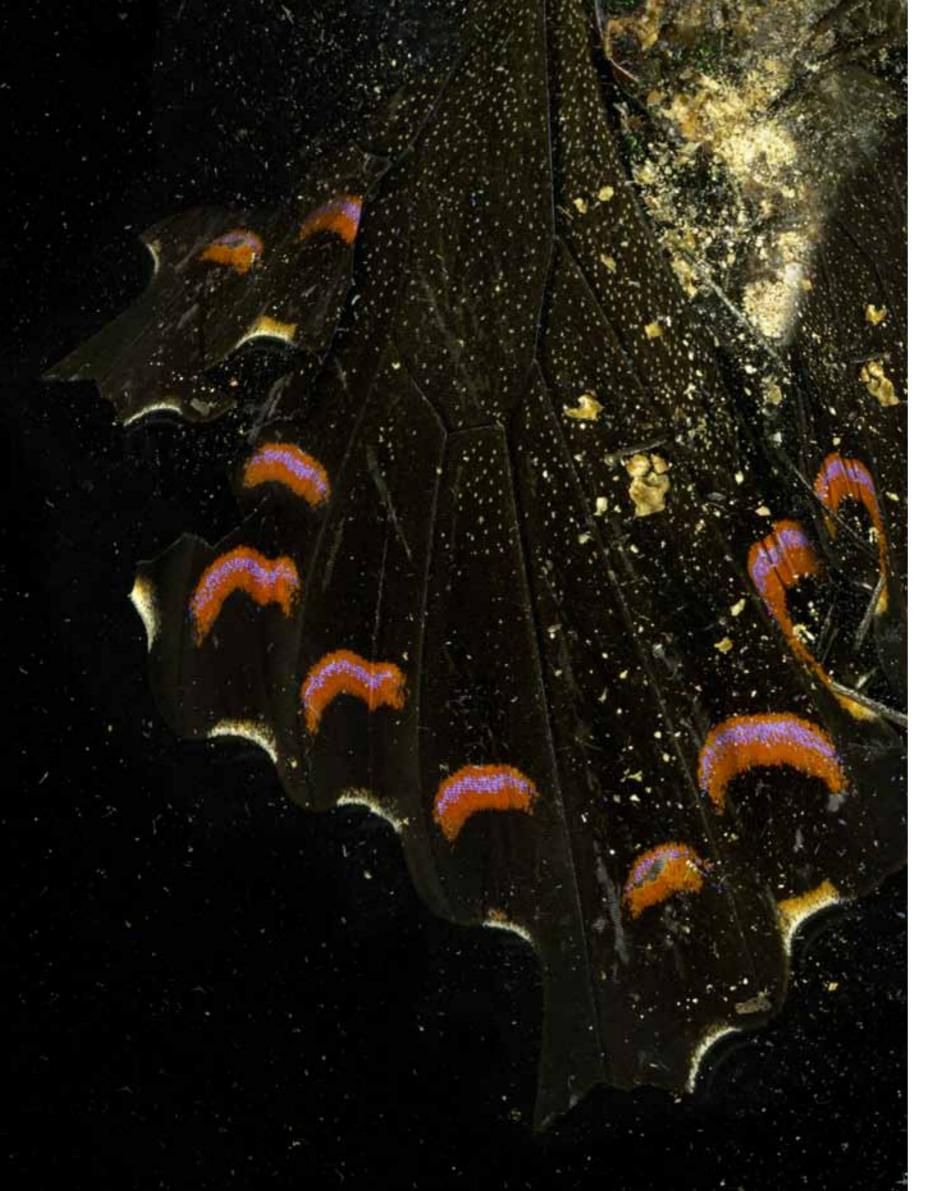
Lee Miller The Burgermeister's wife and daughter 1945 Town Hall, Leipzig, Germany Photograph

these shadows teem and swarm with the larvae of superstitions, the haggard phantoms of insomnia, nocturnal terrors, remorse which starts and turns back at the slightest noise, monstrous dreams stayed only by impotence, obscure phantasies at which daylight would stand amazed, and all that the soul conceals of the dark, the unformed, and the vaguely horrible, in its deepest and furthest recesses.' Many of these themes are addressed in Collishaw's contemporary practice.

Desire is at the basis of most human behaviour, from sex and procreation to the pursuit of beauty and death. Our lives are held between the two conflicting points of Eros and Thanatos. What enchants also ensnares, poisons and kills; the sublime is bedfellow with the abject. Collishaw contrives nightmarish horrors with a great formal elegance, whether taking on subjects like inmates' last meals on death row, the blood-splattered survivors of Beslan, or crushed butterflies. For a series of photographs made in 2000 entitled Burnt Almonds [pages 86-89], (alluding to the smell produced by cyanide poisoning) he staged scenes of Nazi couples post-suicide in their bunker, decorated with gilt-framed oil paintings, leather chairs, and opulent candelabra. Strewn across the furniture in various stages of undress, the post orgiastic figures exemplify what Bataille calls, in his study of Eroticism, dissolution. 'The domain of eroticism', he wrote, 'is the domain of violence, of violation... The whole business of eroticism is to destroy the self-contained character of the participators as they are in their normal lives ... The most violent thing of all for us is death which jerks us out of a tenacious obsession with the lastingness of our discontinuous being.'

The divine and the sacred have also always carried within them the undertones of frenzy and a flirtation with death. This violent aspect of divinity has been made manifest in sacrificial rites, from Bacchanalian orgies to the celebration of the host. Even the Cross itself links Christian consciousness to the horror of the divine and the sublime. As Bataille argues 'the divine will only protect us once its basic need to consume and to ruin has been satisfied'. Playing on notions of the forbidden and the abject, Collishaw throws up complex questions about what defines personal and social morality to show that what appears virtuous is often corrupt, and that which is defined as corrupt may, indeed, have some virtue. The Victorians veiled their transgressions behind a veneer of pious morality and saccharine sanctity but Collishaw convincingly reveals that we are all, in fact, a libidinous mixture of dark and light.

Sue Hubbard is an award-winning poet, novelist and freelance art critic.



# Beyond Here Lies Nothing Rachel Campbell-Johnston

RACHEL CAMPBELL-JOHNSTON: Mat, you've been an artist for almost 25 years now and in that time you have created some pretty eye-stretching images. Where do you think your fascination with the forbidden, with vice and perversion comes from?

MAT COLLISHAW: Well, I don't really see it that way ... which might be naïve of me. When I first came to London in the mid-1980s, the Conceptual / Minimalist work on show at places like the Lisson Gallery felt strangely remote to me. It was an esoteric world that a lot of people I knew didn't have access to. I actually enjoyed experiencing it but felt slightly disengaged from it, like studying a fossil rather than the raw material. The sort of images that seemed to me to have real potency were the ones that my friends were looking at, in medical pathology journals or weird pornographic publications. It was this type of imagery that I felt should be in my art.

RCJ: Growing up in Nottingham, did you visit museums? Were you taught about art?

MC: No. My parents are Christadelphians, a small protestant splinter group, so life was geared towards following the text of the Bible. We would read the Bible for a couple of hours every night and then Sundays would be a full day at church. Christadelphians seemed to me, as a child, to disapprove of pretty much everything I wanted to do, from watching television to wearing flares. Maybe that's why I became fascinated by the forbidden; when seen by a little boy with his nose pressed to the window, even Bruce Forsyth† can accrue a special aura. I would peep through neighbours' curtains and watch him dancing on the TV in the corner and it would feel like his spirit was trapped in that little glowing box. Afterwards, I would spend hours making my own TV sets out of Weetabix boxes.

RCJ: So you went from this strict upbringing to Nottingham Trent Polytechnic and then Goldsmiths Art College [London], where you found yourself working alongside students such as Damien Hirst, Sarah Lucas, Michael Landy and Gillian Wearing. Did you feel at the time that you were part of a gang? Did you feel a current of thought gathering pace?

MC: A lot of the students there, like me, had hardly applied themselves to formal education before this. They were misfits and dropouts and this generated a good communal attitude. The teaching was very hands off; no one came along and said 'I think you should be using a little more purple on that one'. You had to be incredibly self-motivated. All those odd characters, all with such strength of personality. I don't think I realised how special it was to have them all there in that little window of three to four years.

RCJ: With hindsight did you see yourself as part of a 'movement'; did you see yourself as a YBA?

MC: No – because we all were (and still are) so different. I suppose it was inevitable that people would start packaging us all together but at *Sensation* [Royal Academy, London, 1997], which came ten years after *Freeze* [Surrey Docks, London, 1988], I looked around and thought 'What?! Is this supposed to be a movement? Because to me it looks all over the place!'

Page 16
Insecticide 28 (detail)
2011
C-type photographic print
182 × 182cm (71.62 × 71.62in)



Rembrandt van Rijn The Abduction of Ganymede 1635 Oil on canvas 177 × 129cm (69.68 × 50.79in) Gemäldegalerie Alte Meister, Staatliche Kunstsammlungen Dresden



Frances 'Alice' Griffiths Fairy Offering Flowers To Iris 1920 Photograph 15.50 × 11.40cm (6.1 × 4.5in)

RCJ: Your work made an impact though – quite literally. Bullet Hole [pages 22 – 23], which you first showed at Freeze and then again (although it had to be remade in between) at Sensation, was bought by Saatchi. It has become, in a way, your signature piece.

MC: Yes, but it felt like a damp squib to me at the time. So when *Sensation* came along I wasn't so interested in people's responses to attention-grabbing art. I didn't want to elicit some infantile tabloid response.

RCJ: And when Julian Stallabrass called you the nastiest of the YBAs were you upset?

MC: At least it was a superlative! But, actually that comment was a bit below the belt. I don't create 'nasty' art for the sake of it. Although I think the world can be a glorious place, there are also a lot of ugly, malevolent forces at work and it's only right that there should be a balance of this in my art. There is beauty in some of the things I do but there's also a dark side because that's the way I see the world. On the surface, I want my images to shock or seduce, but I want there to be undercurrents that make people wonder about other implications.

RCJ: So you are interested in working in that peculiar force-field that exists between repulsion and seduction?

MC: Exactly. I've made images of flowers with infectious diseases, for example; irises and roses which, from a distance, look beautiful but when you get up close you can see that they have syphilis pustules and suppurating wounds on their petals. The idea came from a number of sources, among them Jean Genet's *Thief's Journal*, which I was reading at the time. In prison, many of Genet's lovers were covered in scabs, sores and wounds, but instead of being horrified by them he saw them as emblems of achievement – marks worn like medals. I thought this was such an unexpected way of presenting something which most people would only view with disgust. Huysman's *Against Nature* or Baudelaire's *Flowers of Evil* are similar; there is a sickness about the obsessions they show, about the descent of the mind into decadence. But it's not a horrific or appalling sickness – it's more a fascination with darkness, which I think is actually quite healthy. There is an exquisite, sexy pleasure in that darkness, in revelling in such magnetic horror.

RCJ: You often allude to art historical images. You have made works that draw directly from the Bible or classical myth; specifically I am thinking of your picture of Ganymede being snatched by an eagle, which you projected onto smoke that billowed out of a church font, or a film of yourself projected, breathing and blinking, onto a cross. How consciously are you looking at the art of the past?

MC: A lot of the time I am working on an intuitive level. I sense that there is something interesting about an image but I don't know what it is, so I have to go back, look and try to find out. And often, I discover it's something to do with religion or myth. Myths and religious icons have survived because they have a peculiar potency – their message is universal; the cross is a symbol of transcendence, depicted through an image of suffering, which ultimately becomes a means of finding solace. There is something cathartic about it, but it's also a simple graphic symbol. If Christ had been put on the rack it wouldn't have worked so well, as an image it wouldn't have stood the test of time. If he'd had a graphic designer they would have advised him: 'You've got to go with the cross'.

With Ganymede [page 132] I was trying to make something specifically to do with abducted children; the myth of Zeus coming down in the form of



Mat Collishaw Study for Deliverance 2008 C-type photographic print



Juan Gris Jar, Bottle and Glass 1911 Oil on canvas 59.7 × 50.2cm (23.5 × 19.8 in)

an eagle to snatch away this beautiful boy seemed to reflect this. To project this pagan image of abduction onto the smoke that rose from a font – the Christian instrument of induction – was intended to stir the sort of mismatched emotions that interest me.

RCJ: Images of children recur again and again in your work; from your photographs based on the scandal of the faked Cottingley fairies (1917), through to images of the Beslan school siege (2004) in which gunmen took children hostage. Why is that?

MC: I try to disguise my liberal nature, but generally my work is trying to flag up the dispossessed and disenfranchised; drunks, prostitutes or homeless kids. I want to give a voice to them but not in a whingeing, heart-on-sleeve way. I would rather run the risk of being considered exploitative or nasty than being just a bleeding-heart-liberal, banging on about a cause that nobody but the converted would be receptive to. You have to come out aggressively to actually make someone feel the pathos of a certain situation.

RCJ: So you don't think your luridly fascinating images are exploitative – that shock is just a short cut to fame? You genuinely want to make people feel the humanity of your subject?

MC: Whether they seem on the surface like enticing bits of eye-candy or pieces of hard core pornography, my images always work in much the same way; the impact is instant, but there's a twist to make you think. *Deliverance*, [page 136–139] for example, was inspired by the Beslan school siege, and ultimately questions the morality of the media.

We get a thrill when we see disasters unfolding in the newspapers or on TV; experiencing these situations vicariously stimulates adrenaline, making us feel more alive, and the media harnesses this biological response. At the time of the school siege, the reporters had three days to get down there with TV vans and cameras. There was an audience waiting at home to see what was happening moment by moment. Live. Occasionally one of the children would break free and run from the barrel of the kidnapper's gun straight down the lens of a camera. That image would immediately be relayed back to our front rooms, feeding our craving for stimulating visuals. This is something that we have become addicted to, and I wanted to create a work which would make people reflect on that.

RCJ: And finally, you are mainly known as an artist who works with photography and video. But in your latest work your chosen medium is paint. Why?

MC: Because you can't just paint – you have to address the whole history of painting and then make some sort of paradigm shift. I've been trying to find a way to do this, and creating these paintings was my solution. On first impression, some appear to be abstract monochromes or Pop Art paintings, but on closer inspection they are revealed to be *trompe l'œil* representations of scraps of paper – pages torn out of magazines – that have been used as cocaine wraps. The geometry of the creases is recognisable to anyone who has ever bought illegal drugs.

They are intended as metaphors for the end of a prolonged societal binge and the debased side of human nature that will pursue something to the very end. The current financial black hole is a symptom of this; we live on credit, which is like living based on an illusion, which is itself similar to the experience of drug-taking. Ultimately, I think that we are easy victims when it comes to being beguiled or deceived by images. This is what happened in the case of the

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Cottingley fairies; Conan Doyle<sup>‡</sup> wanted to believe in them – he needed to trust in there being something more than we already have.

These paintings are depictions of nothingness; the wraps are empty – the cocaine is all gone except for the last few crumbs. But at the same time, you are in fact looking at something; a bit of creased paper, torn from *Vanity Fair* or some other aspirational magazine, which has been debased. It has become an empty receptacle. In a sense, you are looking at the presence of an absence.

Hopefully, my latest paintings won't be so different to everything else I've created, despite the change in medium. They are still about the human condition, which is at the core of my entire practice. This might sound like a huge generalisation, but in the end, isn't that all we've got?

Rachel Campbell-Johnston is the Chief Art Critic of The Times newspaper.



Photograph of Mat Collishaw's studio London December 2012

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  Bruce Forsyth is an English  $\tau v$  host and entertainer who became famous for  $\tau v$  series such as *The Generation Game* and *The Price is Right.* 

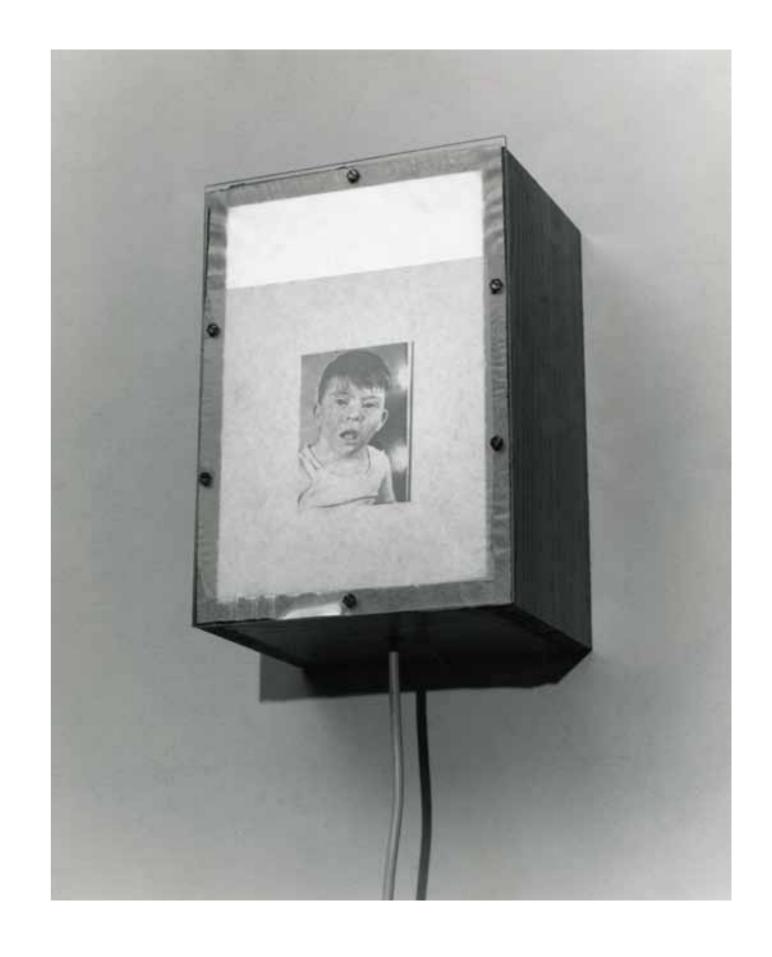
<sup>‡</sup> Arthur Conan Doyle was a Scottish writer and physician most noted for writing *Sherlock Holmes*.



Bullet Hole 1998 Cibachrome mounted on fifteen light boxes 243.8 × 365.8cm (90.16 × 122.05in)







Pages 24–25 **Downs**1989

Wood, photocopy, acrylic, light, light fitting 29.5  $\times$  21  $\times$  15cm (11.61  $\times$  8.27  $\times$  5.91in)

Pages 26–27 Crucifixion 1990 Slide projection Dimensions variable

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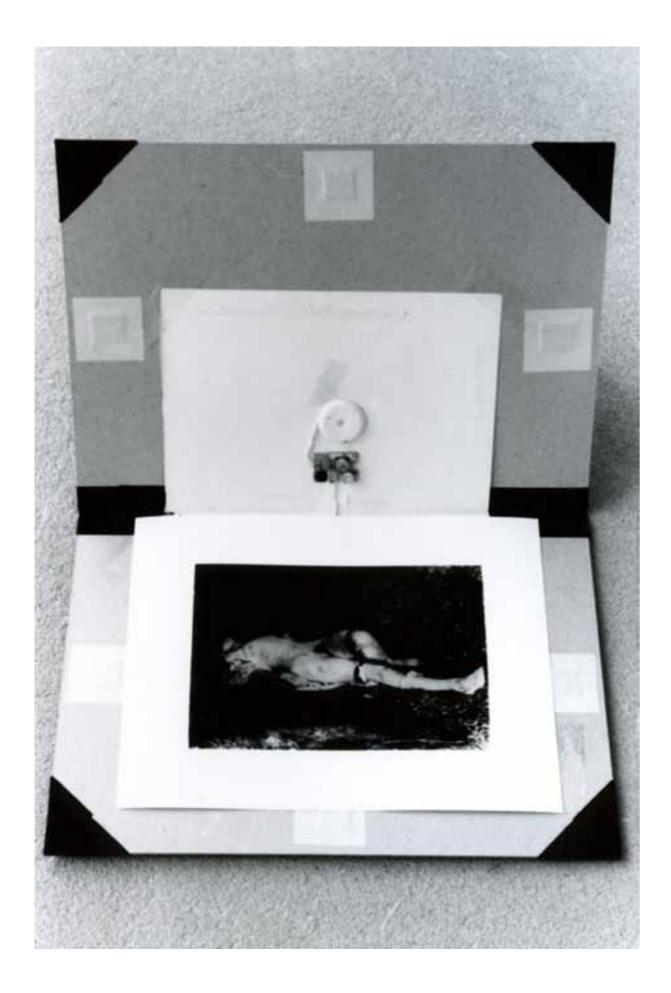






Stubbs Horses

1990 Photocopy, glass, steel, light and light fitting Each: 20.3×25.4×10cm (7.99×10×3.94in)

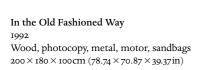


Dawn Chorus 1993 Photograph on resin coated paper, cardboard folio, microchip with birdsong Closed:  $28 \times 40$ cm (II.02  $\times$  15.75in)



Anonymous 1989 Acrylic, wood, paint, photocopy, light and fittings  $48.2 \times 48.2 \times 20.3$ cm ( $19 \times 19 \times 8$ in)









Widow 1992 Wood, audio cloth, speaker, cassette player with cassette tape of weeping woman 91.4  $\times$  25.4  $\times$  25.4  $\times$  25.4 cm (36  $\times$  10  $\times$  10in)



Suicide Suite 1993 Concrete slabs, plastic strips, steel, wooden palettes,  $4 \times 1000$  watt halogen lights, black & white photographs, acrylic  $410 \times 270 \times 390$ cm  $(161.42 \times 106.3 \times 153.54$ in)

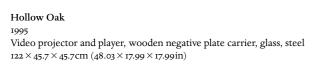


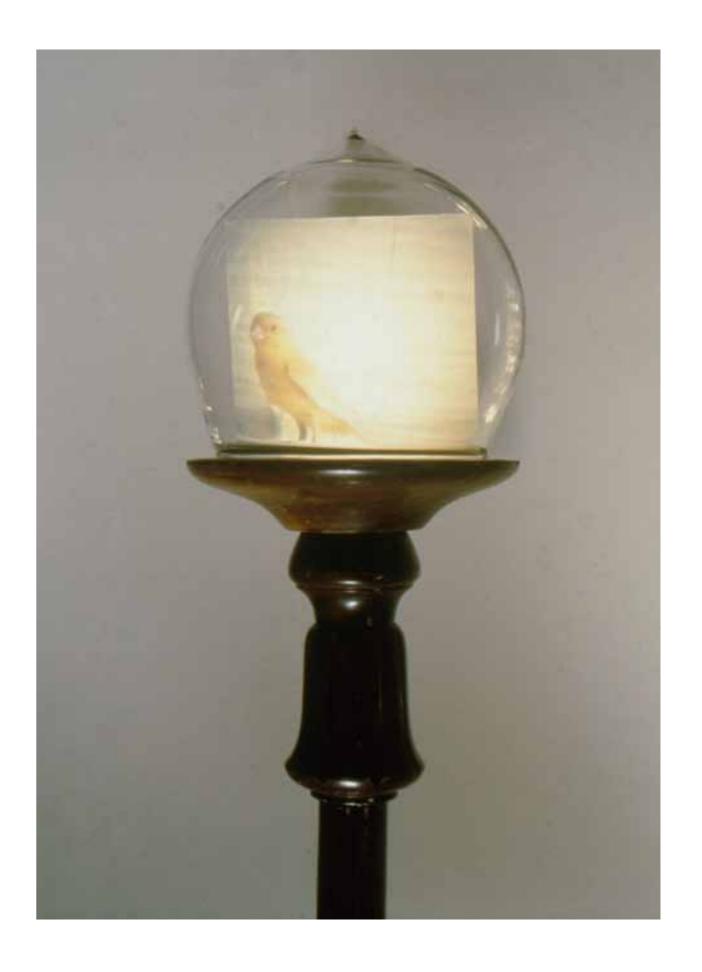
I'm Talking Love 1992 Slide projection Dimensions variable





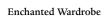






Antique 1994 Video projector and player, wood, glass, steel 177.8 × 35.5 × 35.5cm (70 × 13.98 × 13.98in)





Wood, two-way mirror, light and light fittings, C-type photographic print, electronic movement sensor 213.4×122×91.5cm (84×48×36in)

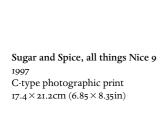


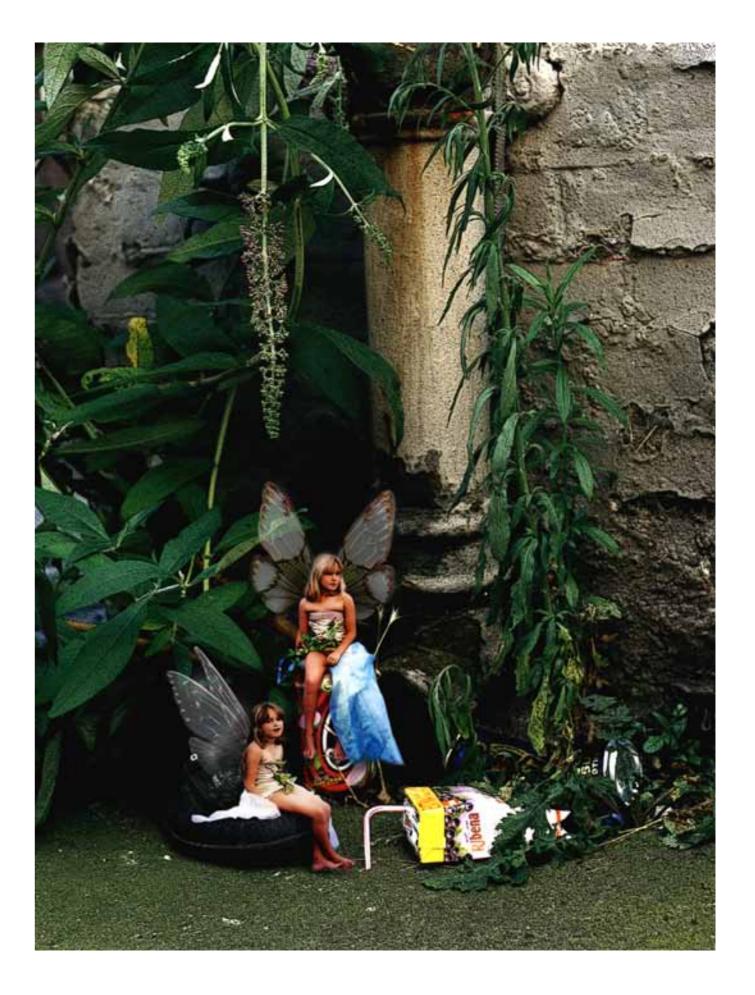
 $_{
m 4I}$ 



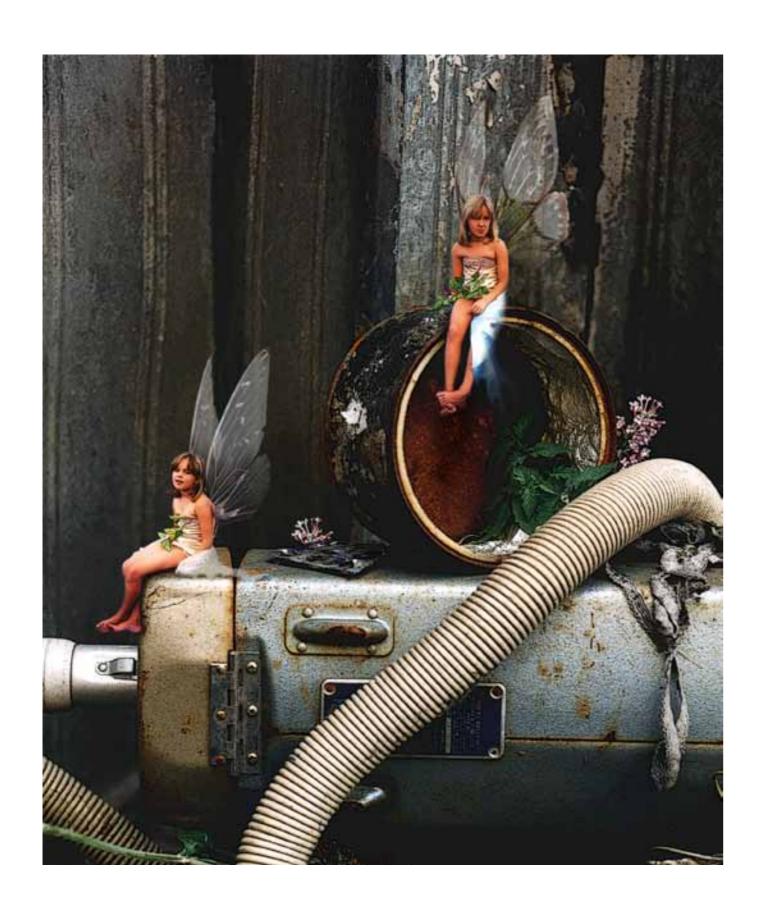
Ultraviolet Angel 1993 Steel, paper, wood, ultraviolet sensitive ink, ultraviolet light and fittings  $69\times46\times12$ cm ( $26.2\times18.11\times4.72$ in)

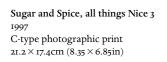






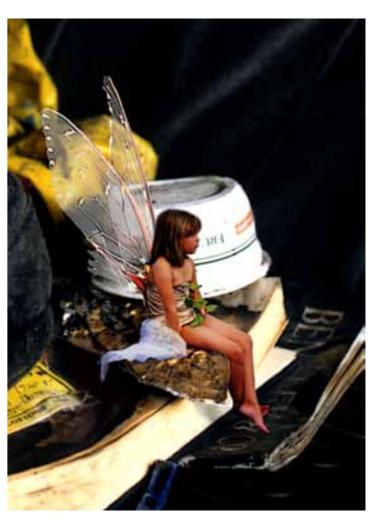
Sugar and Spice, all things Nice 6 1997 C-type photographic print 26×18.3cm (10.23×7.2in)

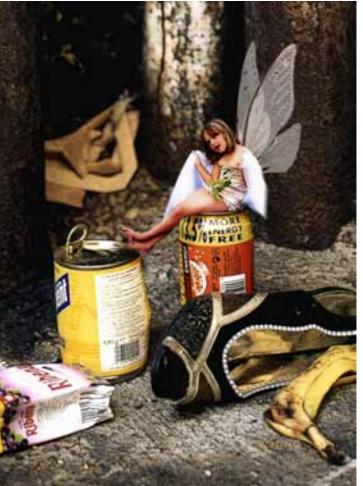






Sugar and Spice, all things Nice 4 1997 C-type photographic print 26×18.5cm (10.24×7.29in)

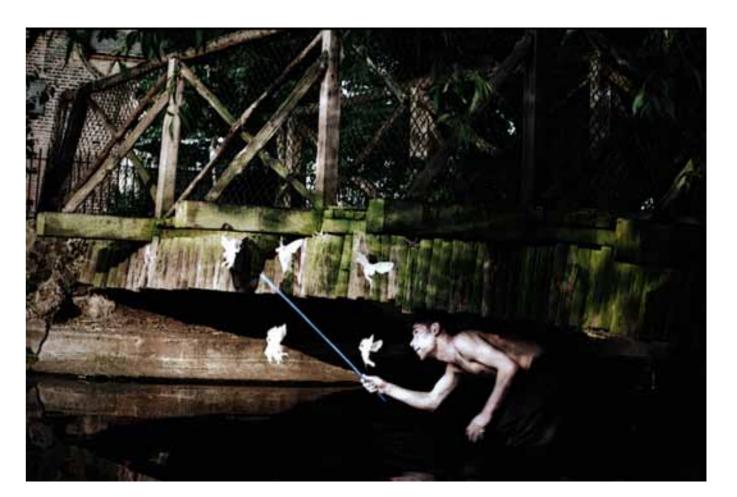








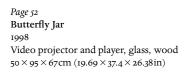
Catching Fairies 1996 C-type photographic prints Each: 45 × 65cm (17.73 × 25.61in)



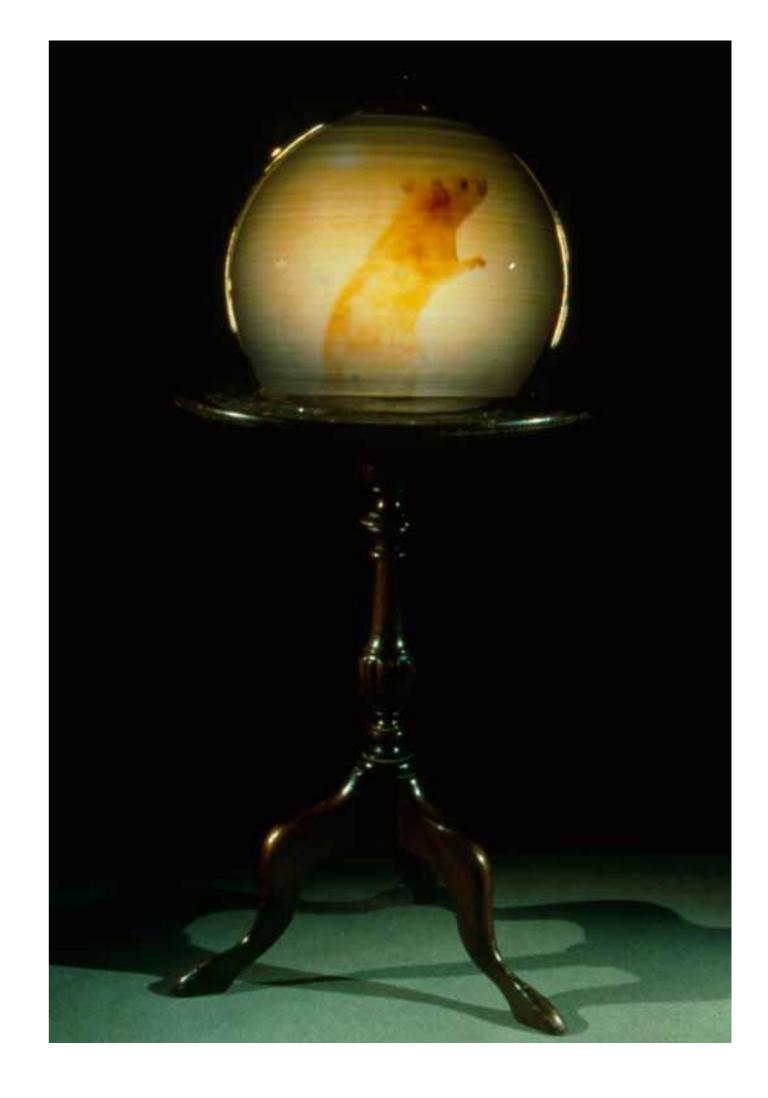


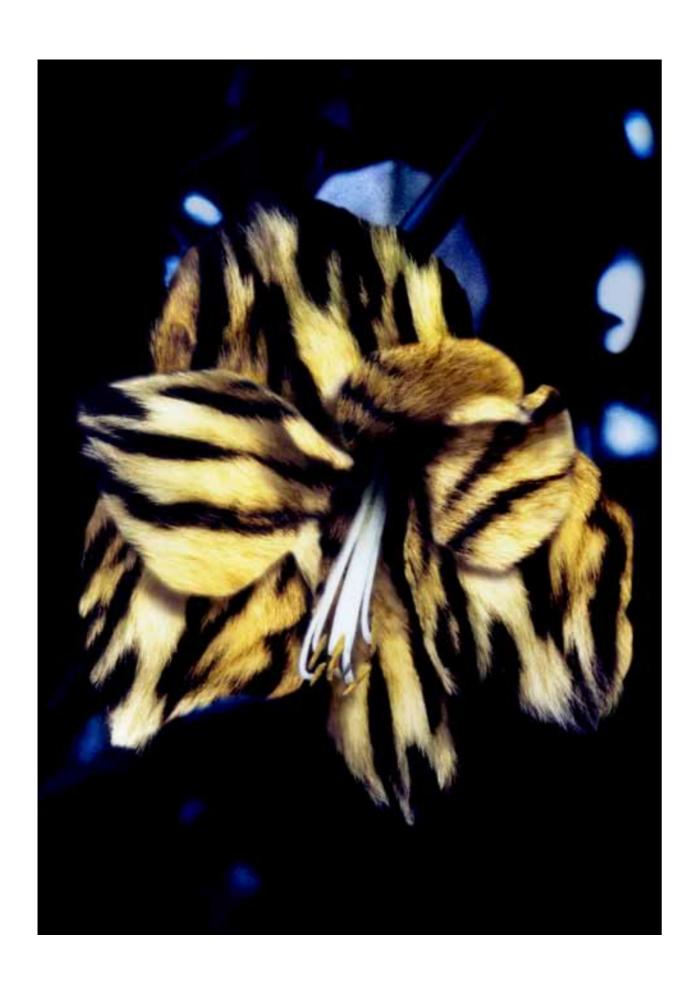


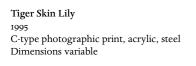


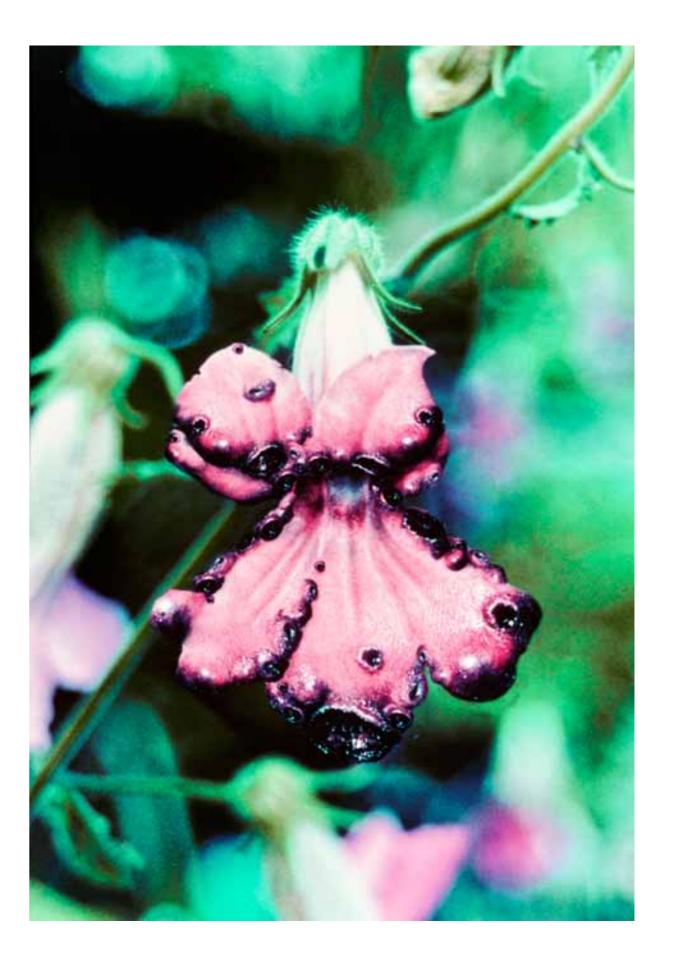


Page 53 When Smoke Gets in Your Eyes 1996 Video projector and player, glass, wood 76.2×30.6×101.6cm (30×12×40in)









Infectious Flower 6 (Zoster of Supravicular Dermatomes) 1996 Transparency, light box  $50 \times 50 \times 10 \text{ cm}$  (19.69  $\times$  19.69  $\times$  3.94in)



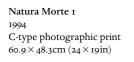


Harlow's Monkey 1996 Chromed brass cylinder, acrylic, transparency light, steel 122×71×71cm (48.03×27.95×27.95in)



Natura Morte 3 1994 C-type photographic print 60.9 × 48.3cm (24 × 19in)







Natura Morte 2 1994 C-type photographic print 60.9 × 48.3cm (24 × 19in)



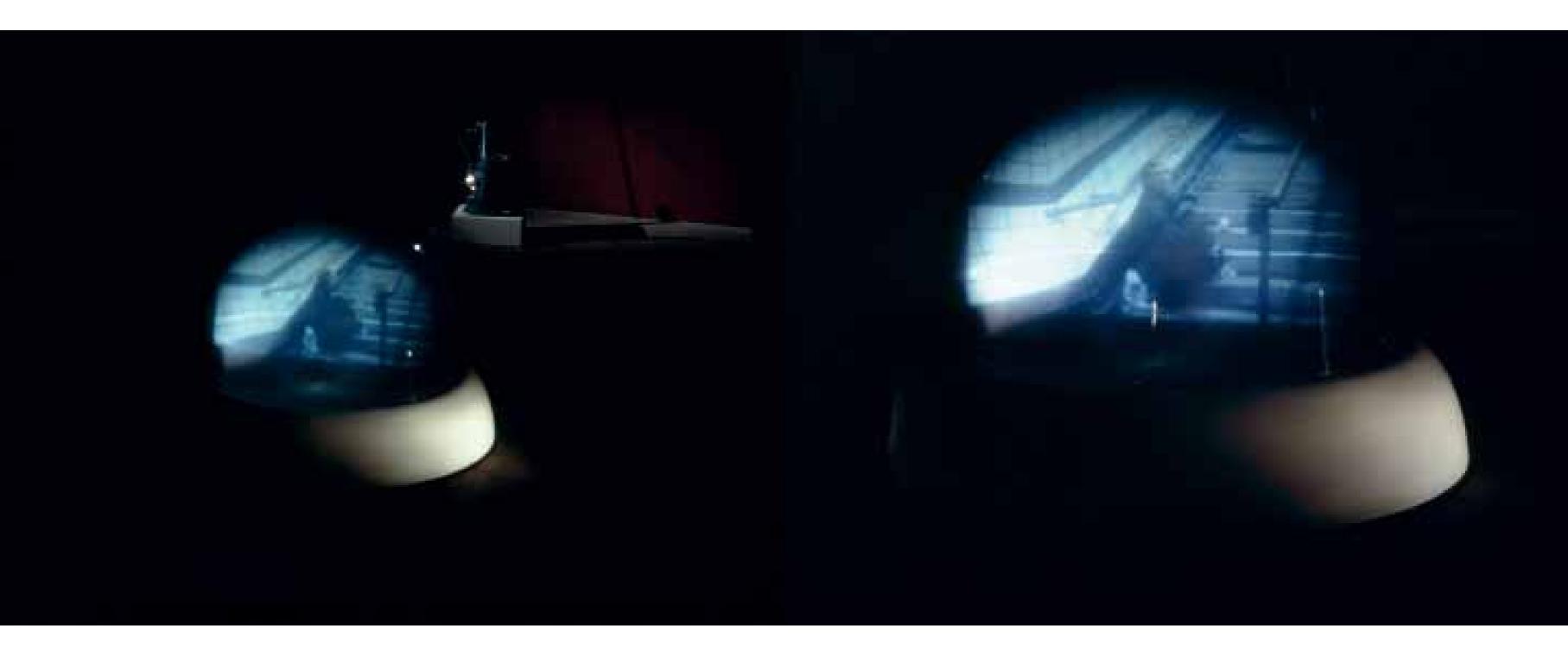


Snowstorm 1994 Video projector and player, glass, wood Dimensions variable





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### Small Comfort

1995 16mm film projector, acrylic, steel, water, pump, glitter 100×100×100cm (39.37×39.37×39.37in)



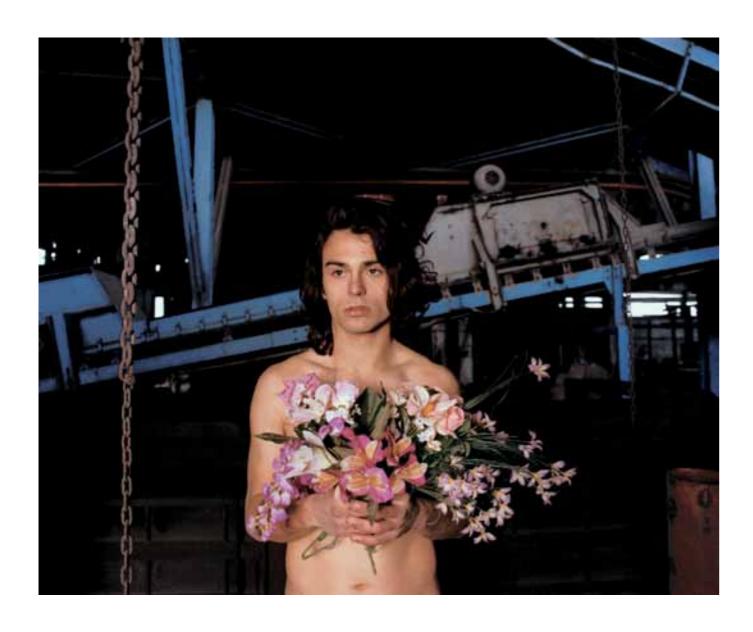


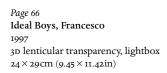




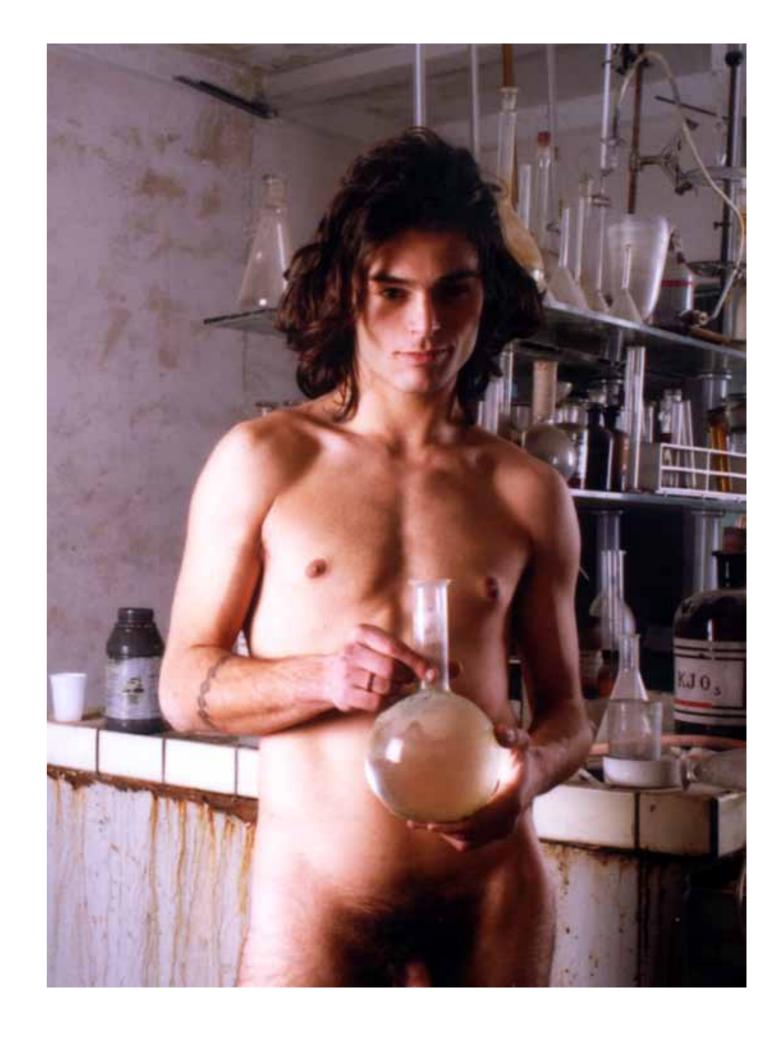


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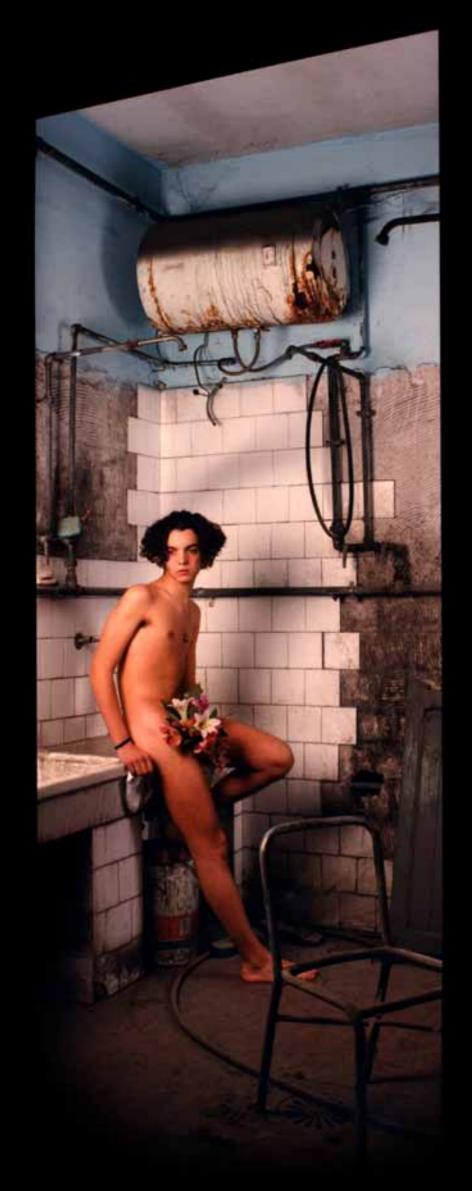




Page 67 Ideal Boys, Francesco in the Laboratory 1997 3D lenticular transparency, lightbox 200 × 145cm (78.74 × 57 in)



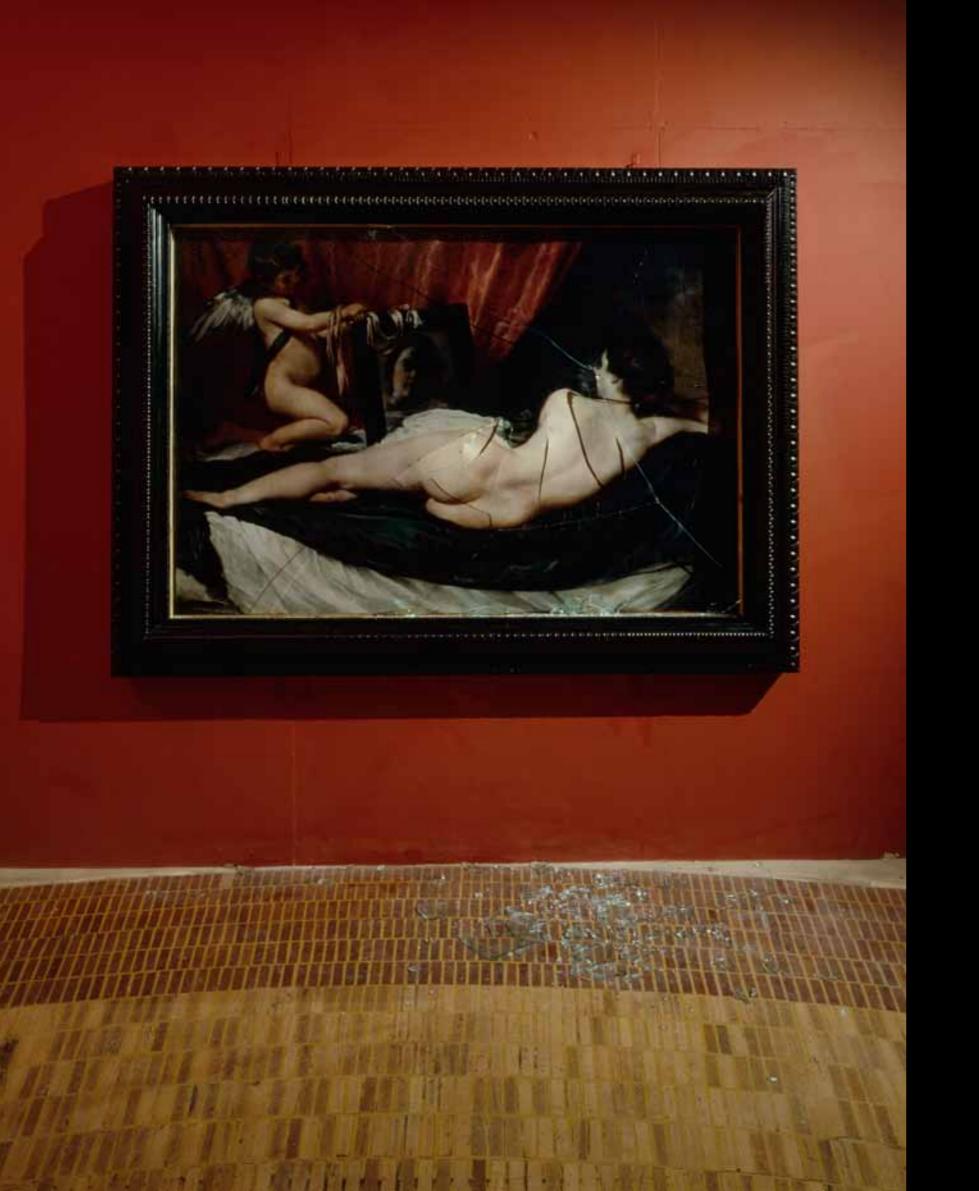
 $\mathbf{5}$ 





Page 68
Ideal Boys, Roberto
1997
3D lenticular transparency, lightbox
31×20×12cm (12.2×7.87×4.7in)

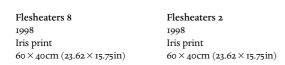
Page 69 Ideal Boys, Johnluca & Paco 1997 3D lenticular transparency, lightbox 55×61×9cm (21.6×24×3.5in)

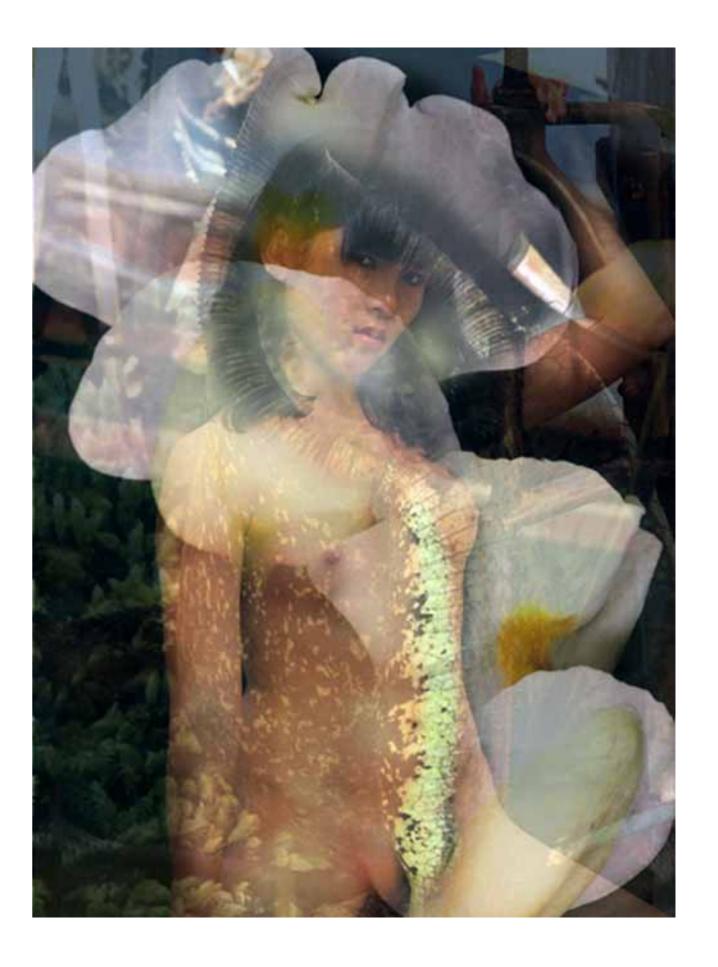


Page 70
The Eclipse of Venus
1996
Photograph on canvas, wood, glass and frame
142.2 × 203.2cm (56.03 × 80.06in)







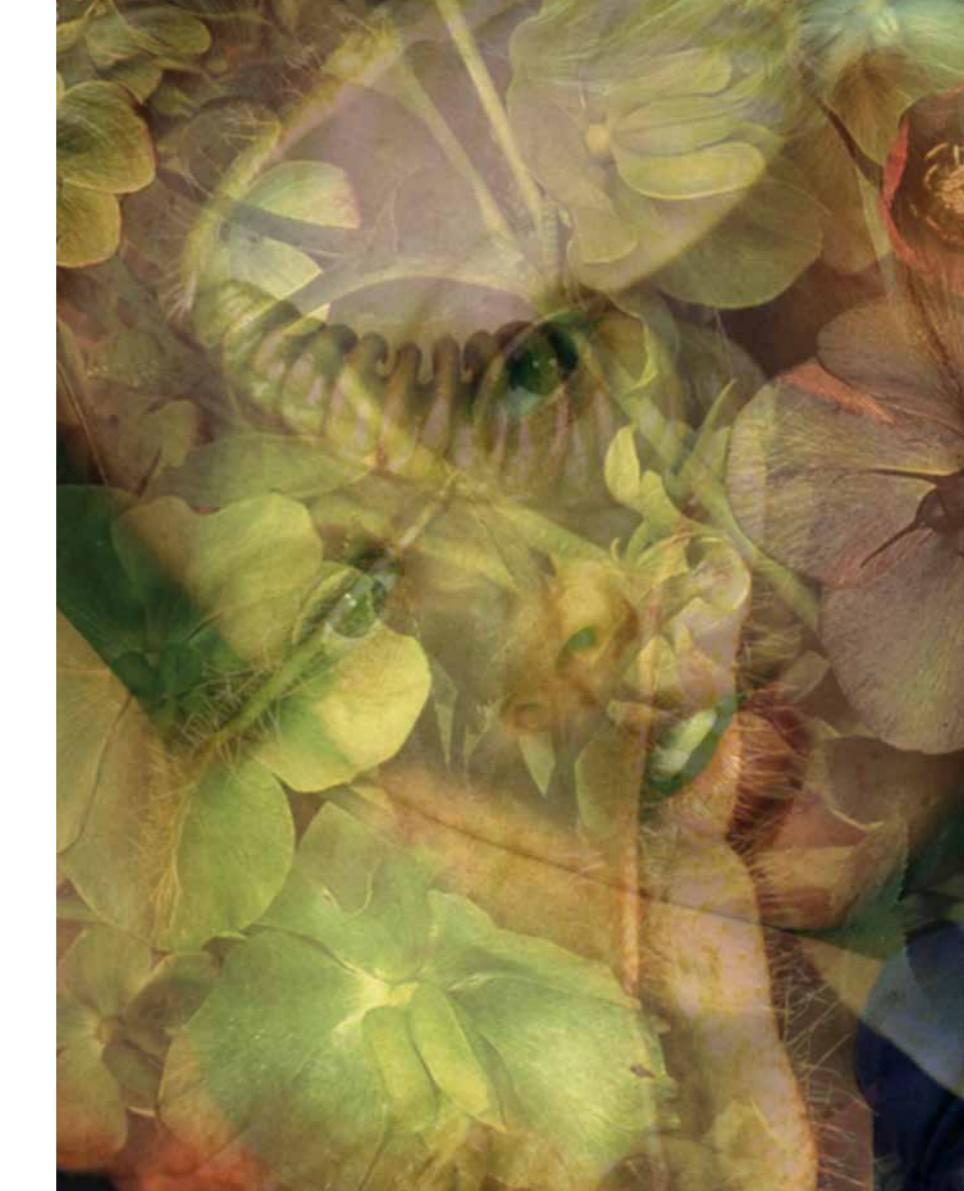


Flesheaters 7 1998 Iris print 60 × 40cm (23.62 × 15.75in)



Page 74 Flesheaters 5 1998 Iris print 40 × 60cm (15.75 × 23.62in)

Page 75 Flesheaters 4 1998 Iris print 62in) 60 × 40cm (23.62 × 15.75in)





Butterflies and Flowers 2005 Duratrans and lightbox 52 × 52 × 3cm (20.47 × 20.47 × 1.18 in)





Awakening of Conscience, Clara 1997 Nova print, wood, glass 177.1×219×6cm (69.72×86.22×2.36in) Awakening of Conscience, Kateline 1997 Nova print, wood, glass  $177.1 \times 219 \times 6$ cm  $(69.72 \times 86.22 \times 2.36$ in)



Page 80 Awakening of Conscience, Emily 1997 Nova print, wood, glass 177.1 × 219 × 6cm (69.72 × 86.22 × 2.36in) Page 81
Duty Free Spirits
1997
Iris print in wood frame
124.5 × 91 × 30cm (49 × 35.83 × 11.81in)





Forever 1997 Video projector and player, screen Dimensions variable





Blind Date 1997 Three video projectors and players Dimensions variable





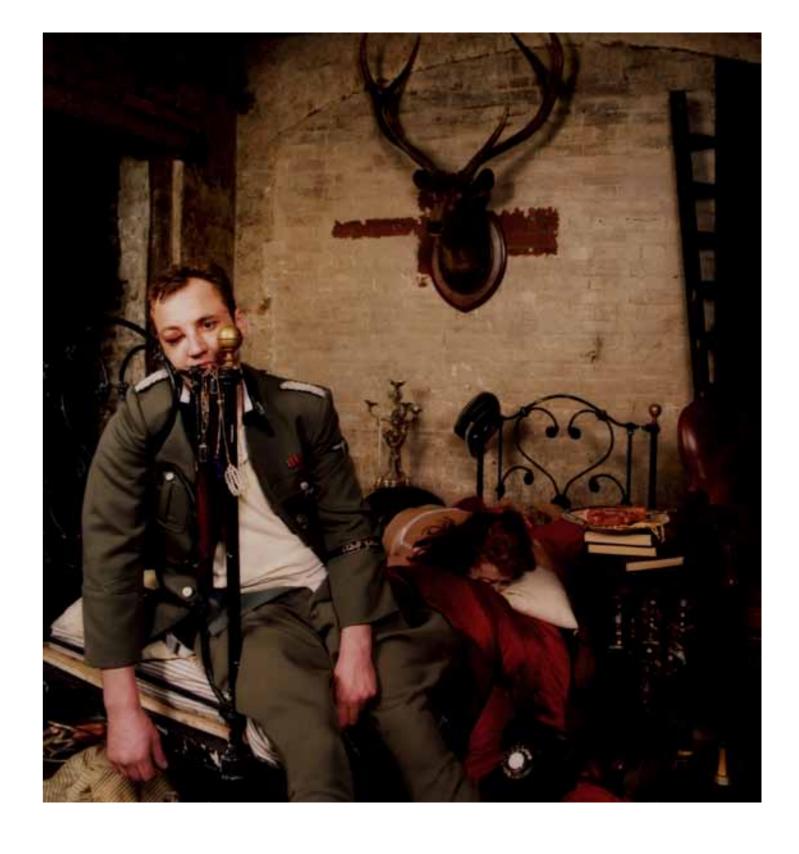












Burnt Almonds, Wilhelm & Ingrid 2000 3D lenticular transparencies, steel, lightbox 108.6 × 121.9cm (42.75 × 48in) Burnt Almonds, Rudolph & Gisela 2000 3D lenticular transparencies, steel, lightbox 101.6 × 100.3 cm (40 × 39.49 in)



Burnt Almonds, Heinrich & Eva 2000 3D lenticular transparencies, steel, lightbox  $121.9 \times 129.5 \text{cm} \ (48 \times 50.9 \text{in})$ 







Pages 90–93 Ultraviolet Baby 2001 16mm film projection Dimensions variable







Two-Way Thing 2003 Video projector and player, wood glass, steel 258×199×13.5cm (101.77×78.34×5.31in)

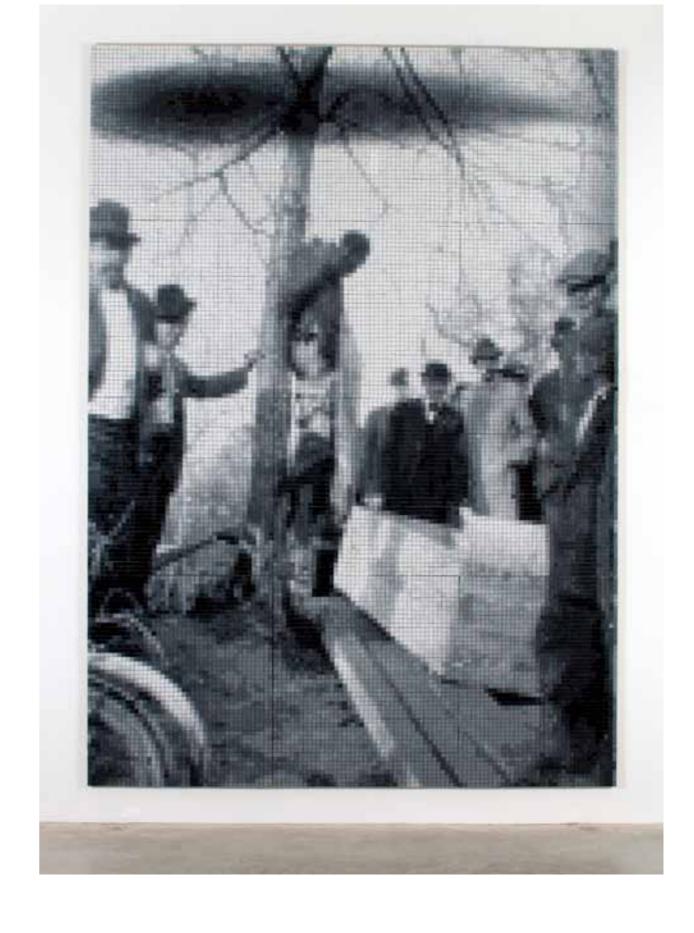


Madonna 2001 Ceramic tile, cement, wood 400 × 250 × 3cm (157.48 × 98.42 × 1.18in)



Magdelina 2003 Ceramic tile, cement, wood 274.3 × 548.6 × 3cm (107.99 × 215.98 × 1.18in)





Pure Sensation 2003 Ceramic tile, cement, wood 200 × 300 × 3cm (78.7 × II8.II × I.18in) Page 101
The Eighth Day
2001
Ceramic tile, cement, wood
400 × 260 × 3cm (157.5 × 102.4 × 1.18in)

Pages 102–103
Out of Focus: Photography, Exhibition at Saatchi Gallery, London 2012
Installation photograph
(Corona 2001 Ceramic tile, cement, wood  $250 \times 400 \times 3$ cm/
Madonna 2001 Ceramic tile, cement, wood  $400 \times 250 \times 3$ cm)

IOI



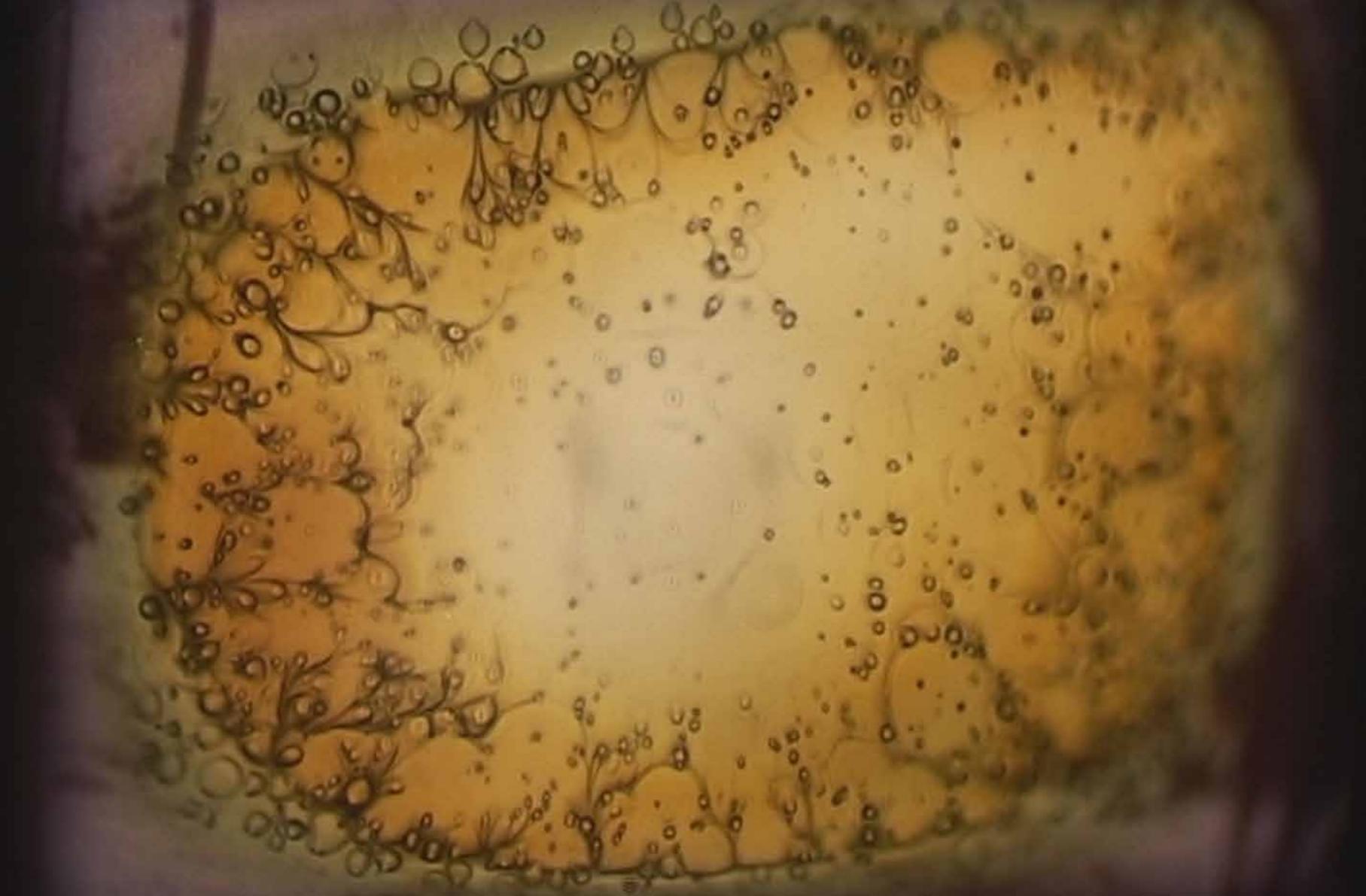




Pages 104–107 Barbarossa 2002 Video projector and simulated slide projector Dimensions variable







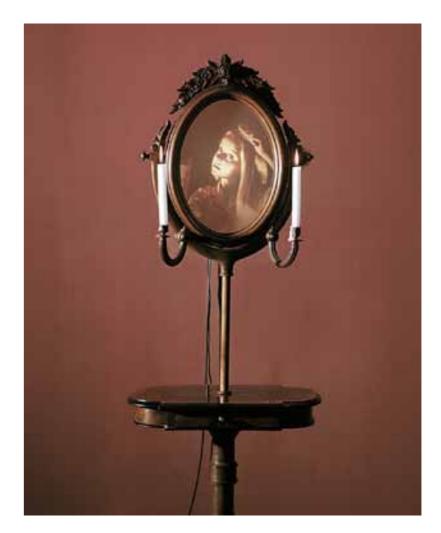


Asylum 2001 Glass, rope, water, rocks, DVD and video projection  $84 \times 57 \times 57$ cm (33.07  $\times$  22.44  $\times$  22.44in)



Page 110 Horn Blower 2002 Glass, water, brass, ram's horn, wood, video projector and player 170 × 24 × 24cm (66.93 × 9.45 × 9.45in)

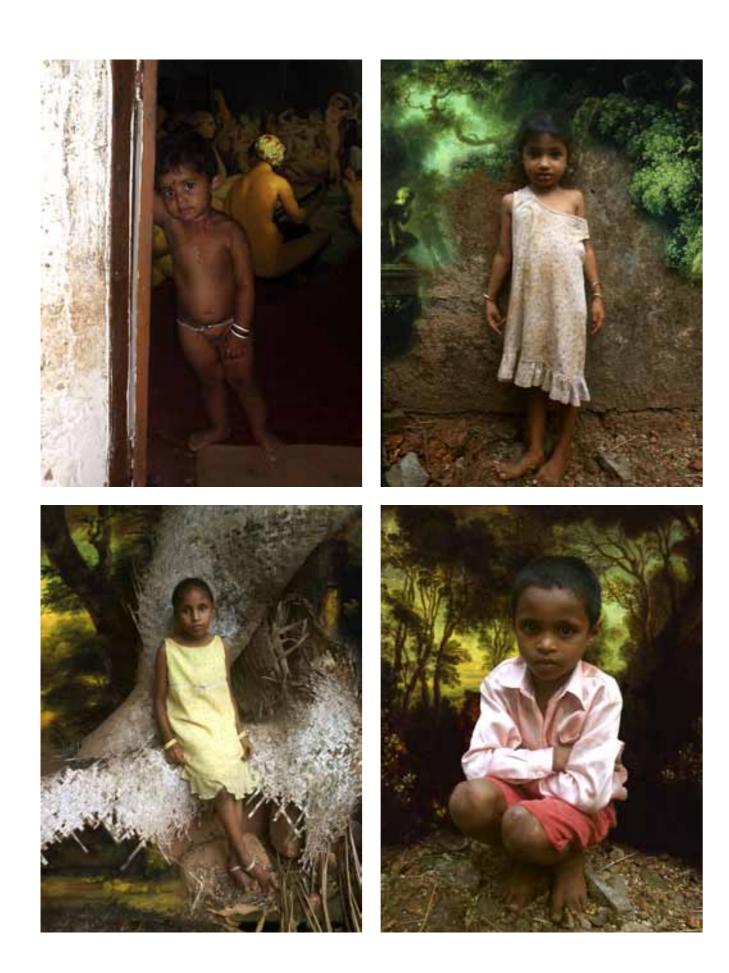
Page 111 Hair 2001 Video projector and player, wood, two-way mirror, steel  $176 \times 53 \times 35.5$ cm  $(69.29 \times 20.87 \times 13.98$ in)





III

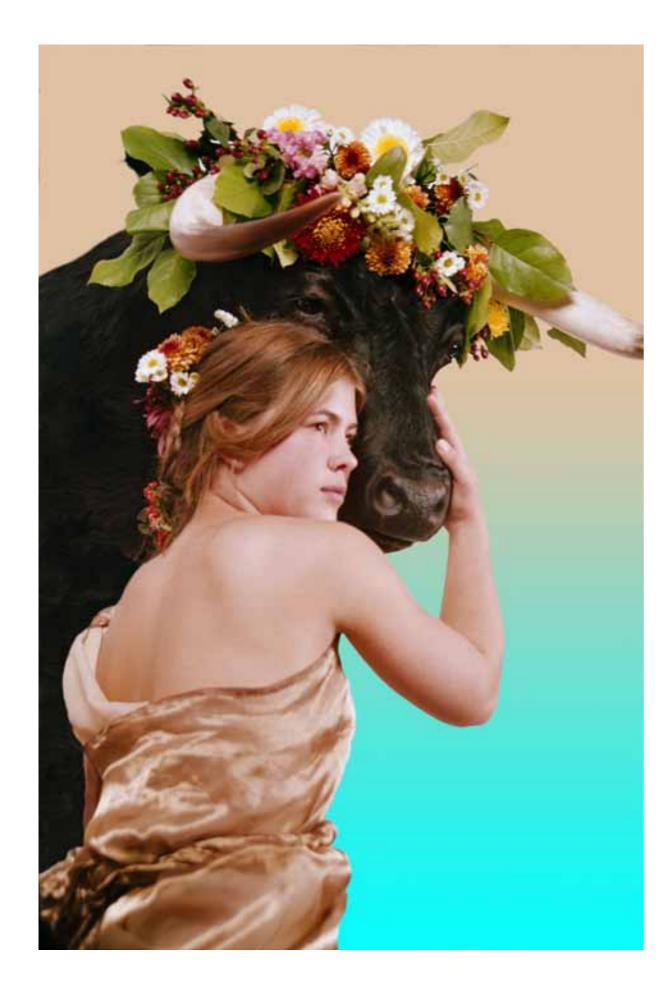
IIO







II2



Beast in Me 2003 C-type photographic print 180.3×121.9cm (71.04×48.03in)

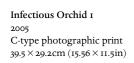


Ultraviolet Angel 2008 Ultraviolet ink on plexiglas box, 2 ultraviolet neonlights  $97 \times 67 \times 15$ cm  $(38.19 \times 26.38 \times 5.91$ in)

II4







Infectious Amaryllis 2005 C-type photographic print 24.3×19.4cm (9.57×7.64in)



Infectious Orchid 2 2005 C-type photographic print 39.5 × 29.2cm (15.56 × 11.5in)





2004 Video projector and player Dimensions variable Page 119 Wound 1996 C-type photographic print 166 × 119cm (65.4 × 46.89in)

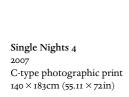




Children of a Lesser God 2007 Transparency, acrylic, LED lights, wood 210 × 200 × 9cm (82.74 × 78.8 × 3.55in)



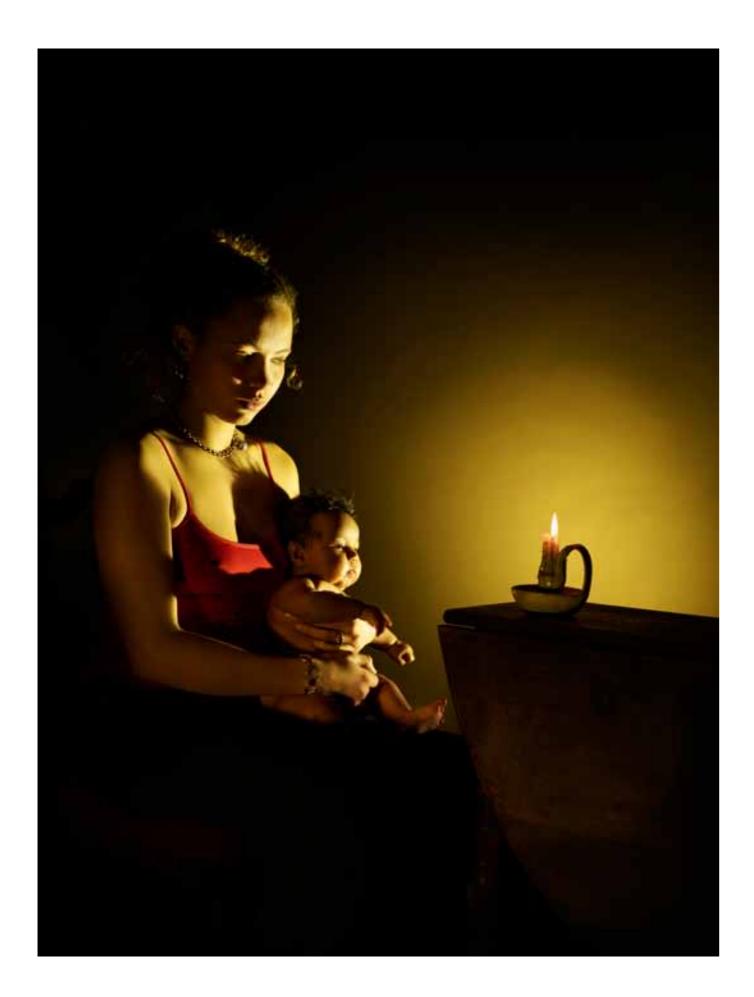


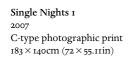




Single Nights 3 2007 C-type photographic print 183×140cm (72×55.11in)

I24

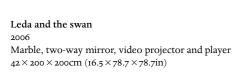


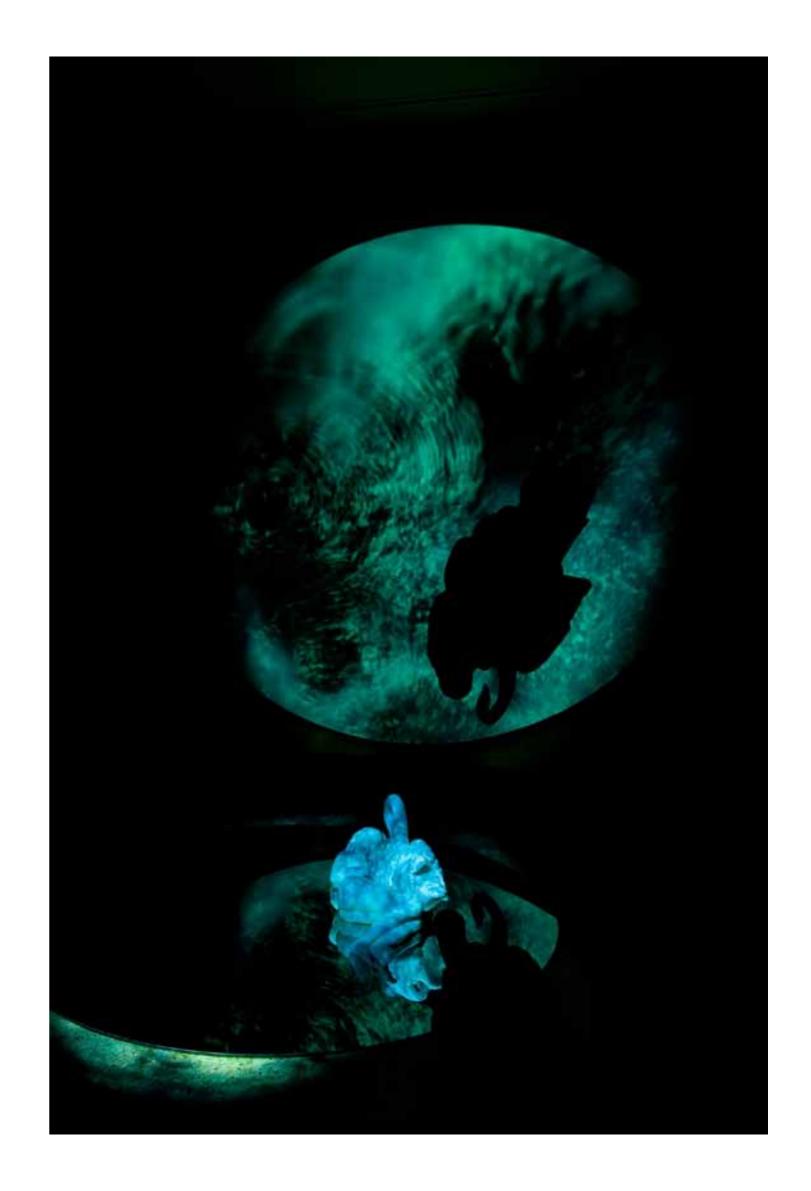




Single Nights 2 2007 C-type photographic print 183×140cm (72×55.11in)







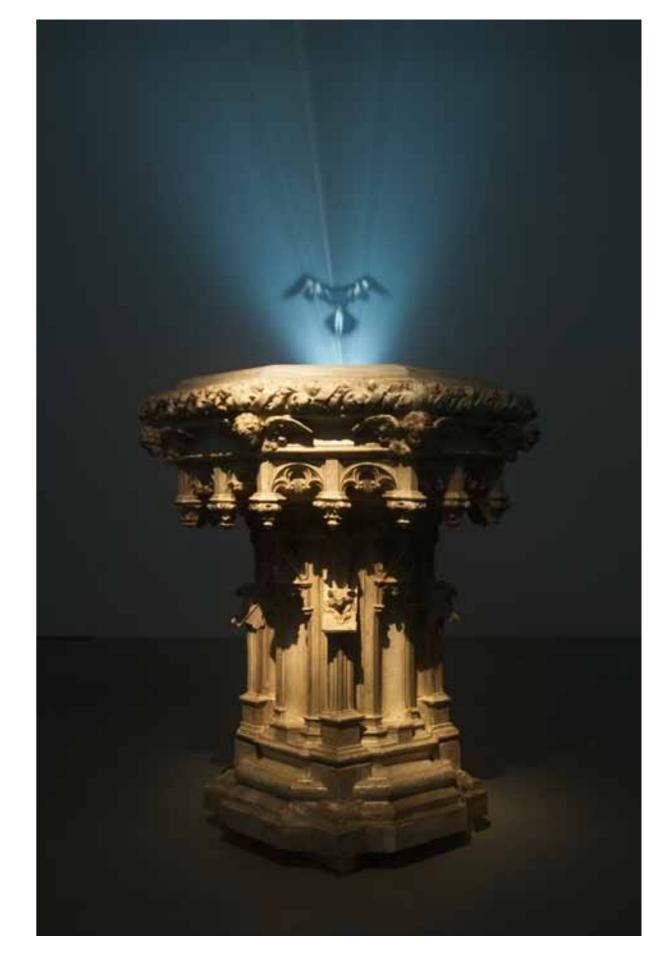






2007
Wood, steel, plaster, silk, security camera, projector 246×110×110cm (96.85×43.31×43.31in)

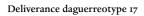




Ganymede 2007 Steel, resin, smoke machine, fluid, extraction fan, video projector and DVD player 180×100×100cm (70.92×39.4×39.4in)







Silver-plated copper, glass, birch wood, black lambskin leather, brass, velvet Closed: 23.5 × 14cm (9.25 × 5.51in)

Deliverance daguerreotype 32 2008 Silver-plated copper, glass, birch wood, black lambskin leather, brass, velvet Closed: 23.5 × 14cm (9.25 × 5.51in)



Deliverance daguerreotype 47

Silver-plated copper, glass, birch wood, black lambskin leather, brass, velvet Closed: 41.3×26.7cm (16.26×10.51in)



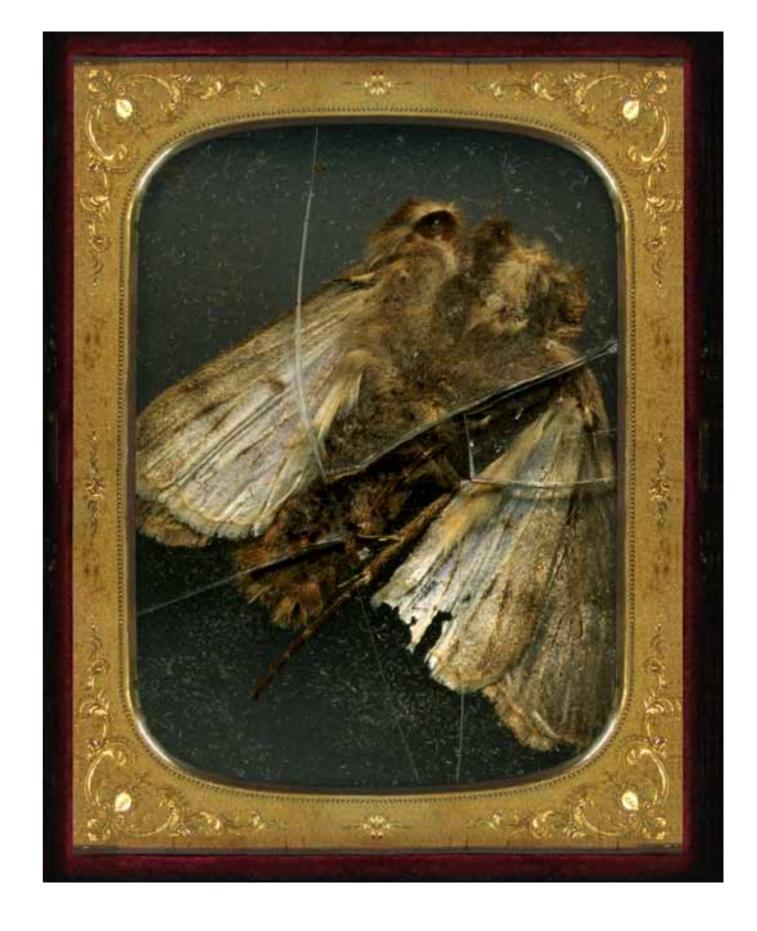




Pages 136–139
Deliverance installation
2008
45 gobos, 3 moving head projectors, phosphorescent paint
Dimensions variable
Duration: continuous loop

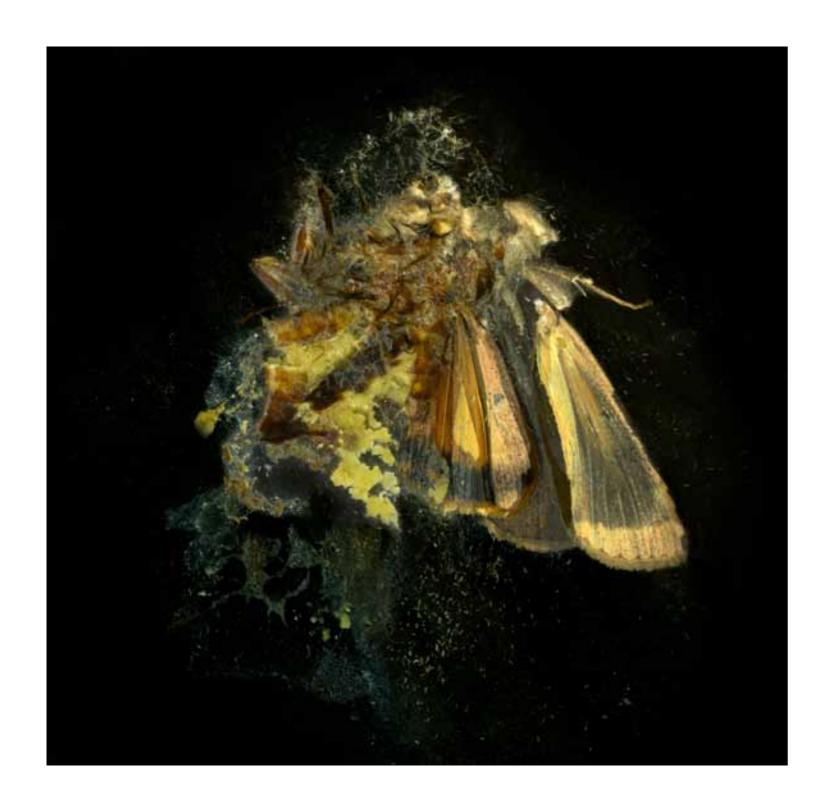


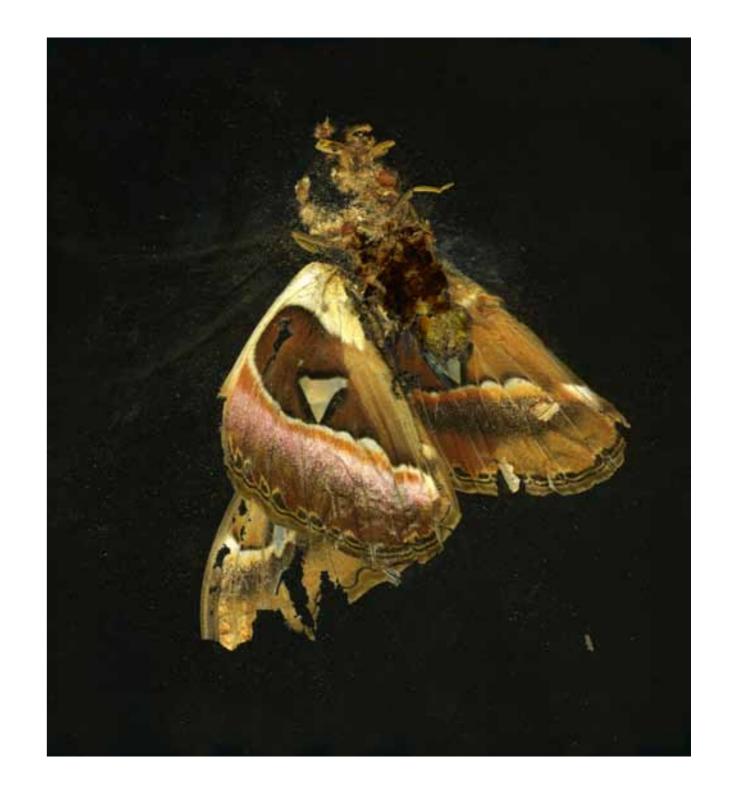




Insecticide 5 2006 C-type photographic print 64.I×65.Icm (25.26×25.65in) Insecticide 6 2006 C-type photographic print 73.3 × 61.8cm (28.88 × 24.35in)

I4I





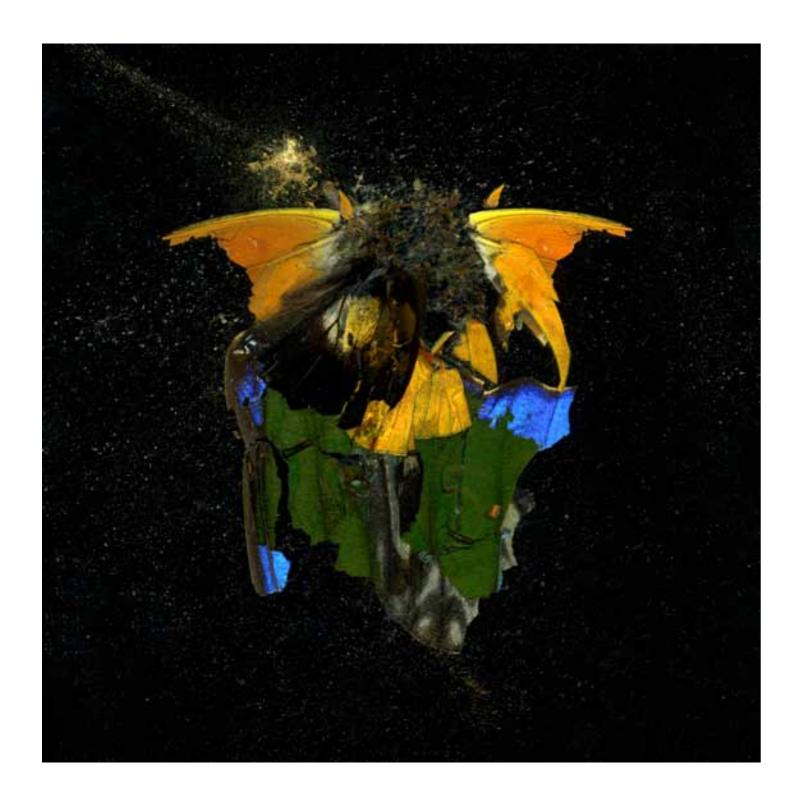
Insecticide 12 2006 C-type photographic print 130.5 × 134.3cm (51.42 × 52.91in) Insecticide 11 2006 C-type photographic print 150.8 × 130.5cm (59.37 × 51.38in)

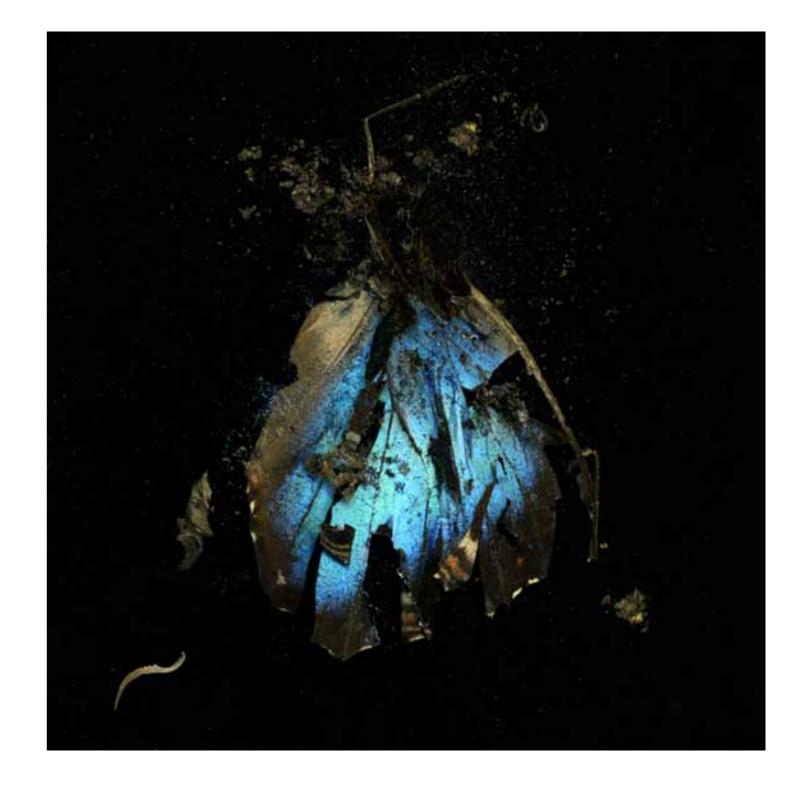




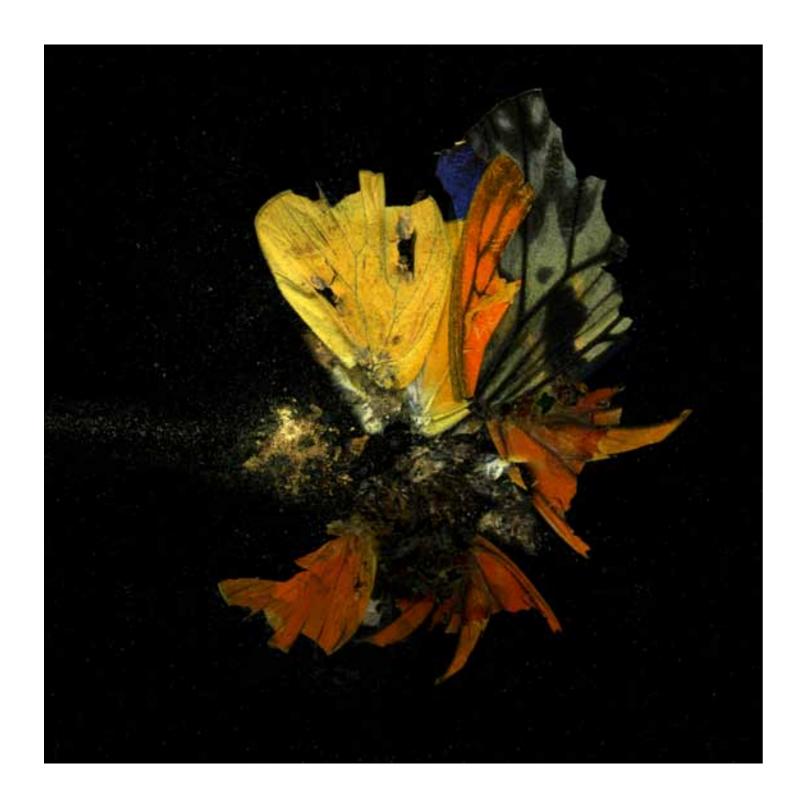
Insecticide 24 2008 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in) Insecticide 15 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in)

I45





Insecticide 14 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in) Insecticide 16 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in)





Insecticide 13 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in) Insecticide 18 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in)





Insecticide 38 2011 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in) Insecticide 28 2011 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in)





Insecticide 17 2009 C-type photographic print 182×182cm (71.62×71.62in) Insecticide 35 2011 C-type photographic print 182 × 182cm (71.62 × 71.62in) Pages 154–155
Submission, Solo Exhibition at Haunch of Venison, Berlin 2009
Installation photograph









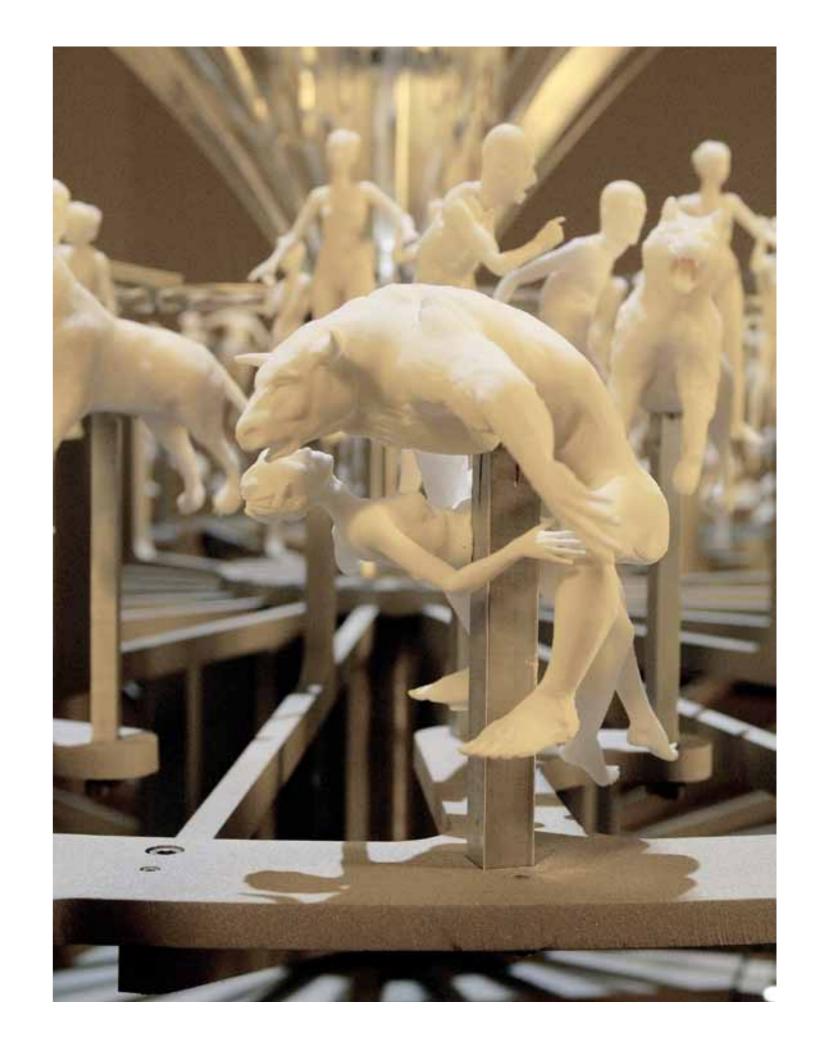


Island of the Dead 2008 LCD screen, hard drive, baroque frame, two-way mirror  $67 \times 114 \times 15$ cm (26.4  $\times 44.92 \times 5.91$ in)



Pages 158–161
Throbbing Gristle
2008
Steel, aluminium, plaster, resin, stroboscopic lights, motor
150 × 200 × 200 cm (59.06 × 78.74 × 78.74in)









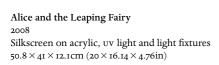
The Garden of Unearthly Delights
2009
Steel, aluminium, plaster, resin, LED lights, motor
179 × 200 × 200cm without guard
179 × 385 × 385cm with guard (200cm is the diameter of the actual zoetrope disc)





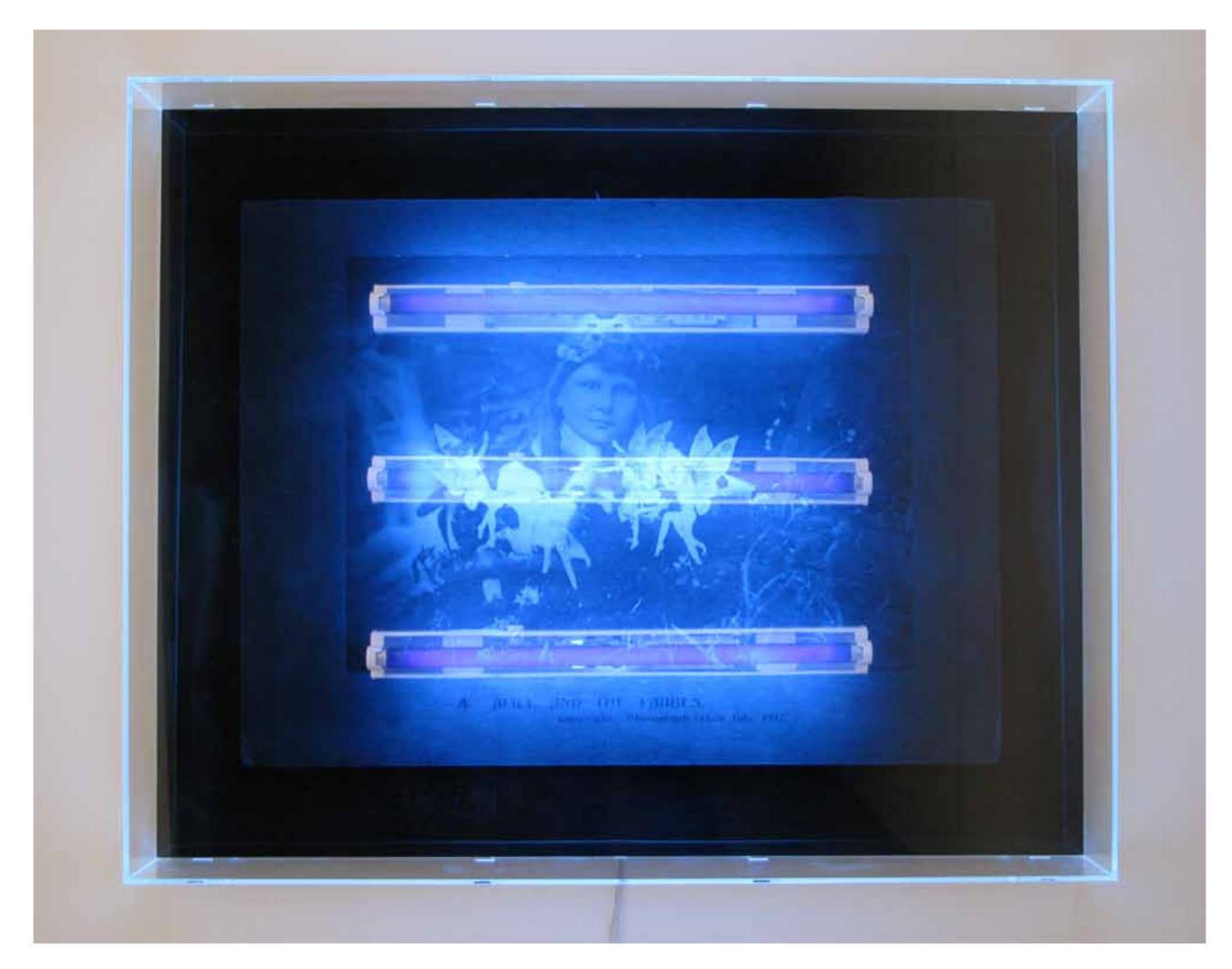








Iris and the Gnome 2008 Silkscreen on acrylic, uv light and light fixtures  $50.8 \times 41 \times 12.1cm$  ( $20 \times 16.14 \times 4.76in$ )



Alice and the Fairies 2008 Silkscreen on acrylic, uv light and light fixtures 95.9  $\times$  118.1  $\times$  15.9cm (37.8  $\times$  46.5  $\times$  6.3in)



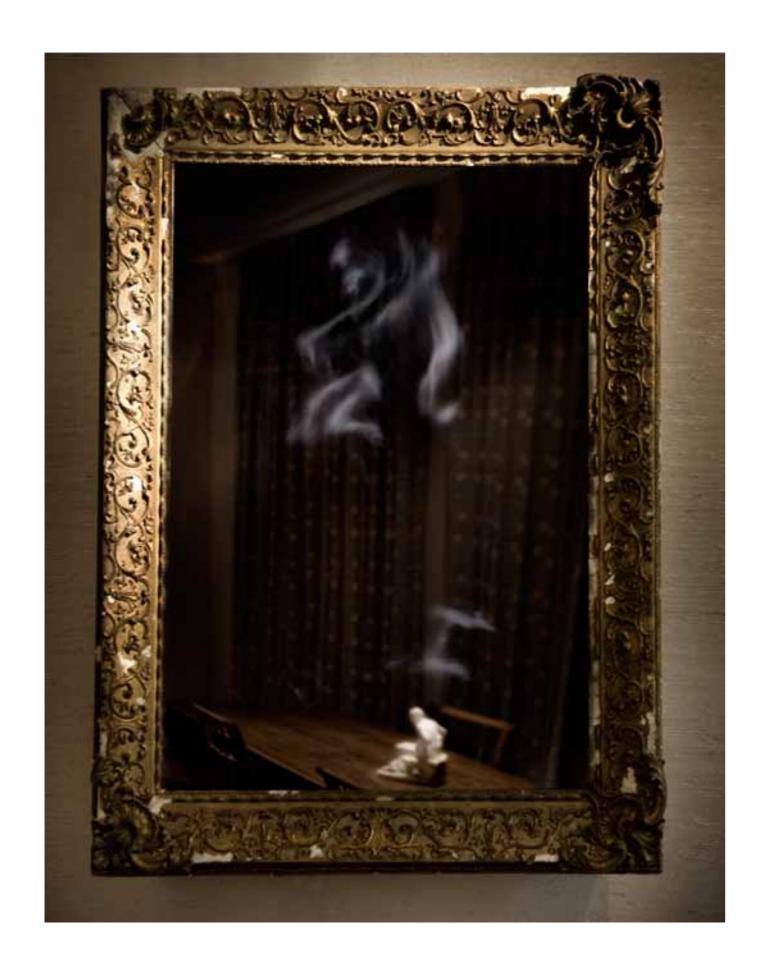






Pages 170–173
Shooting Stars
2008
45 gobo images, hard drive, 3 moving projectors and phosphorescent paint
Dimensions variable







Pages 174-175 Women Under the Influence

2009

Antique frame, two-way mirror, wood, steel, LCD screen & hard drive  $98 \times 78 \times 20$ cm  $(38.61 \times 30.73 \times 7.88$ in)

Pages 176–177

Total Recall 1, 2, and 3 (installed in The Freud Museum, London) 2009

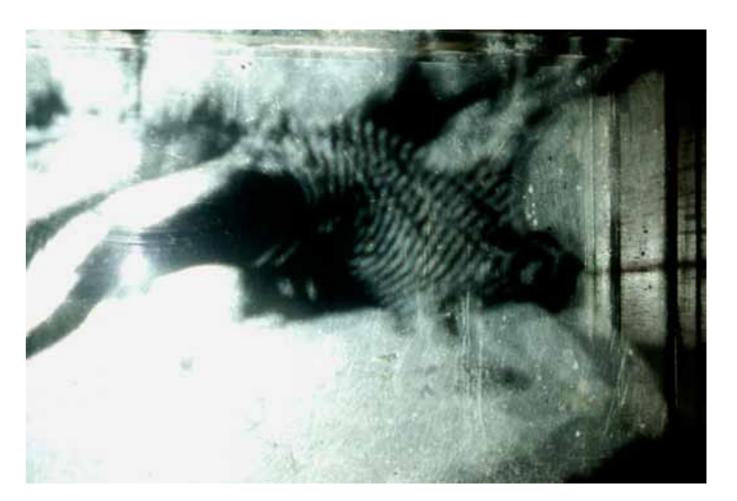
Resin, record decks 7" and 12" vinyl discs  $45 \times 80 \times 75 \text{cm} (17.7 \times 31.5 \times 29.5 \text{in}) / 55 \times 90 \times 90 \text{cm} (21.7 \times 35.4 \times 35.4 \text{in}) / 100 \times 140 \times 67 \text{cm} (39.4 \times 55.1 \times 26.4 \text{in})$ 



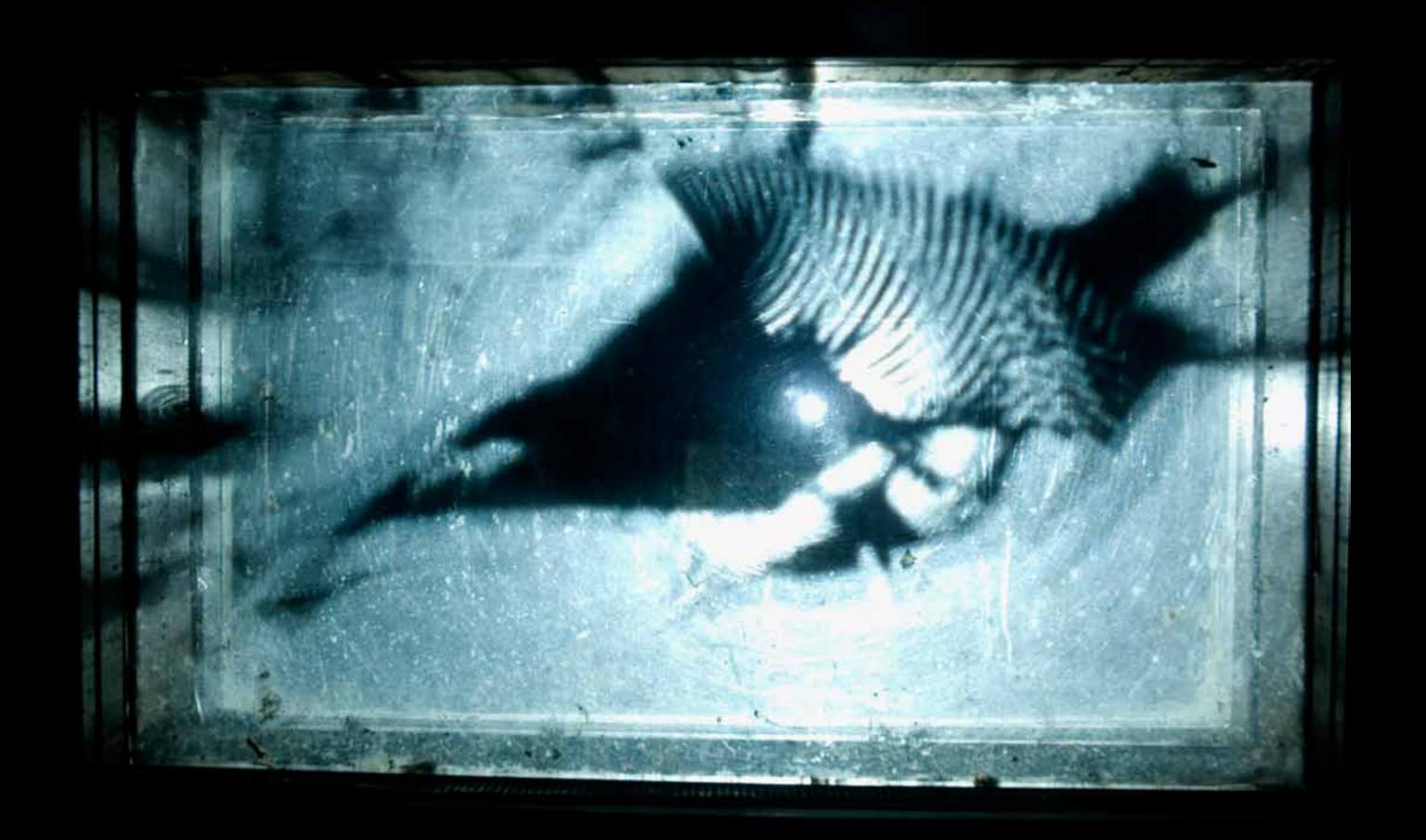




Wormery 2009 Wood, glass, steel, projector and player 38.6×47×15cm (15.2×18.5×5.91in)



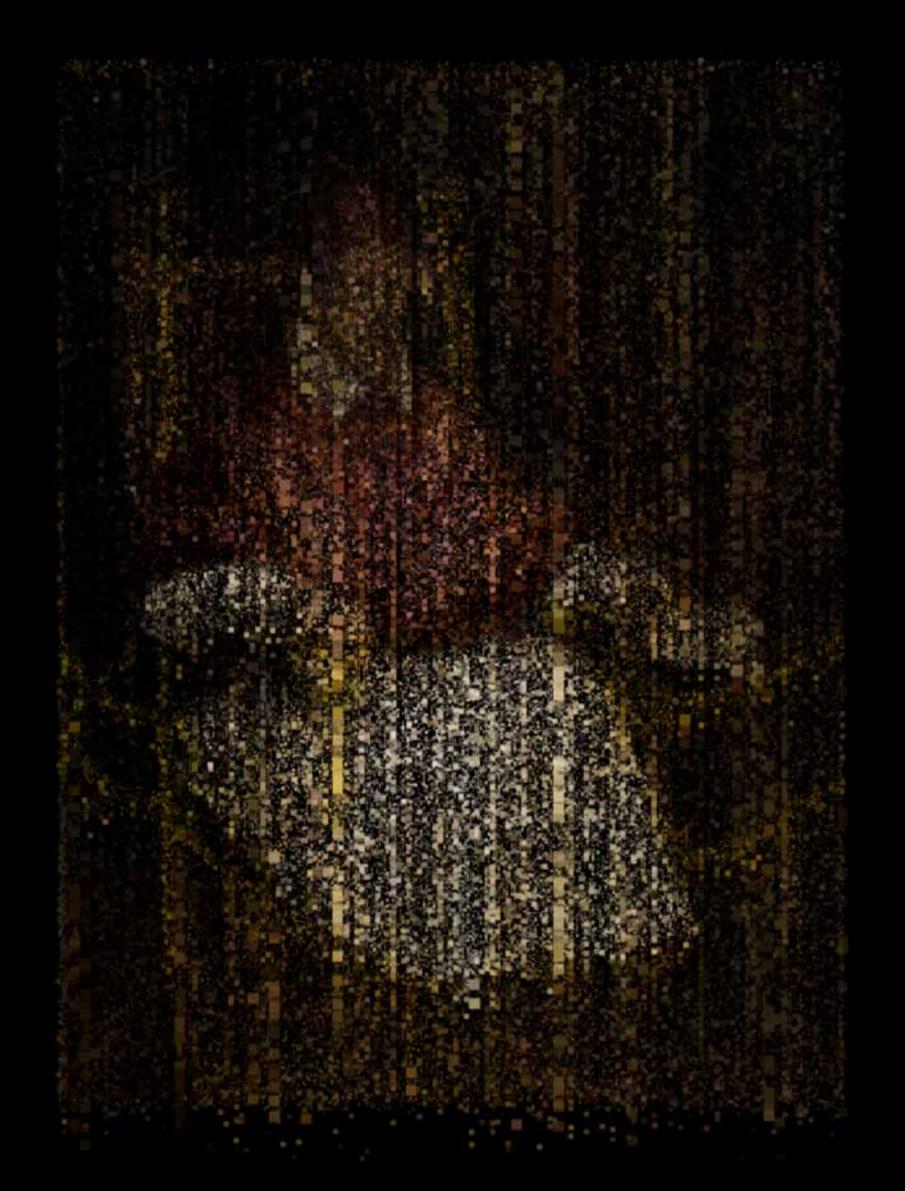


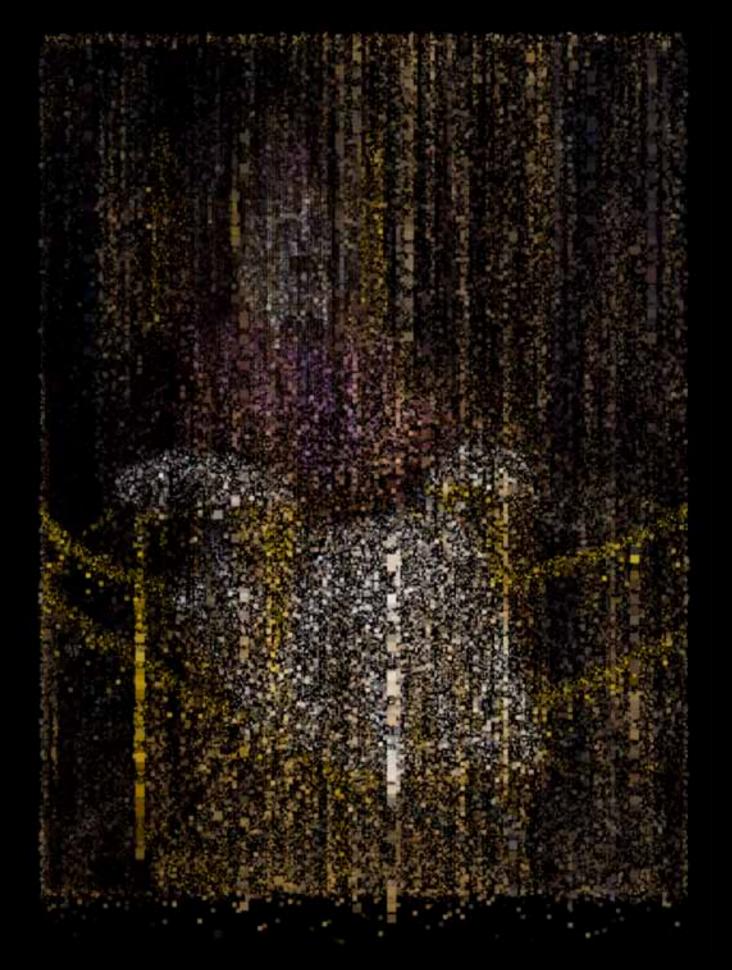






Slipping Into Darkness 2009 Antique sewing table, aluminium needle with transparency and LED lights II0  $\times$  50  $\times$  50 cm (43.34  $\times$  19.7  $\times$  19.7 in)





Pages 184–187
The End of Innocence
2009
Screen, projector and hard drive
Dimensions variable (Screen: 6 × 4.5m / 20 × 15ft)









Pages 189–191
Superveillance
2010
Corian, acrylic, steel, lights, electrical circuitry
249×157.5×16.5cm (98.03×62.01×6.5in)

















The Corporeal Audit 2012 Corian, acrylic, steel, lights and electrical circuitry  $170 \times 90 \times 16$ cm  $(62.99 \times 35.43 \times 6.3$ in)



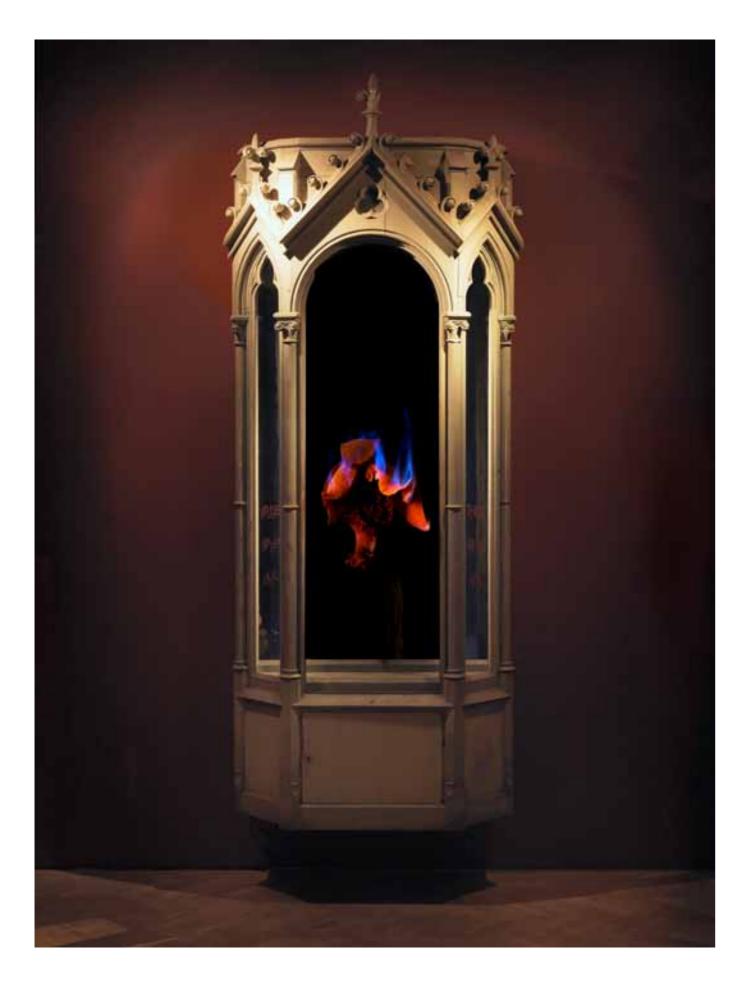




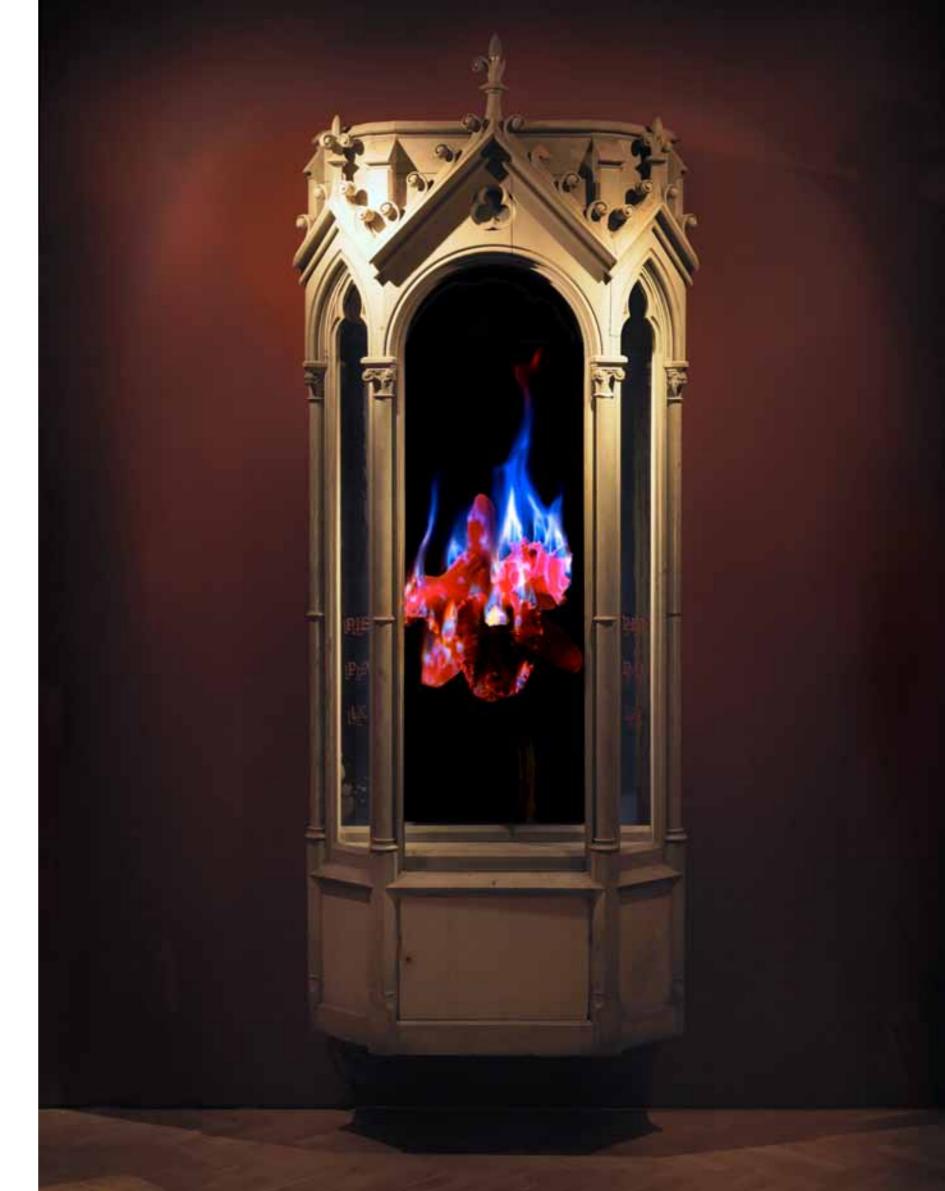
Pages 196–197 Performance

2010 Wood, steel, surveillance mirror, LCD screens and hard drive 203×152×66cm (79.92×59.84×25.98in) Pages 198–199 Creation Condemned, Solo Exhibition at Blain|Southern, London 2010 Installation photograph





Auto-Immolation 2010 Wood, steel, surveillance mirror, LCD screen, hard drive 300 × II3.5 × 52cm (204.72 × II8.II × 44.69in)





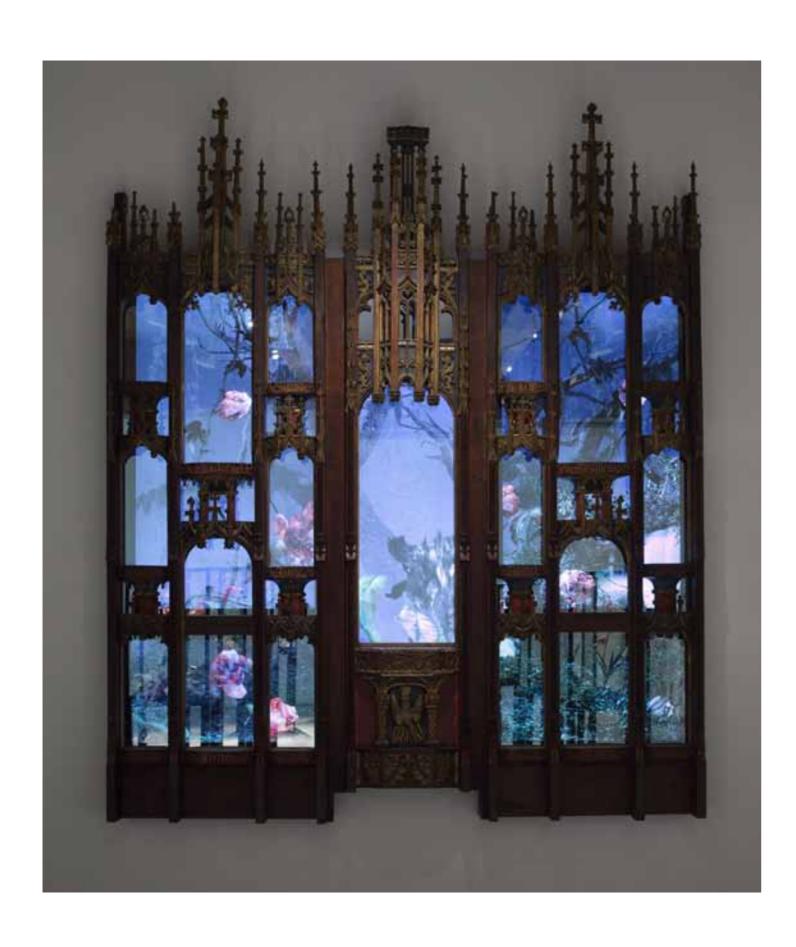


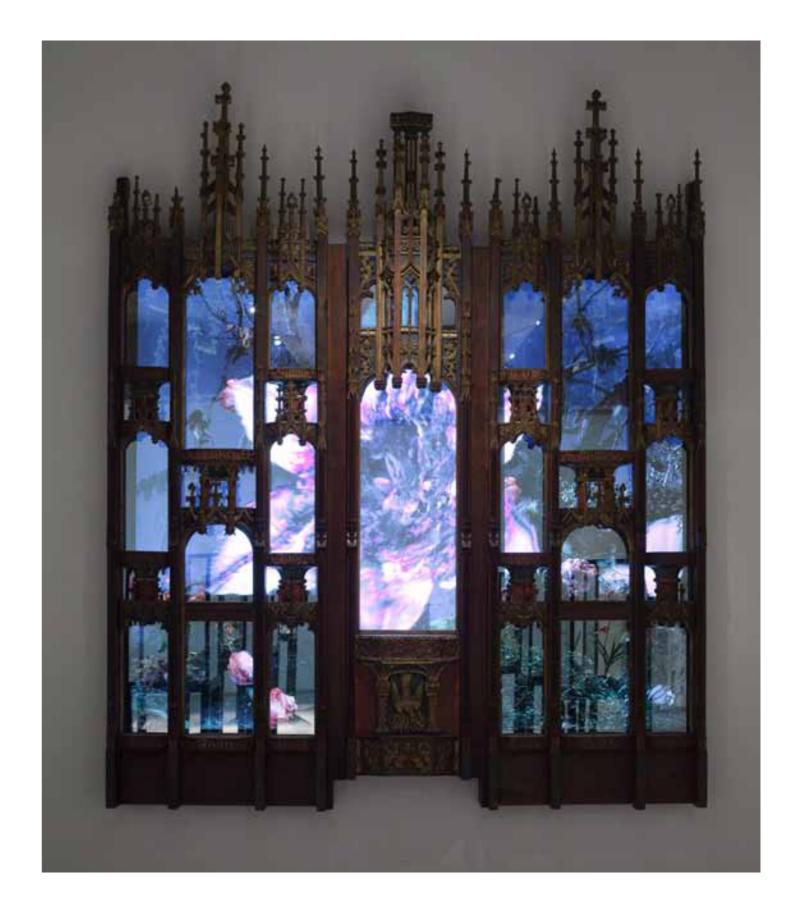
Pages 202 – 205
For Your Eyes Only
2010
Wood, steel, surveillance mirror, LCD screens, hard drive
95 × 210 × 21 cm (37.4 × 82.68 × 8.27in)



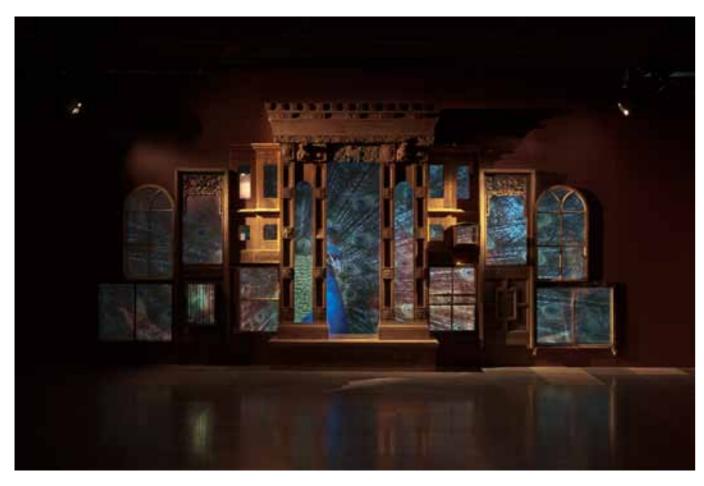








Gomoria 2012 Wooden shrine, steel, surveillance mirror, LED screens, hard drive  $271.8 \times 224 \times 26$ cm (107  $\times$  88.5  $\times$  10.25in)





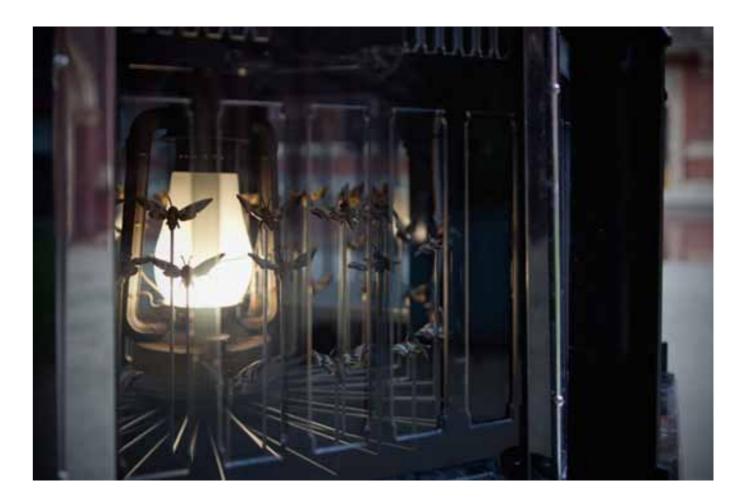
Retrospectre 2010 Wood, glass, steel, surveillance mirror video projector and hard drive 350 × 600cm (137.8 × 236.22in)













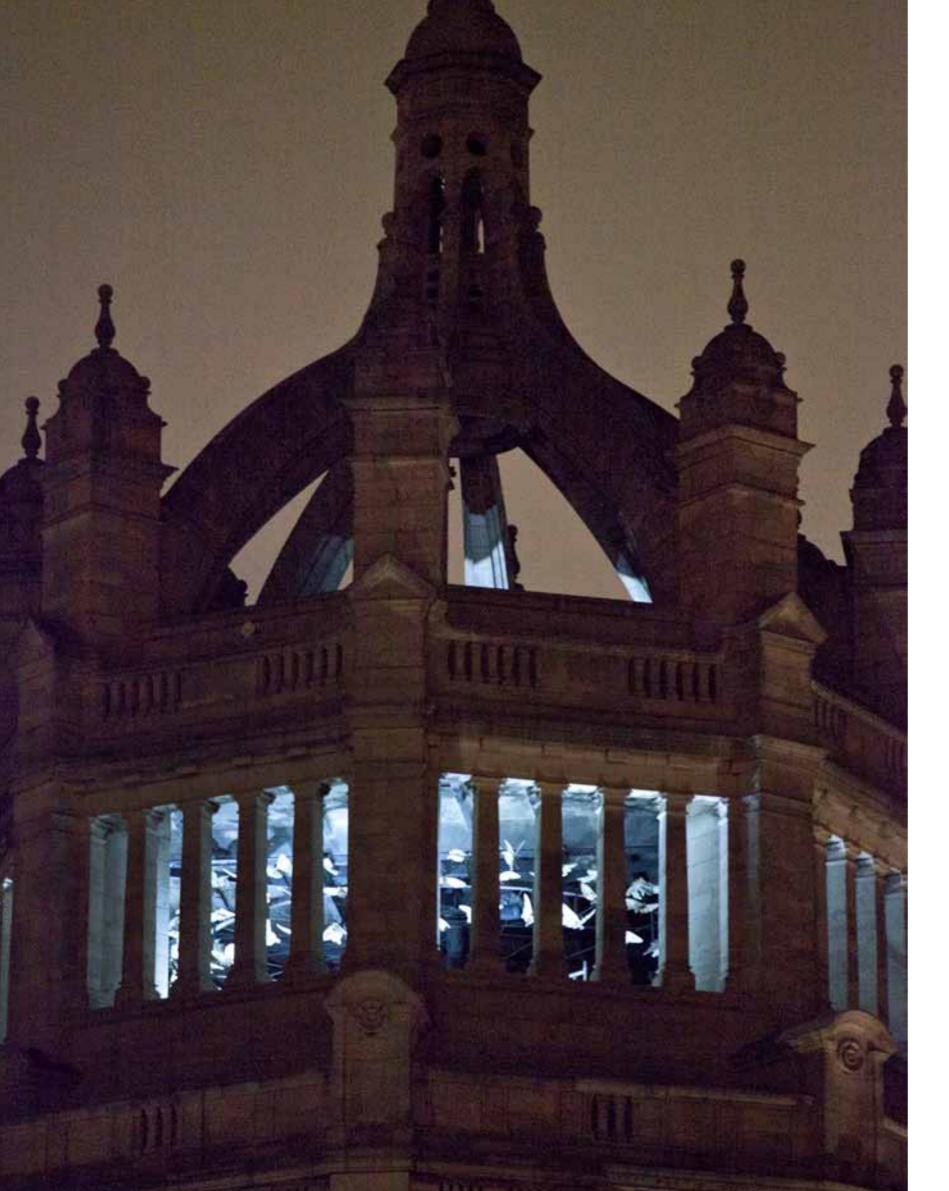
Magic Lantern Small 2010 Steel frame, glass, two-way mirror, aluminium, LED lights and motor 200  $\times$  120  $\times$  120cm ( $78.7 \times 47.2 \times 47.2$ in)

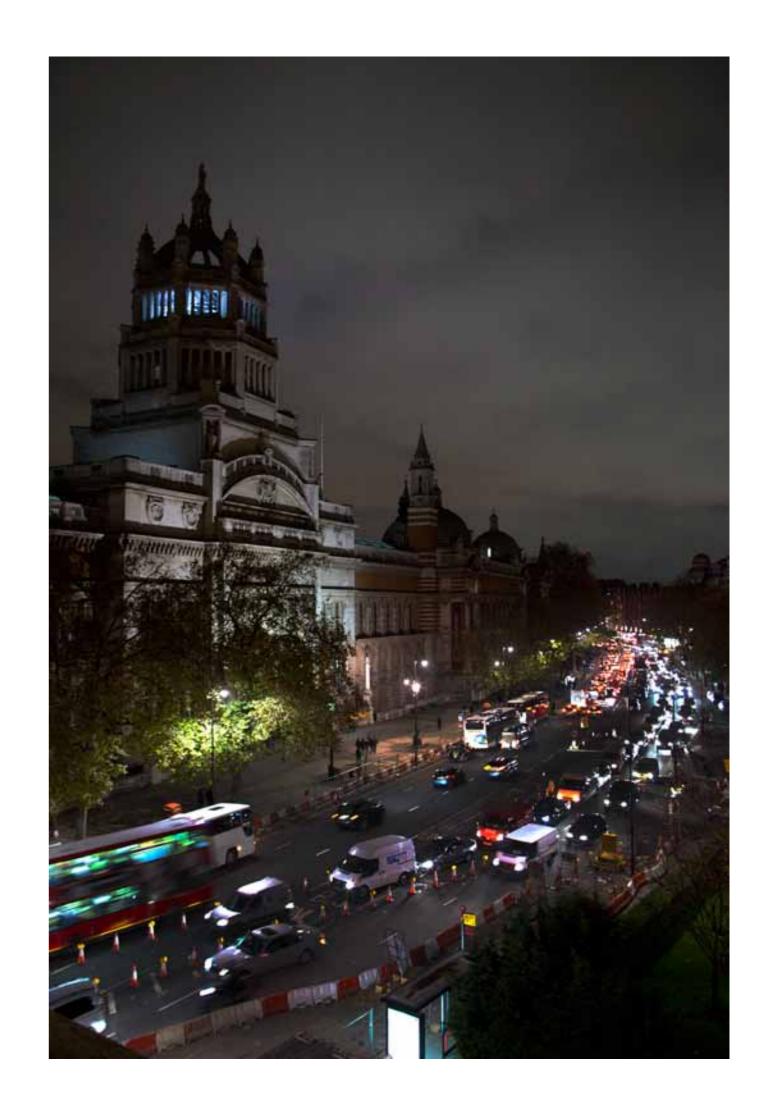


Pages 214–217

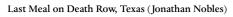
Magic Lantern (installed at the V&A Museum, London)
2010

Steel frame, perforated sheet aluminium, expanded resin, LED lights, motor Dimensions variable  $(4 \times 9 \times 9 \text{ m} / 13 \times 29.5 \times 29.5 \text{ft})$ 









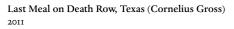
C-type photographic print Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $64 \times 46$ cm (25.2  $\times$  18.11in)



Last Meal on Death Row, Texas (Martin Vegas)

2011
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $64 \times 46 \text{cm}$  (25.2 × 18.11in)





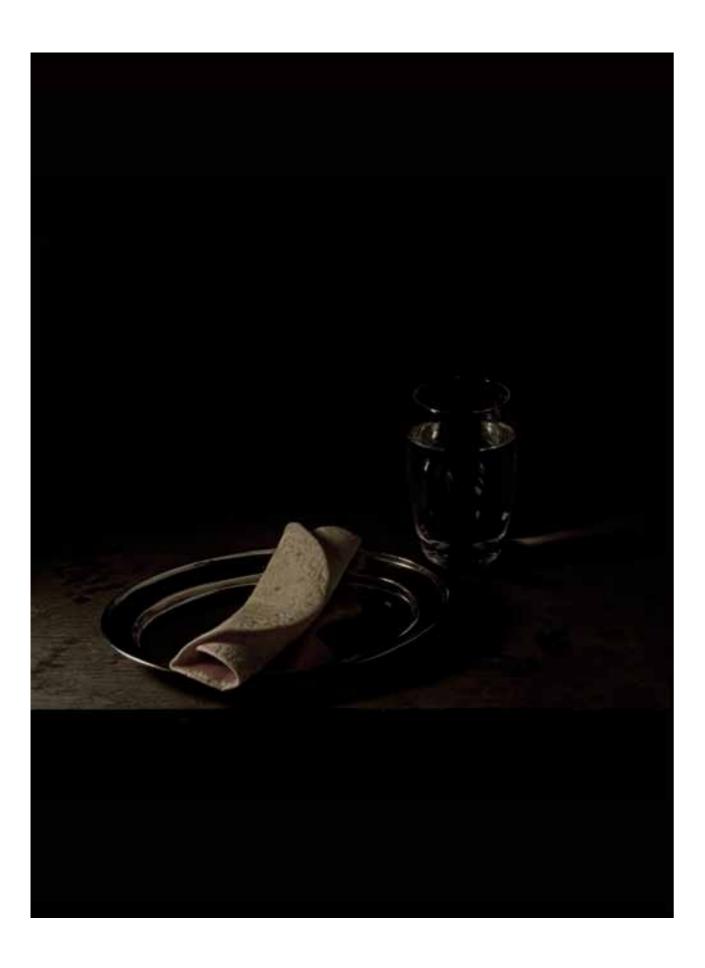
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $64 \times 46 \text{cm} \ (25.2 \times 18.11 \text{in})$ 



### Last Meal on Death Row, Texas (Bernard Amos)

C-type photographic print Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish 64 × 46cm (25.2 × 18.11in)

220 **22**I



Page 222
Last Meal on Death Row, Charles Frances Rumbaugh

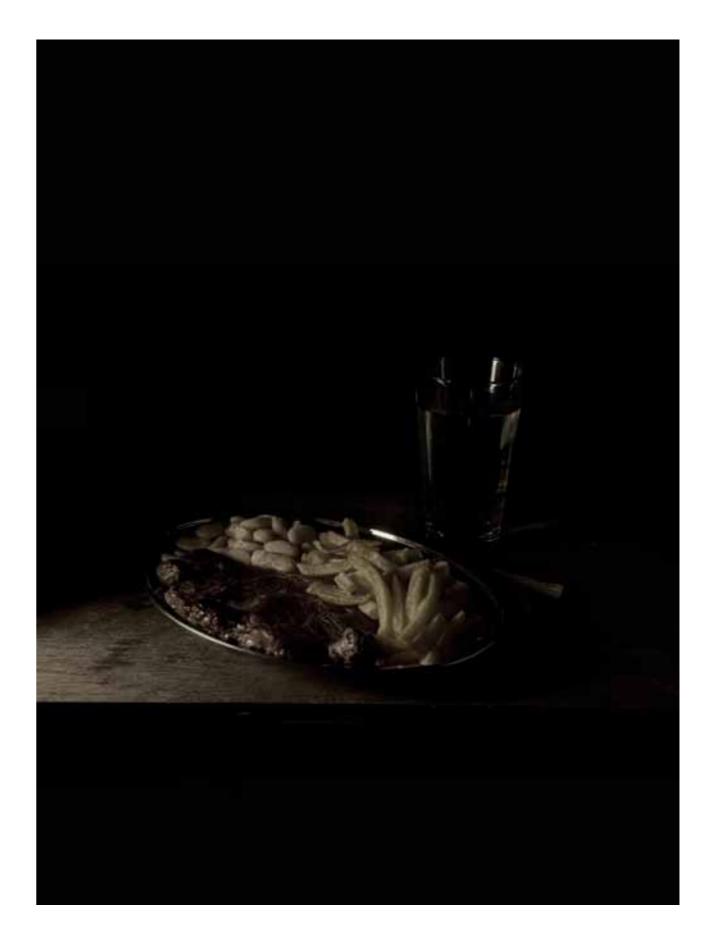
2010
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish
54.8 × 43 × 7.3cm (21.57 × 16.93 × 2.87in)

Page 223
Last Meal on Death Row, James Edward Clayton 2010
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $67.5 \times 58 \times 5 \text{cm} \ (22.44 \times 17.72 \times 2.36 \text{in})$ 





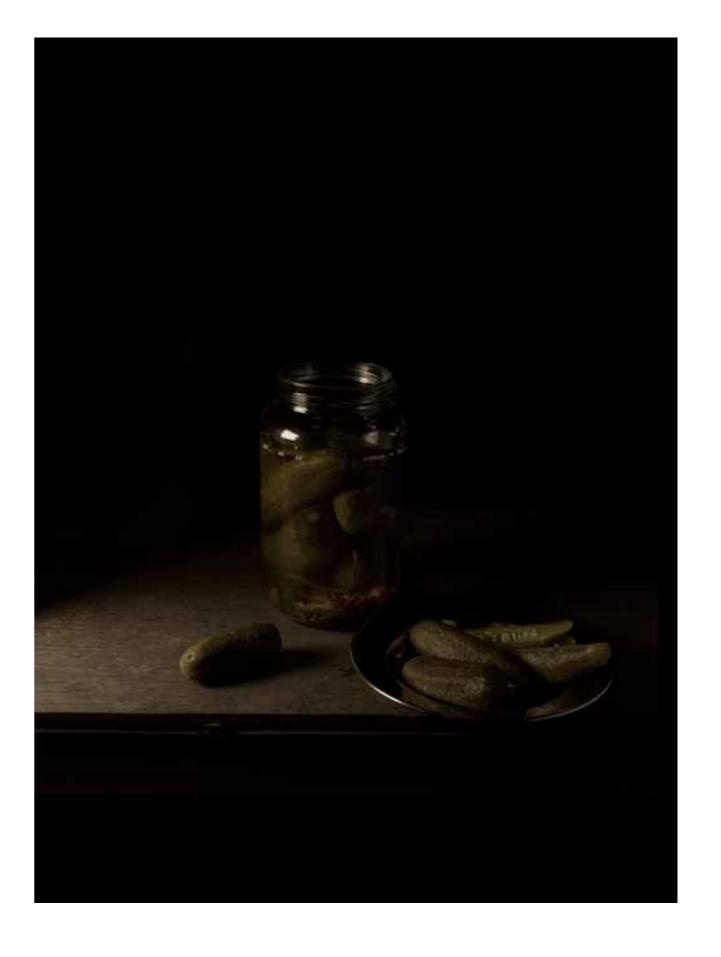




Last Meal on Death Row, Hai Hai Vuong

C-type photographic print Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish 57.6 × 45.6 × 7.2cm (21.46 × 16.93 × 2.76in)

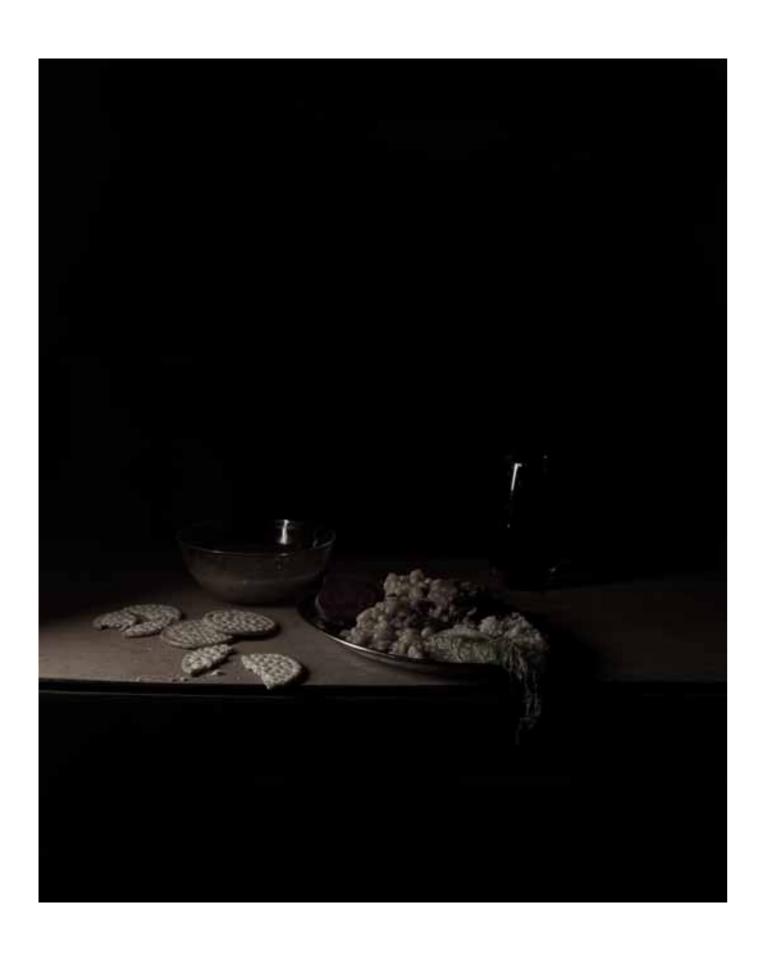


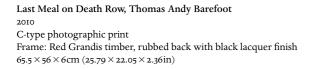


Page 226 Last Meal on Death Row, Texas (Paul Nuncio) 2011

2011
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish
64×46cm (25.2×18.11in)

Page 227
Last Meal on Death Row, Stacey Lamont Lawton
2010
C-type photographic print
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish
57.1 × 45.3 × 6cm (22.48 × 17.83 × 2.36in)







Page 229
Last Meal on Death Row, William Joseph Kitchens 2010

C-type photographic print Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $66 \times 56 \times 7.5$ cm ( $26.57 \times 21.26 \times 2.36$ in) Pages 230 – 231
Last Meal on Death Row, Allen Lee Davies (detail)
2012
Digital transfer print on goatskin parchment
Frame: Red Grandis timber, rubbed back with black lacquer finish  $52 \times 41.2 \times 7.5$ cm (20.47  $\times 16.22 \times 2.3$ 6in)





Pages 233 – 235
Whispering Weeds
2011
Wooden frame, border, LCD screen, fan and hard drive
29.92 × 25.98 × 6.3cm (76 × 66 × 16in)









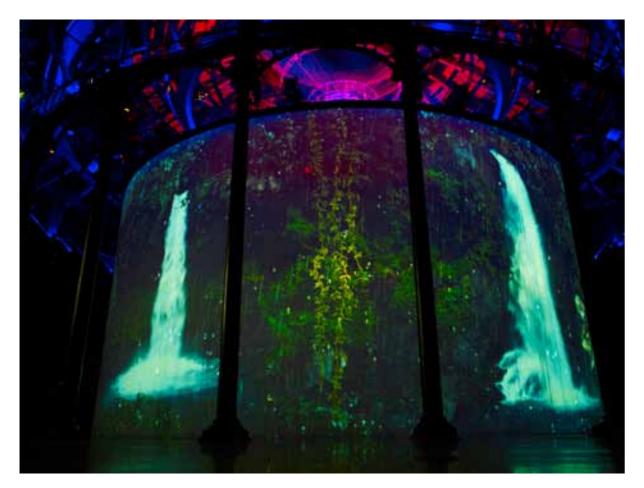


Something About the Night 4 2010 C-type photographic print 49×25×5.5cm (19.29×16.73×2.17in)

Something About the Night 3 2010 C-type photographic print  $55 \times 46.5 \times 7.5 \text{cm}$  (21.65 × 18.31 × 2.95in) Something About the Night 5 2010 C-type photographic print  $50 \times 44 \times 6.5 \text{cm} \ (19.69 \times 17.32 \times 2.56 \text{in})$ 

Burning Flower I 2003 C-type photographic print 25.4×20.3cm (10×8in) Page 237 Burning Flowers (Yellow Rose) 2003 C-type photographic print 108 × 82cm (42.5×32.25in)







Pages 238–241
Sordid Earth
2011
Video installation, hard drive, silicon, steel, 12 video projectors
Dimensions variable (8×50×50m / 25×164×164ft)







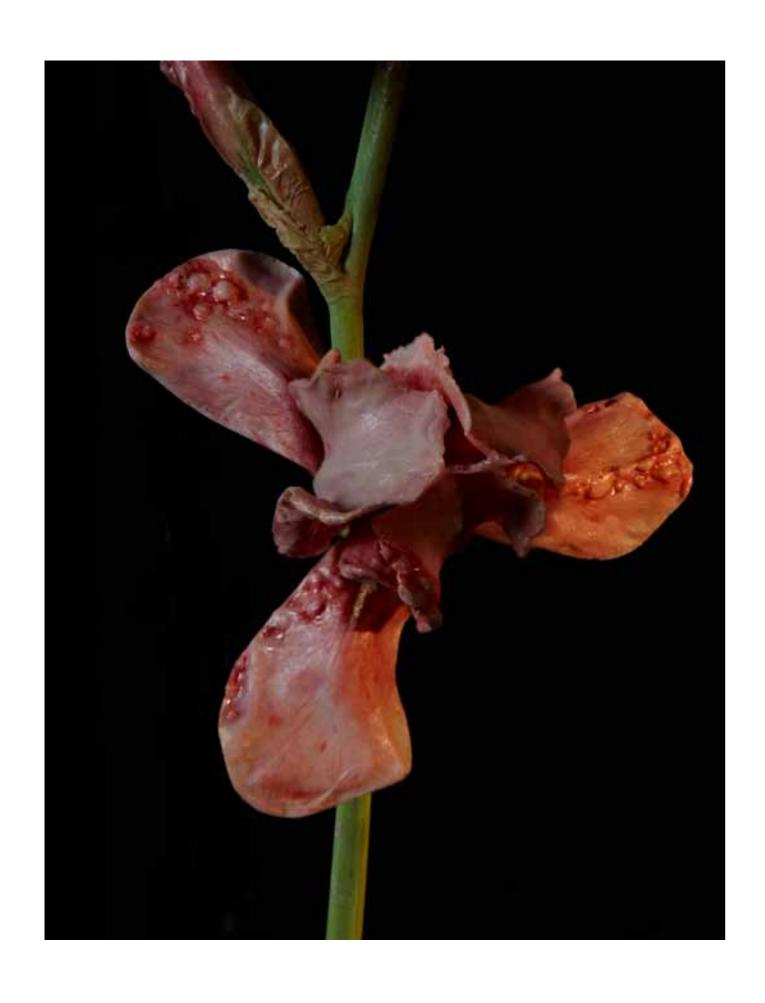


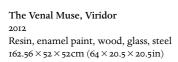


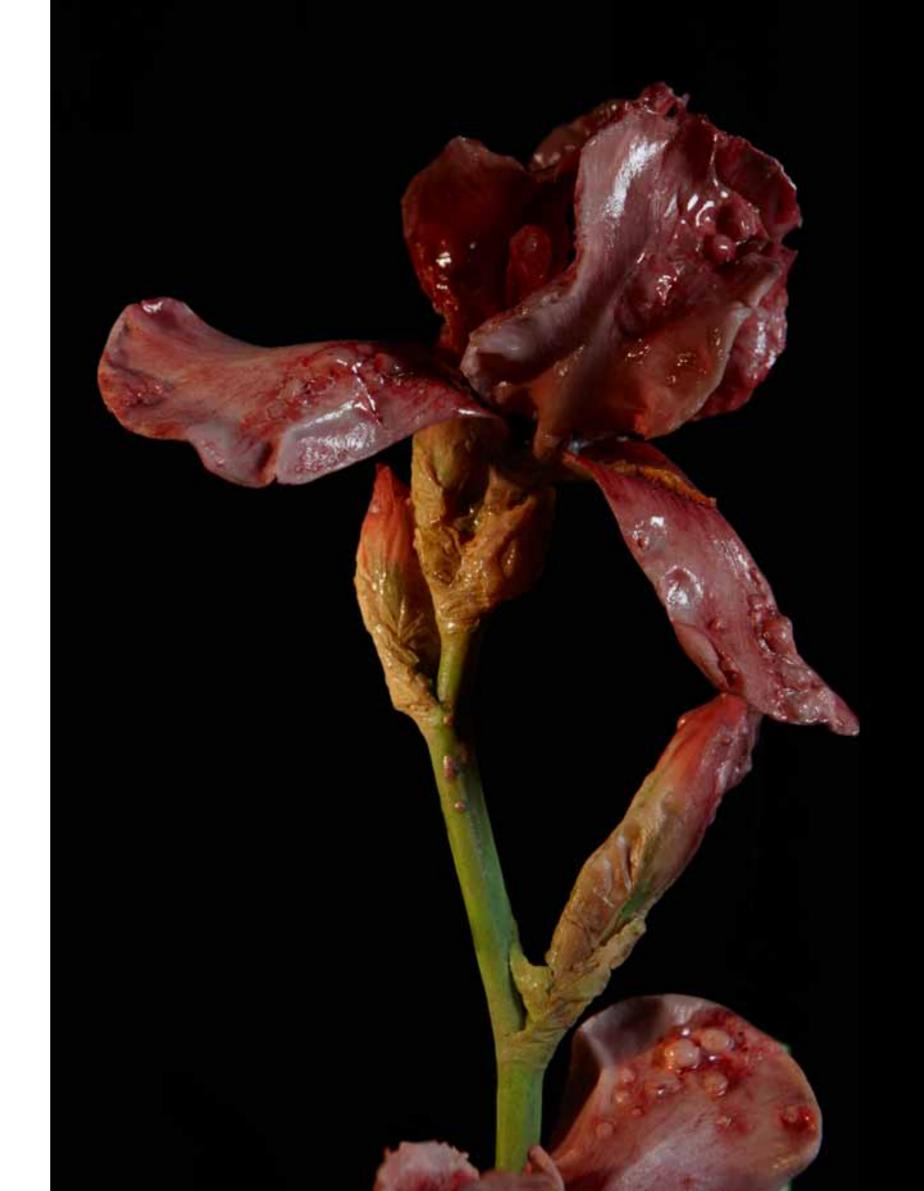


Crystal Gaze Series (all details) 2012 3D lenticular transparencies, steel, resin, wood, surveillance mirror, LED lights, electric circuitry Top left:  $50 \times 35.74$ cm / Top right:  $50 \times 35.74$ cm Bottom:  $35.74 \times 5$ ocm / Opposite page:  $50 \times 35.74$ cm









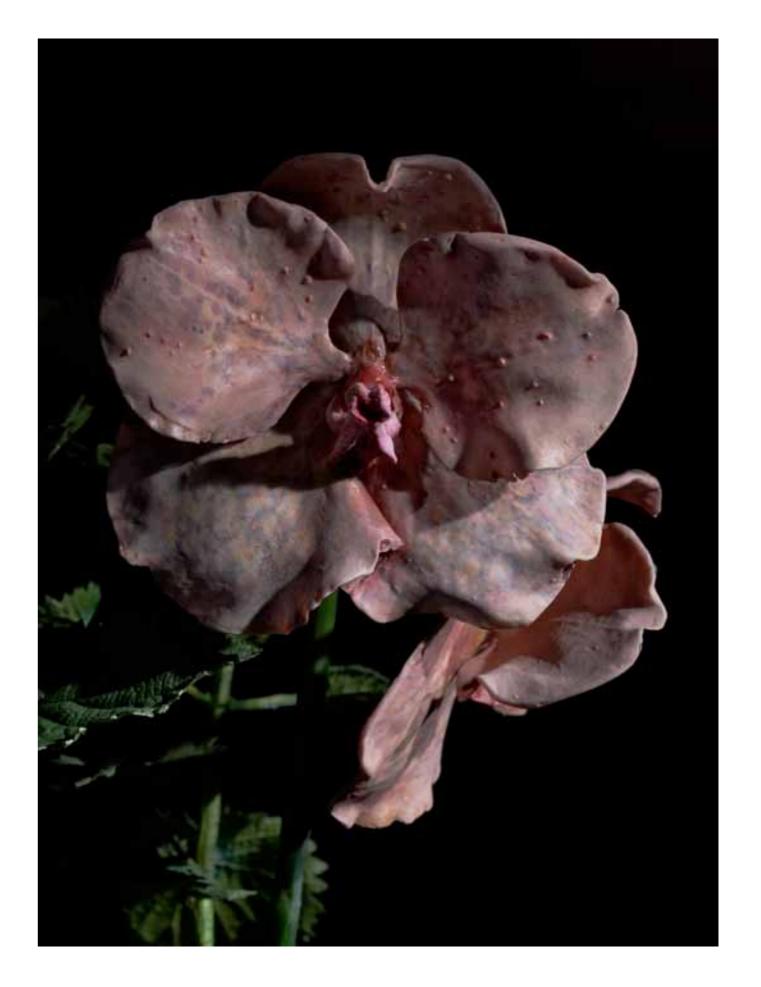




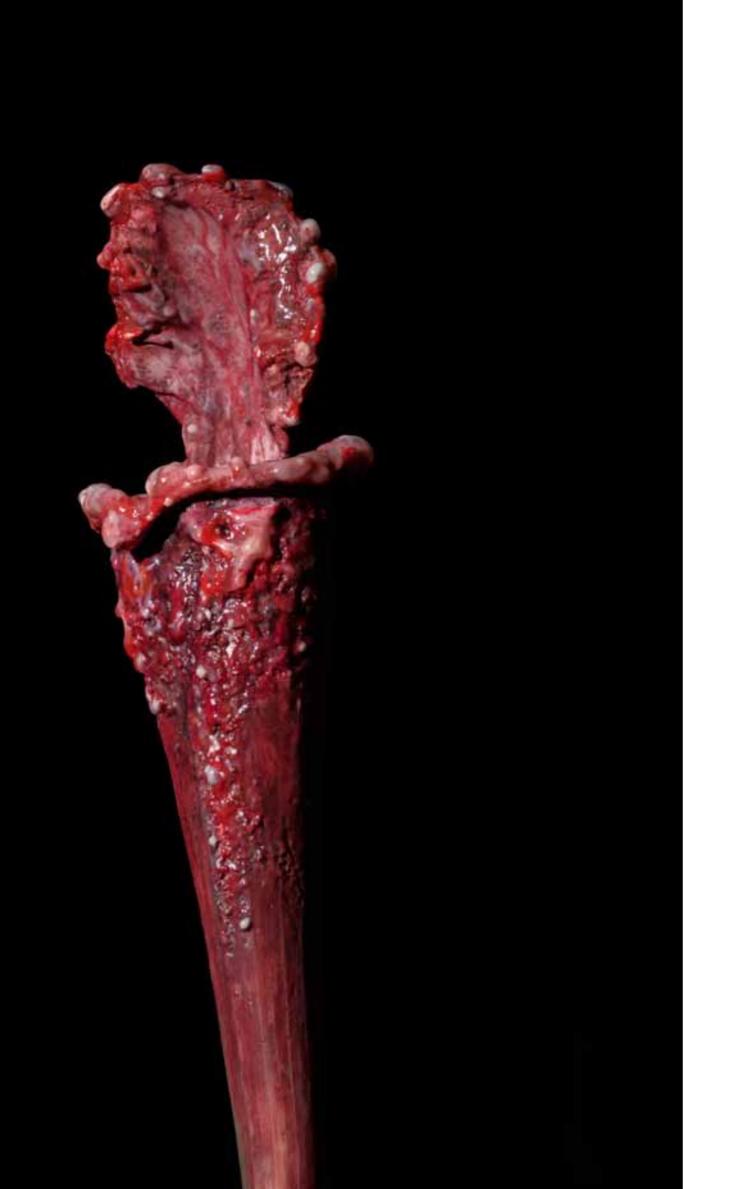
The Venal Muse, Lafage 2012 Resin, enamel paint, wood, glass, steel 162.56 × 52 × 52cm (64 × 20.5 × 20.5in)



The Venal Muse, Augean 2012 Resin, enamel paint, wood, glass, steel  $162.56 \times 52 \times 52 \text{cm} (64 \times 20.5 \times 20.5 \text{in})$ 

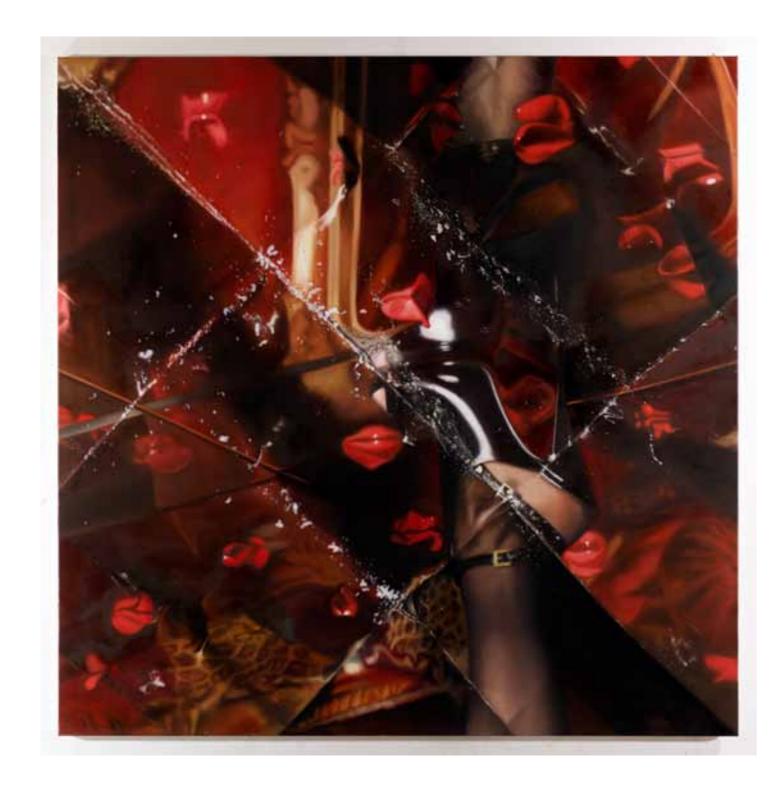


The Venal Muse, Impetus 2012 Resin, enamel paint, wood, glass, steel  $162.56 \times 52 \times 52 \text{cm} (64 \times 20.5 \times 20.5 \text{in})$ 





The Venal Muse, Fenside 2012 Resin, enamel paint, wood, glass, steel  $162.56 \times 52 \times 52 \text{cm} (64 \times 20.5 \times 20.5 \text{in})$ 





Black Garter 2012 Oil on canvas 225 × 225cm (88.6 × 88.6 in)

Urban Legends 2012 Oil on canvas 225 × 225cm (88.6 × 88.6in)





Sinners 2012 Oil on canvas 225 × 225cm (88.6 × 88.6in) Dragon's Lair 2012 Oil on canvas 225 × 225cm (88.6 × 88.6 in)





Dusk Till Dawn 2012 Oil on canvas 210 × 210cm (82.7 × 82.7in)





Whisky River 2012 Oil on canvas 210 × 210cm (82.7 × 82.7in) Elysium 2012 Oil on canvas 230 × 230cm (90.5 × 90.5in)



beyond here lies nothing but chillness, hostility, frozen waves of an ice-hard sea.

Extract from 'Poems from Exile'
Ovid (43BC-17/18AD)

# Selected Work Explanatory Notes

p. 35, Suicide Suite, 1993. Industrial material installed under four 1000w lights, surrounded by forensic pathology images of suicides.

pp. 36–37, I'm Talking Love, 1994. Rapid, stroboscopic slide projections of stills of Jodie Foster dancing in the film "The Accused". It precedes the scene where she is subjected to severe physical abuse from several men.

p. 39, Antique, 1994. A video loop of a canary, projected inside a bell jar, after the painting by Joseph Wright (1768) of an experiment on respiration in a vacuum.

pp. 40–41, Enchanted Wardrobe, 1994. An idyllic forest scene shown within a wardrobe, behind a two-way mirror. As a viewer approaches, a sensor detects their presence and the lights in the wardrobe turn off, leaving only the mirror visible.

p. 42, *Ultraviolet Angel*, 1993. An angel printed with ultraviolet sensitive ink. The image is only visible with the presence of ultraviolet lights.

p. 56, *Harlow's Monkey*, 1996. A cylindrical anamorphosis of an image from an experiment in the late 1950s, by Harry F Harlow, on behavioural psychology in animals.

pp. 60-61, *Snowstorm*, 1994. Video of a homeless boy in a shop doorway, digitally inserted into a snow dome, projected onto a piece of glass on the floor.

pp. 62–63, *Small Comfort*, 1995. Video of a woman and baby begging on London underground steps, projected inside a hemisphere filled with liquid. A hidden motor drives silver stars around the current.

pp. 64-65, *Interminable Drifter*, 1994. Video of an eagle filmed and then re-filmed, and re-filmed again, giving the impression of infinite space.

p. 70, The Eclipse of Venus, 1996. Recreation of the damage caused by the suffragette Mary Richardson's attack on Velázquez's 'Rokeby Venus in 1914.

pp. 78–80, Awakening of Conscience, 1997. Schoolgirls asleep in the woods after sniffing glue.

pp. 82-83, Forever, 1997. Photographs of a stripper taken from  $360^{\circ}$  around her, at precisely the same moment. The stills were then stitched together to produce a video appearing to circle the girl, creating an illusion of frozen time.

pp. 84–85, *Blind Date*, 1997. Documentation of the artist's trip to see Velázquez's 'Las Meninas' in the Prado museum in Madrid, blindfolded. The blindfold was removed for 3 minutes to view the painting and replaced for the return journey.

pp. 86–89, *Burnt Almonds*, 2000. Tableaux based on the accounts of Konstantin Simonov, a Russian diplomat who visited Nazi bunkers shortly after the end of WWII.

pp. 90-93, *Ultraviolet Baby*, 2001. Film of a baby in a contemporary babychange unit. Ultraviolet lights are installed in such units to deter heroin users, as the light makes veins invisible, thus protecting the baby from needles and broken glass.

pp. 94–95, *Two-Way Thing*, 2003. Projection onto a window, revealing Magritte's 'The Empire of Light' (1953–54). Rain appears to run down the window and the occasional lightning flash shows the interior of a room where a woman lies on a sofa. Pornography on a TV screen is also reflected on the glass panes.

pp. 104–106, *Barbarossa*, 2002. Images of Operation Barbarossa (1941) projected onto a gallery wall. After a few seconds the frozen landscapes burn up as if the heat from the projector lamp is too powerful for the film

pp. 108–109, Asylum, 2001. Video of asylum seekers on a raft projected into a glass buoy.

p. 111, Hair, 2001. Video of a young girl brushing her hair projected onto the back of a two-way mirror. The young girl gradually fades away, replaced by an elderly woman also brushing her hair.

p. 116, Shakin' Jesus, 2004. Video of the artist shuddering on a cross.

pp. 124–127, *Single Nights*, 2007. Photographs of single mothers from east London.

pp. 128–129, *Leda & the swan*, 2006. Video of a stormy night projected onto a marble sculpture of a girl and swan. The sculpture sits on a circular mirror which reflects the projection and the shadow of the sculpture onto the wall.

pp. 130 – 131, *Chiasmus*, 2007. Small-scale Madonna installed in a pulpit. As the viewer looks through the aperture in the pulpit their face appears on the cloth she is holding.

pp. 132-133, *Ganymede*, 2007. Video of an eagle carrying a naked boy, projected onto smoke rising from a church font.

pp. 136–139, *Deliverance*, 2008. Staged images of disaster victims projected onto phosphorescent paint; the images burn into the paint and linger like ghosts on the wall. The projector fires the images stroboscopically, as if in bursts of machine gun fire or rapid camera flash.

pp. 156–157, *Island of the Dead*, 2008. A simulated sun revolving around a computer model of Böcklin's 'Island of the Dead' (1886), displayed on an LCD screen behind a two-way mirror. As the sun sinks, the island disappears behind the mirror.

pp. 158–165, *Throbbing Gristle*, 2008 and *The Garden on Unearthly Delights*, 2009 3D zoetropes. Small resin figures appear to become animated when spun in synchronisation with stroboscopic LED lights.

p. 166, *Alice and the Leaping Fairy*, 2008. Photo printed with ultraviolet sensitive ink. The image is only visible with the presence of ultraviolet lights.

p. 170–173, *Shooting Stars*, 2008. Images of Victorian children projected onto phosphorescent paint. Occasionally the projector will drag an image across the wall leaving a shooting star-like trail.

pp. 174–175, Women Under the Influence, 2009. Photographs of women, used in psychological experiments by Jean-Martin Charcot, displayed on an LCD screen behind a two-way mirror. The women's faces appear and disappear in coils of simulated smoke.

pp. 176–177,  $\it Total Recall$ , 2009. Record players installed inside resin tree stumps playing recorded bird song.

pp. 178–181, *Wormery*, 2009. Photographs of Victorian women held in padded cells in-between psychological experiments, projected into a Victorian worm observation unit.

pp. 182–183, *Slipping into Darkness*, 2009. Cylindrical anamorphosis of a painting of Jean-Martin Charcot hypnotising a hysterical woman in a demonstration to his students.

pp. 184–187, *The End of Innocence*, 2009. Francis Bacon's 'Screaming Pope' and Velásquez's 'Pope Innocent X' reworked into digital rain and projected onto a large screen.

pp. 189–194, *Superveillance*, 2010 and *The Corporeal Audit*, 2012. Large-scale lithophanes carved into corian. The motored light behind the corian traverses the images vertically like a desktop scanner.

pp. 208–211, Retrospectre, 2010. Multiple video images projected into various door and window frames. The work was made to coincide with a film season by the Armenian film director Sergei Parajanov at the BFI, London. Subject matter includes material from the natural world presented to evoke ritual, religion and sacrifice.

pp. 214–217, *Magic Lantern*, 2010. Large-scale 3D zoetrope installed in the cupola of the Victoria & Albert Museum, London. Steel moths appear to become animated when they are spun in synchronisation with stroboscopic LED lights.

pp. 218–231, Last Meal series, 2010. Thirteen recreations of various prisoners' last meals on death row.

pp. 233 – 235, Whispering Weeds, 2011. Computer animated version of Albrecht Dürer's 'The Large Turf' (1503) with simulated wind.

pp. 238 – 241, *Sordid Earth*, 2011, Computer animated 360° panorama of a tropical landscape in which oversized flowers grow, contract various diseases, wither and die. This was originally created for Ron Arad's installation 'Curtain Call' at the Roundhouse, London, 2011, later shown in the gardens of The Israel Museum in Jerusalem, 2012.

pp. 242–243, *Crystal Gaze* series, 2011. 3D lenticular transparencies, installed behind two-way mirrors and backlit by LEDS which pulse on and off, causing the images to appear and disappear.

## Biography

1966 Born in Nottingham, UK Lives and works in London, UK

#### **EDUCATION**

1989 BFA Goldsmith's College, University of London, London, UK 1986 Trent Polytechnic, Nottingham, UK

### SELECTED SOLO EXHIBITIONS

2013 THIS IS NOT AN EXIT, Blain Southern, London, UK

2012 Crystal Gaze, Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT The End of Innocence, Dilston Grove, CGP London Gallery, London UK

Sordid Earth, Greenaway Art Gallery, Kent Town, AU Vitacide, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US

2011 Pearls of the Abyss, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

2010 Last Meal on Death Row, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Magic Lantern, Victoria & Albert Museum, London, UK Shooting Stars & The Garden of Unearthly Delights, Void Gallery, Derry, IE

Creation Condemned, Blain | Southern, London, UK Modern Pastimes (curated by Danilo Eccher), FaMa Gallery, Verona, IT Superveillance Galleria Raucci / Santamaria Naples IT Outcasts, Chiostro del Commendatore, Borgo Santa Spirito, Rome, IT Retrospectre, British Film Institute, London, UK

2009 Submission, Haunch of Venison, Berlin, DE Hysteria (curated by James Putnam), Freud Museum, London, UK Nebulaphobia, Unosunove Rome, Rome, IT

2008 Mat Collishaw: Shooting Stars, Haunch of Venison, London, UK Mat Collishaw. Deliverance, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US Deliverance, Spring Projects, collaboration with the Fashion in Film Festival 2008, London, UK Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

2006 Buenas Noches, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT 2005 Capillary Action, Anne Faggionato, London, UK

No One Is Innocent, Grimm Rosenfeld, Munich, DE Mat Collishaw, Inverleith House, Edinburgh, UK

2004 Mat Collishaw, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Mat Collishaw, Art & Public, Geneva, CH Mat Collishaw, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US

2003 Mat Collishaw, Modern Art, London, UK Retinal Stain, Cosmic Galerie, Paris, FR

2002 Mat Collishaw Cosmic Galerie Paris FR Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT

2001 Mat Collishaw, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Mat Collishaw, Site Gallery, Sheffield, UK New Works, Modern Art, London, UK Ultra Violet Baby, 4-day film screening, Shoreditch Town Hall,

London, UK

Mat Collishaw, Bonakdar Jancou Gallery, New York, US Lux Gallery, London, part of the 2001 Pandaemonium Film Festival, UK

2000 Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT Museum of Contemporary Art, Warsaw, PL

1999 Galleria d'Arte Moderna, Bologna, IT

Flesheaters, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH 1998 Bloom Gallery, Amsterdam, NL

Bonakdar Jancou Gallery, New York, US Anne Faggionato, London, UK (with Damien Hirst)

1997 Ideal Boys, Ridinghouse Editions, London, UK Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Ideal Boys, Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT Duty Free Spirits, Lisson Gallery, London, UK

1996 Control Freaks, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US Statements, Galerie Analix, Art 27'96, Basel, CH

1995 Bloom Gallery, Amsterdam, NL (with Danielle Kwaaital) Camden Arts Centre, London, UK Karsten Schubert Ltd., London, UK (in collaboration with Thomas Dane)

Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

1994 Idol Hours, Gramercy Park Hotel, New York, US (organised by Cohen Gallery)

The Eclipse of Venus, No. 20 Glasshouse Street, London, UK 1993 Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT Galerie Analix, Geneva, CH

Centre d'Art Contemporain, Martigny, FR

1992 Cohen Gallery, New York, US 1990 Karsten Schubert Ltd., London, UK Riverside Studios, London, UK

#### SELECTED GROUP EXHIBITIONS

2013 The Nature of the Beast, The New Art Gallery Walsall, Walsall, UK Ennemi Public (curated by Barbara Polla), Magda Danysz Gallery,

2012 White Light / White Heat: Contemporary Artists & Glass, Wallace Collection, London, UK

Freedom Not Genius (curated by Elena Geuna), Pinacoteca Giovanni e Marella Agnelli, Turin, IT

About Caravaggio (curated by Anna Imponente), Museo Tuscolano-Scuderie Aldobrandini, Frascati Rome, IT

Otherworldly: Optical Delusions and Small Realities, organized by The Museum of Arts and Design, MUba Eugene Leroy, Tourcoing, FR

Deliverance, part of Le Printemps de Septembre art festival: History is Mine, Less Abattoirs – frac Midi-Pyrénées, Toulouse, FR Intersections, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, IS

720°, as part of Ron Arad's Curtain Call Project, The Israel Museum, Jerusalem, IS

Britain Creates 2012: Fashion + Art Collusion, Victoria and Albert Museum, London, UK

Des Images, Des Histories, Palais Jacques Cœur, Paris, FR A Drawing while Waiting for an Idea, Large Glass Gallery, London, UK The End, Jacob's Island Gallery, London, UK

Made in Britain, Contemporary Art from the British Council Collection, Benaki Museum, Athens, GR

Out of Focus: Photography, Saatchi Gallery, London, UK

Spieglein, Spieglein an der Wand, Rohkunstbau, Berlin, DE 2011 Memories of the Future, The Olbricht Collection, La Maison Rouge,

Paris, FR

Viel Lärm um Alles – Barockes in der zeitgenössischen Kunst, Haus für Kunst Uri CH

12th International Istanbul Biennial, Istanbul, TK

Sordid Earth, as part of Ron Arad's Curtain Call project, Roundhouse, House of Beasts, Attingham Park, organised through Meadow Arts,

National Trust, UK Otherwordly - Optical Delusions and Small Realities, Museum of Arts

and Design, New York, US

2010 La Forêt de mon rêve, Galerie d'Art du Conseil Général des Bouchesdu-Rhône Cours Mirabeau, Aix-en-Provence, FR

Locus Solus, Benaki Museum, Athens, GR Extraordinary Measures Belsay Castle Northumbria UK

Mat Collishaw, Tracey Emin & Paula Rego, Foundling Museum, London, UK

2009 Distortion, curated by James Putnam, Gervasuti Foundation, Venice Biennale, Venice, IT

Mythologies, Haunch of Venison, London, UK

2007 Les Fleurs du Mal, Arcos Sannio Contemporary Art Museum, Benevento, IT

Mat Collishaw, Anthony Goicolea, Haunch of Venison, Zurich, CH The Tempest-Mat Collishaw and Paul Fryer, curated by James Putnam, Venice Biennale The Gervasuti Foundation Venice IT

Reconstruction #2 (curated by Mollie Dent-Brocklehurst & Elliot McDonald), Sudeley Castle, Gloucestershire, UK

1:1.000.000.000, Galleria Raucci / Santamaria, Naples, IT Naturalia, Unosunove, Rome, IT

2006 Into Me/Out of Me, Kunstwerke, Berlin, DE

In the Darkest Hours There May Be Light, Serpentine Gallery, London, UK

Into Me / Out of Me, MoMA PS1, Long Island, US

People. Volti, corpi e segni contemporanei dalla collezione di Ernesto Esposito (curated by Edoardo Cicelyn & Mario Codognato) MADRE-Museo d'arte Donna Regina, Naples, IT

What Makes You and I Different, Tramway, Glasgow, UK Solitude, Upstairs, Berlin, DE

Handsome (curated by Barbara Polla), Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

2005 Controlled, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US The Parabole Show, Grimm/Rosenfeld, Berlin, DE

Fifty One Celebrates Five Years, Fifty One Fine Art Photography,

Collecion Helga de Alvear, Museo Extremeno & Iberoamericano, Badaioz, ES

Fragile, Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

2004 Rose c'est la vie. On Flowers in Contemporary Art, Tel Aviv Museum of Art, Tel Aviv, IL

New Blood, Saatchi Gallery, London, UK

Art of the Garden, Tate Britain, London, UK

Artmania! Art and the World of Plants, Sunderland Museum, Sunderland UK

I, Assassin, Walspace Art Space, New York, US

2003 Narcissus, CRAC Alsace, Altkirsch, FR

2002 New Religious Art (curated by Neal Brown), Liverpool Biennial, Liverpool, UK

The Passing (curated by Charlotte Schepke), Galeria Helga de Alvear, Madrid, ES

Penetration (curated by Mark Fletcher), Friederich Petzel Gallery, New York, US

Marianne Boesky Gallery, New York, US

Tableaux Vivants: Living Pictures and Attitudes in Photography, Film and Video, Kunsthalle Wien, Vienna, DE

Screen, Ashcroft Arts Centre, national touring exhibition organised by the Hayward Gallery for the Arts Council of England, UK Mirroring Evil / Nazi Imagery in Recent Art, The Jewish Museum, New York, US

Nausea, Diannogly Art Gallery, Nottingham, UK

At Sea, Sainsbury Centre, UEA, Norwich, organised by Tate Liverpool, UK

At Sea, Tate Liverpool, UK

Penetration, Friederich Petzel Gallery, New York; Marianne Boesky Gallery New York US

2001 Asylum: Mat Collishaw, Inside Space at Selfridges, London, UK Sacred and Profane, A Sheffield Galleries & Museum Trust Touring Exhibition, Mappin Art Gallery, Sheffield, UK

Double Vision, Galerie für Zeitgenössische Kunst, Leipzig, DE Electronic Maple: Human Language and Digital Culture in Contemporary Art, New York Centre for Media Arts, New York, US

Tattoo Show, Modern Art, London, UK Exhibition of digital art, in association with the BBC, Lux Gallery,

London, UK SV, The Fabric Workshop and Museum, Philadelphia, US

Remnant, Hunter College / Leubsdorf Art Gallery, New York, US 2000 Greenhouse Effect, Serpentine Gallery, London, UK

1000 + 1 Nacht, Landesmuseum, Linz, DE Psycho, Art and Anatomy (curated by Danny Moynihan), Anne Faggionato, London, UK

Bierfest 2000, VTO, London, UK

And she will have your eyes ..., Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Anna & Bernhard Blume, Sophie Calle, Mat Collishaw, Jim Dine, Flor Garduño & Candida Höfer, The Museum of Contemporary Photography, Chicago, US

Sex & the British (curated by Max Wigram and Norman Rosenthal), Galerie Thaddaeus Ropac, Paris, FR

Flower Show, Pump House Gallery, London, UK

Lisson Gallery in Covent Garden, London, UK

Point of View: Works from a Private Collection, Richard Salmon,

London, UK Potent Present, CCAC Institute, Logan Galleries, San Francisco, US

Petty Crimes, Laing Art Gallery, Newcastle upon Tyne, UK From a Distance: Approaching Landscape, ICA, Institute of Contemporary Art, Boston, US

Small Worlds: The Diorama in Contemporary Art, Museum of Contemporary Art, San Diego, US

The Museum of Contemporary Photography, Columbia College,

1999 Claustrophobia, Cartwright Hall, Lister Park, Bradford; Mappin Art Gallery, Sheffield; Centre for Visual Arts, Cardiff, UK

EXTRAetORDINAIRE, Printemps de Cahors, FR Chiva[s]ynergies /art: Moving Image, Museo de Arte Moderna de São

Paulo, São Paulo, BR The Flower Show: Flowers in Art in the 20th Century, Harewood House,

Leeds, UK The Edge of Awareness - Al Limite della Coscienza (curated by Adelina von Fürstenberg), Triennale di Milano, Milan, IT; Tea Factory, Liverpool, UK

This Other World of Ours, TV Gallery, Moscow, RU

Secret Victorians, Contemporary Artists and a 19th-Century Vision, Hayward Gallery, London; Middlesbrough Art Gallery; IKON Gallery, Birmingham, UK

Best of the Season, Aldrich Museum of Contemporary Art, Ridgefield, UK

LA International, Chac-Mool Contemporary Fine Art, West Hollywood, US, in collaboration with Lisson Gallery,

London, UK

Flower Show, Fruitmarket Gallery, Edinburgh, UK Dimension Variable, The Ludwig Museum Budapest-Museum of Contemporary Art, Budapest, HU

Now It's My Turn to Scream, Works by Contemporary British Artists from the Logan Collection, Haines Gallery, San Francisco, US

Sensation: Young British Artists from the Saatchi Collection (curated by Norman Rosenthal and Charles Saatchi), Brooklyn Museum of Art, Brooklyn, US

Art Lovers (curated by Marcia Fortes), TRACEY, The Liverpool Biennial of Contemporary Art, Liverpool, UK

1998 Secret Victorians, Contemporary Artists and a 19th-Century Vision, touring exhibition: The Minority Art Gallery, Colchester, UK; Arnolfini, Bristol, UK; Hayward Gallery, London, UK; Middlesbrough Art Gallery, Middlesbrough, UK; IKON Gallery, Birmingham, UK; UCLA at the Armand Hammer Museum of Art and Cultural Centre, Los Angeles, US

Close Echoes, City Gallery, Prague, touring to Kunsthalle Krems, AT Exterminating Angel, Galerie Guislaine Hussenot, Paris, FR

Exhibition of Contemporary British Art, Japanese Museum Tour, 1989–99, Tochigi Prefectural Museum of Fine Art, traveling to Fukoka City Art Museum; Hiroshima City Museum of Contemporary Art; Tokyo Museum of Contemporary Art;

Ashiya City Museum of Art and History, JP London Calling, British Art School in Rome, Rome, IT Public Body & Artificial Space, Kunsthalle Krems, Krems, AT

The Edge of Awareness (curated by Adelina von Fürstenberg), MoMA PS1. New York, US

Then and Now, Lisson Gallery, London, UK Bad Habits, Galeria Soledad Lorenzo, Madrid, ES

Centre for Visual Art, Cardiff, UK

Animation, LEA, London Electronic Arts, London, UK Claustrophobia, IKON Gallery, Birmingham, UK, travelling to Middlesbrough Art Gallery, Middlesbrough, UK; Mappin Art Gallery, Sheffield, UK; Dundee Contemporary Art,

Cartwright Hall, Bradford, UK; Aberystwyth Arts Centre,

Precursor, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US Shrunken Heads, Aldrich Museum of Contemporary Art, Ridgefield, UK

1997 Other men's flower (curated by Joshua Compton), British Art School in Rome, IT

Pictura Britannica, Museum of Contemporary Art, Sydney, touring to Art Gallery of South Australia, Adelaide, AU; City Gallery, Wellington, NZ

Urban Legends, Staatliche Kunsthalle, Baden Baden, DE

Sensation: Young British Artists from the Saatchi Collection (curated by Norman Rosenthal and Charles Saatchi). Royal Academy of Arts, London, UK The Citybank Private Bank Photography Prize, Royal College of Art, London, UK

Full House: Young British Art, Kunstmuseum Wolfsburg, DE Private Face - Urban Space: A New Generation of Artists from Britain, Gasworks, Athens, GR

London Live, Kunstmuseum Wolfsburg, DE

Screen, Anne Faggionato, London, UK

Amsterdam, NL

A print portfolio from London, Alte Gerhardsen, Oslo, NO Live / Life, Fundação des Descobertes, Lisbon, PT

1996 On Line Media, Graaf van Vlaanderenplein, Gent, BE

Fernbedienung / Does television informs the way art is made,

Grazer Kunstverein, Graz, AT Hide and Seek (curated by Ami Barak), Jerusalem, IL Exchanging Interiors (curated by Manuela Klerkx), Museum van Loon,

Live / Life (curated by Hans Ulrich Obrist), Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Paris, FR

Figure to Object, Frith Street Gallery, London, UK Summer Show, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US

Human Technology, Revolution, Ferndale, UK

Digital Gardens, Power Plant, Toronto, CA The Inner Eye (curated by Mariner Warmer), Manchester City Art

Gallery, Manchester, UK PADT, Thames, London, UK

Drawings, Karsten Schubert Ltd, London, UK

Comme un Oiseau, Fondation Cartier, Paris, FR

Statement & Video Forum, Art 27'96; Galerie Analix Basel, CH

Manifesta, Natural History Museum, Rotterdam, NL

Hybrids, De Appel Foundation, Amsterdam, NL

Some Drawings from London, Kate Bernard, London, UK

Push Ups (curated by Emily Tsingou), The Factory, Ergostasio, Fine Art School Athens GR

Birds: Art and Science, two creative energies confronting each other (curated by Hans Ulrich Obrist and Carolyn Christov Bakargiev), Zerynthia, Rome, IT

Kingdom of Flora, Shoshona Wayne Gallery, Santa Monica, US More Than Real, Palazzo Reale, Caserta, UK (organised by Galleria Raucci / Santamaria and Massimo Sgroi)

The British Art Show IV, organised by the Hayward Gallery for the Arts, Council of England, travelling to Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh, UK; May-July: Cardiff, UK

1995 The British Art Show IV, organised by the Hayward Gallery for the Arts, Council of England, UK; travelling to Chinese Arts Center, Manchester, UK; Edinburgh, UK; Cardiff, UK Bloom Gallery, Amsterdam, NL

The Fourth Istanbul Biennial, Art and Culture Foundation (curated by René Block), Istanbul, TK

Le mille e una volta. Mostra Colettiva di Contenuto Favolistico (curated by Laura Cherubini and Giacinto di Pietrantonio), Galleria di Arte Moderna e Contemporane, Repubblica di San Marino, San Marino, IT

Konrad Lorenz's Duck (curated by Paola Piccato), Ex Lanificio Bona, Carignano, Turin, IT

2 × 2, 4 for 4, Karaoke (curated by Georg Herold), South London Gallery, London, UK

Brilliant! New Art from London, Walker Art Center, Minneapolis, travelling to Contemporary Arts Museum, Houston, US

Brill: work on paper by "Brilliant!" artists, Montgomery Glassoe Fine Art, Minneapolis, US

Oltre la normalità concentrica (curated by Gianni Romano), Palazzo Da Zara, Padua, IT

Wild Walls, Stedelijk Museum, Amsterdam, NL

Hardcore II, Factual Nonsense, London, UK

Here and Now, Serpentine Gallery, London, UK

Dialogues de Paix (50th ONU anniversary) (curated by Adelina von Fürstenberg), United Nations, Geneva, CH; touring exhibition travelling to MoMA PS1, New York, US; Triennale di Milano, Milan IT

Minky Manky (curated by Carl Friedman), South London Gallery, London, UK

Other Men's Flowers (curated by Joshua Compton), Ice Box, Athens, GR On Site Project, Camden Arts Centre, London, UK

1994 Corpus Delicti-London in the 90's, Kunstforeningen Copenhagen, BE Purple 8½ (curated by Purple Prose, Elein Fleiss and Olivier Zahm), Galerie Jousse Seguin, Paris, FR

Institute for Cultural Anxiety, ICA, Institute of Contemporary Art,

Nature Morte: Mat Collishaw, Damien Hirst, Stephen Murphy, Julie Roberts, Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US

Winter of Love (curated by Elein Fleiss, Dominique Gonzalez-Foerster, Bernard Joisten, Jean-Luc Vilmouth and Olivier Zahm) MOMA PS1, New York, US

Incertaine Identité, Galerie Analix, Geneva, CH

Soggetto-Soggetto, Castello di Rivoli, Turin, IT

Ars Lux, touring exhibition (curated by Roberto Daolio, Giacinto di Pierantonio, Silvia Grandi, Gabriele Peretta, Roberto Pinto, Gianni Romano and Marco Senaldi), IT

Rien à Signaler (curated by Gianni Romano), Galerie Analix, Geneva, CH

Hellraiser (curated by Stefano Jermini), Monte Carasso, CH Not Self-portrait, Karsten Schubert Ltd, London, UK

Nature Morte, Mat Collishaw, Damien Hirst, Stephen Murphy, Julie Roberts Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York, US

L'Hiver de l'amour (curated by Elein Fleiss, Dominique Gonzalez-Foerster, Bernard Joisten, Jean-Luc Vilmouth and Olivier Zah), Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Paris, FR

1993 Displace, Cohen Gallery, New York, US Aperto '93, XLV Venice Biennial, Venice, IT The Ebb Tide Shell Gathering, Centre d'Art Contemporain, Martigny, FR Changing I Dense Cities, Shedhalle, Zurich, CH

1992 Under Thirty, Galerie Metropol, Vienna, AT Twenty Fragile Pieces (curated by Gianni Romano), Galerie Analix,

Exhibit A, Serpentine Gallery, London, UK Collishaw, Fairhurst, Lane, Via Farini, Milan, IT

1991 Stillstand Switches, Shedhalle, Zurich, CH

1990 Modern Medicine, Building One, London, UK A group Show, Karsten Schubert Ltd, London, UK

1989 Ghost Photography: The Illusion of the Visible (curated by Stella Santacatterina), touring exhibition, IT

1988 Freeze (curated by Damien Hirst), Surrey Docks, London, UK

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2012 Sanctuary-British Artists and their studios, Thames and Hudson,

2011 Interview-Artists V3: Recordings 2011, Cv / VAR Editions, London, UK Interview – Artists 4: Patterns of Experience; 1988 – 2011, Cv / VAR Editions, London, UK

2009 Mat Collishaw Insecticides, Haunch of Venison, Berlin, DE

2007 Mat Collishaw, Other Criteria, London, UK

2001 A Contemporary Cabinet of Curiosities, Selections from the Vicki & Kent Logan Collection, CCAC, California, US

1999 Vision. 50 years British Creativity, Text by David Sylvester, David Hockney, Melvin Bragg, Michael Craig-Martin, Nicholas Serota, Thames & Hudson, London, UK

1998 Real / Life: New British Art, exhibition catalogue, published by The Asahi Shimbun, Osaka, IP

1997 Mat Collishaw, Jon Thompson, Artimo Foundation, Breda, NL Screen, portfolio of 11 prints by 12 artists, Anne Faggionato Gallery, Charles Booth-Clibborn, London, UK

1996 Push Ups, exhibition catalogue, Athens, GR Video Forum, Art 27'96 Basel, Basel, CH Digital Gardens: A world in Mutation, exhibition catalogue,

The Power Plant, Toronto, CA

Live / Life, exhibition catalogue, Musee d'Art Moderne de la Ville

Fernbedienung, exhibition catalogue, Grazer Kunstverein, Graz, AT 1995 Oltra la normalita concentrica, Palazzo da Zaro, Gianni Romano, IT

Minky Manky, South London Gallery, London, UK Wild Walls, Leontine Coelewij, Martin van Nieuwenhuyzen

Istanbul Biennial exhibition catalogue, Istanbul Foundation for Culture and Arts, Istanbul, TR

Manifesta One, exhibition catalogue, Rotterdam, NL

Corpus Delicti, Torben Christensen and Andrew Renton, Kunstforeeningen, Copenhagen, DE

Brilliant, Walker Art Centre, Minneapolis, US

British Art Show, National Touring Exhibitions, Hayward Gallery Publication, London, UK

Dialogue de Paix, Palais des Nations, Geneva, CH

1994 L'Hiver de l'Amour, Musee d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Paris, FR Soggetto Soggetto, Giorgio Verzotti & Antonella Russo, Castello di Rivoli, IT

Uncertain Identity, Gianni Romano, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

1993 Mat Collishaw, Stuart Morgan, Francoise Jaunin; Interview by Alison Sarah Jaques, Galarie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH Aperto, Venice Biennale XLV, Venice, IT

1992 Under Thirty, exhibition catalogue, edited by Eric Oppenhiem, Galerie Metropol, Vienna, AT

Exhibit A, exhibition catalogue, Henry Bond & Andrea Schlieker, Serpentine Gallery, London, UK

Twenty Fragile Pieces, Gianni Romano, Galerie Analix Forever, Geneva, CH

1991 Technique Anglaise: Recent Trends in British Art, edited by Andrew Renton and Liam Gullick, Thames and Hudson, London, UK / One-Off Press, New York, US

1990 Modern Medicine, Building One, London, UK

1080 The Illusion of the Visible Idea Books IT

1998 Freeze, exhibition catalogue, Ian Jeffrey, London, UK

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2012 Kappala-Ramsamy, G., 'On My Radar: Mat Collishaw's cultural highlights', The Observer, 4 November

Levene, L., 'Style over substance', The Sunday Telegraph, 21 October Stoppani, T., 'Dust, vacuum cleaners, (war) machines and disappearance of the interior', *Idea Journal*, 2011

Glover M 'Mat Collishaw: Last Meal on Death Row Other Criteria London', The Independent, 25 September

'Mat Collishaw', Hunger, summer

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Collishaw, M., and Guiness, D., 'Madam Butterfly', Harper's Bazaar, May

Collishaw, M., 'Six of the best', The Times, 14 April Higgins, M., 'The Young British Artists: a spotty history',

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Cripps, C., 'Cultural Life - Mat Collishaw', The Independent, 20 January

2011 Milner, C., 'Movers & Shakers', The London Magazine, October Field, M., 'Endless Renovation, Tate Britain, London, Sordid Earth, Roundhouse, London', The Independent, 28 August

'Mat Collishaw Brings Ron Arad's Installation to Life at the Roundhouse in London', Art Daily, 9 August

Higgins, R., 'A Life in the Day', The Sunday Times Magazine, 7 August 'Last Meals', Wired, August

Ure, J., 'Full Circle', Financial Times, 29 July

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'Creation Condemned review', ARTnews Magazine, March Robecchi, M., 'Mat Collishaw', Flash Art International, March, p. 125

2010 Sharp, R., 'Mat Collishaw, an artist in full flight', The Independent, December

Jones, L. K., 'Morbid Beauty', Artnet Magazine Online, October 'The Artful Dodgers', ES Magazine, October 'What it feels like to be the son of a YBA', Sunday Times, October

2009 'Mat Collishaw', Art of England, September Pill, S., 'It's worth this Freudian Trip', Metro, October Lewis, B., 'Looking for Life after Hirst', Prospect, May Pancotto, P. P., 'Collishaw, immagini in scatola', L'Unita, April Alampi A., 'Mat Collishaw, Nebulaphobia', Espoarte, April

2008 Basciano O., 'All Shock Up (interview)', Wonderland Magazine Wainwright, J., 'Mat Collishaw: Shooting Stars', ArtReview, September Lack, J., 'Artist of the Week', Guardian Online, July Hubbard, S., 'The Dark Basements of The Mind', Independent, July Johnson, K., 'Deliverance', The New York Times, July Guner, F., 'Mat Collishaw: Shooting Stars', The Metro, July Lack, J., 'Appetite for Corruption (interview)', Dazed & Confused, July Harris, P., 'Deliverance', Artvehicle, April Campbell-Johnston, R., 'A shock jock's deliverance',

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'Mat Collishaw', Art Forum, April Benedictus, L., 'Photography (interview)', Guardian Arts, April 2007 Sooke, A., 'Red herrings fail to make a splash in the rain at Sudeley castle', The Telegraph, July

Haden-Guest, A., 'Altered Stately', Financial Times, July 'A Kingdom of the unexpected', Financial Times, July, pp. 8-12 Kennaway, G., 'Darkstar', The Sunday Telegraph, July 2005 Mansfield, S., 'Beauty and the bleak', The Scotsman, Saturday 15

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2003 Herbert, M., 'Review', Time Out London, December 10-17, p. 55

2002 Leris, S., 'The Crying Game', Art Review, Dec / Jan

2001 Borschke, M., 'Standing in the Shadows', The Times, February 28 'Art Listings', Time Out, Feb 28-March 17 'In Vogue', Vogue, March, p. 67

1999 Chapman, J., 'Mirror Images', Yorkshire Post, June 4, p. 13 Thompson, E., 'Singularly beautiful', Vogue, May, pp. 200–203 Gleadell, C., 'The Shape of Things to Come', Art Monthly, May, no. 226, p. 45

'Underneath the paving stones ...', Art Monthly, May, no. 226, p. 20 'Made in London', The Royal Academy Magazine, spring, no. 62,

'Making a spectacle of oneself', Make, March, no. 83, p. 35 1998 Wright, K., 'Modern Painters', Gallery, winter, Volume 11, p. 90

'Ideal Boys / Matt Collishaw', Citizen K International, autumn 1998, pp. 56–61 Barret, D., 'Animation', Frieze, issue 42, Sept/Oct., p. 88-89

Druckery, T., 'Welcome to Netopolis', Exposed, Jan-April, pp. 8-11 Hall, J., 'Mat Collishaw, Lisson Gallery', Artforum, January, pp. 111–112 Bishop, C., 'Mat Collishaw, Lisson Gallery', Flash Art, Jan / Feb, p. 119 1997 Cotter, S., 'A bit of fur, a bit of red and a bit of gold', Untitled,

winter, no. 14 Slice, J., 'Mat Collishaw, Lisson Gallery', What's on in London, December 10

Cotton, M., 'Duty Free Spirits', Roar, December 5 Cork, R., 'If you go down to the woods today', The Times, December 2 Hubard, S., 'Mat Collishaw', Time Out, London, December 3 Feaver, W., 'Ono it's that woman again', The Observer, December 7 Searle, A., 'Babes in the Woods', The Guardian, 25 November,

Sumpter, H., 'Beauty and the Beast', The Big Issue, London,

November 17, p.33

Morrissey, S., 'Interrogating Beauty', Contemporary Visual Arts, Issue 16, pp. 26-33

Freedman, K., 'Mat Collishaw - Karsten Schubert Gallery', Frieze, Issue 37, p. 79

'Artist of the Month, Mat Collishaw', Tatler, London, November Santacatterina, S., 'Mat Collishaw / Ideal Boys, The Pleasure of Loss', Portfolio, no. 25, July

1996 Herbert, M., 'The Mechanics of Seduction', Dazed and Confused, Issue 23

Lillington, D., Metropolism, January

Morgan, S., 'Forbidden Images', Frieze Magazine, Jan / Feb, Issue 26 Schubert, K., 'Mat Collishaw, Camden Arts Centre', Artforum, April 1996

1995 Searle, A., 'Mat Collishaw, Karsten Schubert', Time Out, December 13-20, p. 57

Mac Ritchie, L., 'Begging for Scraps', The Guardian, December 12,

Drake, N., 'Mat Collishaw, Karsten Schubert', ES Magazine, December. 12, p. 50 'Gekroond tot Burger King', Hans den Hartog Jager, NRC

Handelsblad, Sep. 22 Morais, R., 'Collectors: Pickled Sheep and Bullet Holes',

Forbes Magazine, Feb, pp. 200-1 Bovier, L., 7 & Cherix, C., 'L'Action en Painture', Documents,

Spring Issue no. 7, Technikart, March / April, no. 17 Feaver, W., 'Strange Habits and Sharper Practice', The Observer,

April 23 Currah, M., 'Deeper Freeze', Time Out, April 26-May 3, no. 1288 Morgan, S., 'Stuart Morgan visits The Institute of Cultural Anxiety', Frieze, no. 21

Patrizio, A., 'Mat Collishaw', Galleries, December

1994 'Mat Collishaw', Flash Art, edition Italienne, February 'Domestic Violence', Flash Art International, October, p. 56 'Nature Morte', The New Yorker, Art Galleries Downtown, Dec. 26-Jan. 2, p. 30

1993 Bonami, F., 'Mat Collishaw', Flash Art, Jan / Feb, p. 90 Schwabsky, B., 'Mat Collishaw', p. 99

Grefe, C., 'Rueckkehr der Triebe?', Suddeutsche Zeitung Magazin, no. 10 Jaunin, F., 'Images de l'horreur ordinaire', Magazine Voir, no. 96 Tauvel, Dorsatz, H., 'Mat Collishaw', Art Press, no. 179 April, p. 86 Weil, B., 'Displace,' Flash Art, October

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Romano, G., 'Une nouvelle generation?', Opus, May, no. 130, p. 50 Hall, C., 'Exhibit A', Arts Review, June

1991 Lioyd-Jacobs, C., 'Mat Collishaw', Artscribe, March/April, no. 86, p. 64 Tamashige, S., 'Mat Collishaw', Nikkei Art, March, p. 156 Stallabrass, J., 'Mat Collishaw', Art Monthly, no. 143, pp. 17-18 Santacaterina, S., 'Mat Collishaw at the Riverside Studios', Tema Celeste, Jan / Feb

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1990 Hiltons, T., 'Mat Collishaw, Critics Choice', The Guardian,

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## PUBLIC COLLECTIONS

British Council Collection, UK Centre Georges Pompidou, Paris, FR Galleria Civica D'Arte Moderna e Contemporanea, Torino, IT Museum of Contemporary Art, San Diego, US Museum of Old and New Art, New South Wales, AU Olbricht Collection, Berlin, DE Tate, London, UK The David Roberts Art Foundation, London, UK The Zabludowicz Collection, London, UK

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V&A Event-Mat Collishaw: Magic Lantern, The Dome; V&A Museum;

25 November 2010

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